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# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

VOL. XXII NO. 34 BOMBAY FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1934 TWELVE PAGES

# FREE TRANSMISSION OF VICEROY'S 'QUAKE FUND

## GOVERNMENT DECISION

### Will Same Facilities Be Extended To Rajen Babu's Funds?

### M. L. A. RAISES ISSUE

### Das Gives Notice For Extending Same Status To Other Parties

(From Our Special Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Feb. 8.

There was much comment in the lobby circles to-day on the report that the Government of India are giving free transmission by money order to people who contribute to the Viceroy's Fund.

While the announcement is welcomed by Assembly members as a real act of imagination it is said by others that the same privilege should be extended to the National Fund of Rajen Babu and to other funds of equal status.

Otherwise Government action would be interpreted by people as aiming at giving the Viceroy's Fund additional prestige and create unnecessary rivalry.

## THREE PAPERS FUND REACHES Rs. 1,05,000 ON THURSDAY

the Three Papers Fund had reached the total of

**Rs. 1,05,000**

One or two members discussed the desirability of asking a short notice question on the subject.

## COMMISSION FREE

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8.

The Government of India have decided with immediate effect to instruct all Post Offices, in India not to charge money order commission on remittances made to the Viceroy's Earthquake Fund.—A. P.

## NOTICE OF QUESTION

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8.

Mr. B. Das, Chief Whip of the Democratic Party in the Assembly has given notice of the following short-notice question:—

Is it a fact that the Government of India have decided to give up commission on money orders sent to the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund?

If the reply be in the affirmative, will Government consider the advisability of extending the same concession to Babu Rajendra Prasad's Fund and to such other funds as require similar encouragement?—A. P.

## SIR SIKANDAR TO ACT AS GOVERNOR

NEW DELHI, February 8.

The Secretary of State for India in Council has granted leave to His Excellency Sir Herbert Emerson, Governor of the Punjab, for a period not exceeding four months with effect from February 15.

The King Emperor has been pleased to approve of the appointment of Khan Bahadur Captain Sardar Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan to act as Governor of the Punjab during Sir Herbert Emerson's absence.—A.P.

# LONDON RESPONDS TO MAYOR'S BIHAR APPEAL

Gandhiji addressing a huge gathering at Panthalam in Travancore during his recent Harijan Tour.

Part of the Harijan Conference which was addressed by Gandhiji at Panthalam in Travancore State.

## DESERVING CAUSE

### Hoare Relates Story Of Quake Disaster In Bihar

### TRIBUTE TO SERVICES

**Praises Government Relief Efforts, But Has Not a Word For Non-official Record.**

LONDON, Feb. 8.

The sympathy of citizens of London for fellow subjects stricken by earthquake in India was strikingly demonstrated at a meeting inaugurated for the Lord Mayor's Relief Fund held in the historic Egyptian Hall at the Mansion House.

Speakers who included Sir Samuel Hoare, Lord Reading, Sir Bhupen Mitra, Lord Lloyd, Sir Henry Wheeler, and dwelt on the widespread extent of the distress and the fact that the peasantry affected were entirely without any reserve resources, were followed by a large audience who received with acclamation the Lord Mayor's announcement that subscriptions on the inaugural day included:

2,000 guineas from the City Corporation.

1,000 sterling from the Bank of England.

525 each from the Imperial Chemical Industries and the Fishmonger's Company.

500 each from the National Provincial, Midland, Westminster, Barclay's Banks, Cloth workers Company.

250 from the Drapers Company.

The Lord Mayor expressing appreciation of the splendid response to his broadcast appeal said amounts large and small coming in by thousands, are all typical of the sympathy aroused in the great-hearted people.

DESERVING CAUSE.

Sir Samuel Hoare pointing out that the appeal was being issued on behalf of the people of India in their hour of adversity referred the Lord Mayor's broadcast, which he believed, was one of the most successful in the history of the wireless.

He mentioned that in response to it, he has just received a postal order for 26 sent by a widow whose only son was killed in the war and who was receiving a pension of 19 shillings weekly.

He was sure that others would not fail similarly to respond to the deserving cause.

TRIBUTE TO SERVICES.

Sir Samuel emphasised the terrible extent of the disaster in Bihar and the seriousness of the after-effects. He pointed out that the face of the country had been entirely changed, staple industry destroyed, fertility of the soil affected, and water supply and irrigation disrupted.

He said a great calamity of this kind with all its disastrous effects always had the good result of bringing together every class and community. As far as India is concerned, there has been a remarkable example of co-operation of all classes.

He mentioned in this connection

(Continued on page 8)

## "CHRONICLE-SENTINEL"

**Special Earthquake Number**

***TO BE PUBLISHED SHORTLY***

***Price As. 4.***

## BATTLE ROYAL BETWEEN VAKILS & BARRISTERS

### Puri Regales M. L. As With Story Of Tonsorial Operation

### ASSEMBLY VOTES FOR KHADI BILL

(From Our Special Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Feb. 8.

**With such a poor attendance did the Assembly sit to-day that there was fear that it might be adjourned for want of quorum.**

**However, discussion in the afternoon became so heated between vakils and barristers regarding their relative merits that the House was quite full. The real achievement of the day was the passage with unanimous approval of Mr. Gayaprasad Singh's Bill creating khaddar as a distinctive trade mark, so that mill-made cloth may not pass as khaddar and deceive the public.**

**But unfortunately, the application of the Bill is left to Local Governments who may never take action, and the law may remain a dead letter.**

The House concentrated on Amarnath Dutt's motion to remove the remaining privileges of barristers. The fight appeared to change from one basis to another. If it was merit both barristers and vakils had produced eminent men. If it was promotion, high courts, chief justiceship and the original side of Bombay and Calcutta high courts were open to all.

WIG AND GOWN CONTROVERSY

As to whether barristers should wear wig and gowns and claim distinction was the point at issue. This gave occasion to some vakil members to ridicule tests like attendance at dinners which were applied in London, and it gave equally a chance to Bhagatram Puri to declare that the barrister would remain a barrister because he dressed smartly, looked clean and was "more practical."

INTERESTING EPISODE.

An instance of the last he gave was most interesting. Once a vakil opposed him, and as Mr. Puri had been engaged at short notice and had had not time to study the case, he wanted his vakil opponent to show him his notes. The vakil refused.

However, in the course of his conversation, the vakil happened to say that the English judge was short-tempered, whereupon Mr. Puri told him that English judges did not like people coming in dirty clothes without a shave for three days.

The vakil felt intrigued and wished to get shaved. Mr. Puri offered help, and when the vakil had been shaved half, Mr. Puri stopped and wanted the vakil's notes.

The House laughed Mr. Puri commented "that shows that the barrister is practical."

However, the sympathy of the House was with vakils, just because political sentiment is against putting premium on British degrees and British wigs and gowns. Government realizing this, agreed to the circulation of the Bill.

There was a thin attendance when the Assembly met to-day to discuss private legislation.

Mr. C.M. Trivedi and Mr. Hardy (Officials) were sworn in as new members.

Mr. Gaya Prasad Singh moved the consideration of the Select Committee's report on the Khaddar Protection Bill. He said that the Bill represented a compromise between the Government and non-official members and being an innocuous and non-controversial measure, it should be passed unanimously.

He assured the House that politics did not enter into the consideration of the measure, but he wished to see that the mill-made cloth was not passed on to unsuspecting buyers as Khadi.

The Bill, as amended, left it to the Local Governments to bring it into force at the discretion, and was applicable only to the cotton cloth.

Mr. Jadhav supported the motion.

KHADI BILL PASSED.

Mr. B. Das, Mr. Ranga Iyer and Mr. Navalrai also supported the motion and the Bill was finally passed. Mr. Gayaprasad Singh was the only member who spoke during the third reading when he thanked the Government for al-

(Continued on Page 8).

## CABINET OF EX-PREMIERS

### Doumergue May Form National Union Government

PARIS, Feb. 8.

All is apparently peaceful this morning, the late arrival of the first postal delivery being the only indication of life being not normal.

M. Doumergue arrived at the Gare Du Quai d'Orsay at 9-15 a.m. to form the new Government and was enthusiastically greeted by a huge crowd.

He left immediately for Elysee to see President Lebrun.

The special police measures were lifted at 1-45 this morning.

Last night's riots were less serious than those on Tuesday. They, nevertheless, were marked by several scenes of bloodshed, where in according to "Le Matin," three were killed, many were wounded and numerous arrests were made.

LIKE A POPULAR MONARCH.

M. Doumergue was welcomed like a popular monarch. He smiled and saluted the huge cheering crowds lining 'en route' from station.

Crowds were held back Quai d'Orsay Station by an imposing line of helmeted cavalry.

M. Doumergue was escorted to Elysee, where he conferred half an hour with Lebrun before starting political conversations with a view to Cabinet-makink.

The sitting of the Chamber this morning lasted for two minutes, only ten Deputies being present. The Chamber adjourned till the Cabinet formed.

LOUMERGUE'S TASK.

Despite the seeming insuperable snags, M. Doumergue will attempt his utmost to manoeuvre factions in the Chamber so as to avoid dissolution.

The National Union Government, which M. Doumergue has in mind as the culmination of the pitiful succession of party government failures, will vnd it difficult to avoid the taint of Radical Socialists or Socialts now thoroughly discredited in the eyes of electors. Both parties will behave for the time for fear of the alternative of Fascist Tardian o alternative of Fascist Tardian or dictatorship by M. Chiappe backed by Royalists.

The solution to many minds lies in the reform of the Civil Service, being adequately paid and free of political bias.

If any man can save the Third Republic he is M. Gaston Doumergue, familiarly knokn as Papa Gastounet. He is the soo of a small Province farmer, is perhaps the best loved man in the country.

He married after his term of prisidency the settled down remoe from politics.

LACK OF COHESION.

Most influential parties of France apart from Socialists have promised support to M. Doumergue, at least as far as leaders are concerned, and although the Cabinet may consist of entirely of former Premiers, the lack real cohesion and party discipline is likely to render its foundation as Slender as the preceding ones.

POST OFFICE GUARDED.

Newspapers generally approve Mr. Daladier's decision to resign, which the "Petit Parisian" describes as an act of elementary honesty.

The Central Post Office is still occupied by troops as a precautionary measure. Municipal empees are speedily clearing up the wreckage from bouleyards.—Reuter.

## And Thus The Caravan Marches

### Sardar Sardul Singh Gives Amusing Caricature

### BOMBAY CONFERENCE BOUND TO FAIL

LAHORE, February 8.

An amusing caricature of his "Liberal friends" is drawn by Sardar Sardul Singh in the course of his reply to an inquiry from Bombay whether he could attend the All-Parties Conference.

The Sardar writes:—

**"A clever man rode an animal, which being hungry, would not move forward. The rider took a carrot, tied it with a rope to the end of a stick and dangled it before the animal's nose. The animal greedily moved forward to catch the carrot, but the carrot was always a step ahead of the animal, which was ever hungry and moving."**

Sardar Sardul Singh explaining himself adds: "Certain clever people have dangled before our Liberal friends the idea of what is popularly known as Dominion Status. They greedily run after it, but they can never catch it with their present methods. So long as the present rider sits on their back, no efforts of theirs would take them to the goal, whether it is Dominion Status or anything higher or lower."

DO THEY MEAN BUSINESS?

Sardar Sardul Singh considers that there could be no harm, if Congressmen attend the All-Parties Conference, provided it is convened to transact real business.

He says:—"One can easily understand the reason for tabooing all discussion on the Communal Award from the Conference, but to decide that the Conference will not also discuss what actions Indians should take if its decisions are not given effect to by Parliament, is to doom the Conference to certain failure."

The Sardar declares:—"Friends want to shut up discussion about measures to be adopted when the National demands are not given effect to. They don't want co-operation, but want to dictate their personal decisions even before the Conference has met. Under such circumstances the Conference is bound to end abortively."—A.P.

## FRANCE STOPS GOLD FLIGHT

*(See Page 10)*

## HELP BEHAR

### Frontier Gandhi's Appeal To Followers

Khan Abdul Ghaffur Khan known as "Frontier Gandhi" at present confined in Hazaribagh Jail in Bihar in a message to his followers is understood to have asked them to suspend all political activities and render every possible assistance to Bihar earthquake sufferers by contributing liberally to relief funds.—AP.

# TABULATED ADLETS

## 1 Anna Per Word

## Minimum Re. 1.

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted—Accountants,** Accounts and Correspondence Clerks, Cashiers for Bank Services. Apply stating salary with Ans. 1-1|4 for terms. Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (1954).

**Wanted:—A Hindu Accountant** and Manager for the Hindu Merchants Club, Chowpatty, Bombay, Daily hours of duty from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m. and 2 p.m. to 9 p.m. Salary Rs. 70 per month. Preference will be given to a retired or a pensioner. Apply with testimonials to the Hon. Secretaries. (1956.)

**Wanted a compounder,** apply Dr. Jethalal Vanmalidas Vora at 95 Bhuleshwar, Kabutarkhana, (1962)

**Wanted.—An Hon Assistant Ophthalmic Surgeon** for the Haji Bachoo Ali Free Ophthalmic Hospital, Parel. Medical Practitioners with special qualifications in the eye diseases and previous experience should apply with testimonials to the Dean, College of Ophthalmology, Parel, Bombay 12, before 15th instant. Preference will be given to local diploma holders. (1960.)

### 70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

**For Sale, Five Pacca Buildings** in Dhamtari, Raipur, District C. P. Four in the interior and one on main Sadar Road. Apply for particulars to: J. A. Kridatt, Dhamtari, C. P. (1959).

### 56. EDUCATIONAL.

**Batliboi's Accountancy Training** Institute: Fresh Classes in various Commercial subjects, specially for F C R A., F A A., F I S A., F C C S., L C C., and I M C Examinations, and for Pitman's Shorthand, have just started work. Enrol immediately to get utmost benefit of our tuition service. Postal Tuition service also available. For Free Prospectus apply at Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, (1939).

### 58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

**Palmistry—Full life-study against** palm-prints (taken with printers' ink or lamp-black & oil)—birth-data and Rs. 1|4 M.O. Accuracy guaranteed. "Mercury", Tirupati. (1933).

### 73. AGENTS WANTED.

**Wanted Agents to sell all kinds** of Leather in different districts for particulars, apply: The Ahmedabad Tanning & Mfg. Co., Ltd., Gomtipur, Ahmedabad. (1946)

**Wanted a few more influential** agents for selling our teas in unrepresented areas. Salary Rs. 250|- plus 20 per cent. commission. Apply:—Anglo-Burma Tea Company, Post Box 6, Madras. (1947)

### 156. MISCELLANEOUS.

**Mirror of the Fate—The Secrets:** Past, Present, Future Hopes, Business, Love, Health, Magic is told satisfactorily. S.D. Rawal, Excelsior Hotel, opp. Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, Carnac Rd., Bombay 2. (1964)

### 74. AGENCIES WANTED

**Applications are invited from** persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O Box No. 322, Bombay.

### 76. TRADE FORECASTS.

**Cotton Forecast—Those with Capital** wanting monthly permanent income Rs. 1,000. Apply Varr Bombay 8. (1961.)

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified

## Legal Notices

### NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the business of Messrs. S. MORTON & CO., hitherto carried on in partnership between our client DAHYABHAI P. PATEL and DAVE HARILAL JAYSHANKAR at 36A, Irani Building, Churni Road Junction, Bombay No 7, as Manufacturers and Exporters of Indian Table Butter and Pure Ghee has been by Mutual consent dissolved from the 1st day of January, 1934, and the said Dave Harilal Jayshankar has no interest whatsoever in the said Business and Goodwill, Furniture, Stock in Trade, Assets and liabilities of Messrs. S. Morton & Co., which is now being carried on by our client Dahyabhai P. Patel as the Sole Proprietor thereof.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1934.

SHASTRI & CO.,
Attorneys for Dahyabhai P. Patel.
7942.

## Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

PUBLIC NOTICE

"HOLI" FESTIVAL.

AS IT IS NECESSARY for the Safety of Public Traffic that a check should be exercised on the excavations made on Public Thoroughfares, in connection with the "HOLI" Festival, the Public are hereby warned that no Holes should be dug in any Street without the written permission of the undersigned, as provided in Section 322 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act.

Digging of holes in such of the Streets as are traversed by tramways or treated with sheet asphalt or paved with stones, shall not be allowed: but, subject to certain conditions, permission for digging Holes in Water-bound Roads and Roads Surface dressed with bitumen, tar macadam, etc., will be granted for a period not exceeding six days (i.e. for the full moon day and the following five days) free of charge or on payment of a small deposit, as the case may be, to cover the cost of reinstatement of the surface-dressed roads, on application to the City Engineer not later than 21st February, 1934.

H. K. KIRPALANI.
Municipal Commissioner
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 1st February, 1934.
7939

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

### NOTICE

TENDERS for the supply of HAY, for one year, commencing from 1-3-1934, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, on 16th February, 1934.

Tender I—For HAY for MUNICIPAL BULLOCKS and other animals to be supplied in Bombay:

Tender II—For HAY FOR CATTLE, SHEEP and GOATS at the Municipal Slaughter House at Bandra.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be given to anyone on payment of Rupee One, by the Undersigned who will give any further particulars required by the tenderer.

The tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed "TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF HAY TO THE MUNICIPAL CATTLE," addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B. T.) on 16-2-1934.

Only hand-pressed bundles of Hay of the crops of the years 1932 and 1933 will be accepted.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
J. S. NERURKER,
Executive Health Officer,
Public Health Department,
Bombay, dated 8-2-1934.
7940

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888.
MODIFIED UPTO 26TH SEPTEMBER 1933.

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905, that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held on the 12th day of March 1934, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the public street known as WARDEN ROAD, NEAR THE SCANDAL POINT, ON LADY SAKLATWALA'S PROPERTY, OPPOSITE BOMANJI PETIT ROAD.

A plan of this street showing the existing regular line of the street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal, may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.

Dated this 5th day of February 1934.

H. K. KIRPALANI,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
7941.

## Legal Notices

**HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY**
INSOLVENCY No. 486 of 1933.

Re: ANANDRAO NARAYEN ZAVERI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Thakurdwar Road, Formerly a Pearl and Jewellery Merchant and now Unemployed .... An Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 20th March 1934 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1934.

K. A. BHOJWANI.
Insolvency Registrar.
7943

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

I. O. No 3 of 1934.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913
and
In the matter of the JAMNADAS NURSEY GINNING and PRESSING COMPANY, LIMITED
Mesesrs. VISANJI SONS & CO., a firm and others. ... Petitioners.

SHAREHOLDERS of the Jamnadas Nursey Ginning and Pressing Co. Ltd., are hereby informed that a MEETING of the shareholders of the said Company will be held under the Chairmanship of the Court Liquidator as the Provisional Liquidator of the said Company at his Office at Jehangir Building, 133, Esplanade Road, on the 27th day of February, 1934, at 12-30 p.m. for considering the Scheme of Arrangement annexed to the Petitioner's Petition.

The shareholders can vote at the said Meeting by being present in person or by proxy in favour of any other shareholder. A proxy must be stamped with a revenue stamp of annas two and the shareholders signature thereto must be attested by either a Solicitor or a Magistrate or any other Judicial Officer of a British Indian Court or of a Court in a Native State. All proxies must be lodged at the office of the undersigned by 2 p.m. on the 24th day of February, 1934.

For further particulars application should be made to Messrs. MADHAVJI & CO. Solicitors, Attorneys for the Petitioning Creditors at Examiner Press Building, 33 Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1934.

H. H. WADIA,
Provisional Liquidator.
7936

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

I. C. NO. 3 of 1934.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913
and
In the matter of the JAMNADAS NURSEY GINNING & PRESSING COMPANY, LIMITED
Messrs. VISANJI SONS & CO., a firm and others. ... Petitioners.

CREDITORS of the Jamnadas Nursey Ginning and Pressing Company, Limited, are hereby informed that a MEETING of the Creditors of the said Company will be held under the Chairmanship of the Court Liquidator as the Provisional Liquidator of the said Company at his Office at Jehangir Building, 133, Esplanade Road, on the 24th day of February, 1934, at 12-30 p.m. for considering the Scheme of Arrangement annexed to the Petitioners' Petition.

The Creditors can vote at the said Meeting by being present in person or by proxy in favour of any other creditor. A proxy must be stamped with a revenue stamp of annas two and the creditors' signature thereto must be attested by either a Solicitor or a Magistrate or any other Judicial Officer of a British Indian Court or of a Court in a Native State. All proxies must be lodged at the Office of the undersigned by 2-30 p.m. on THURSDAY, the 22nd day of February, 1934.

For further particulars application should be made to Messrs. Madhavji and Co. Solicitors, Attorneys for the Petitioning Creditors at Examiner Press Building, 33, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1934.

H. H. WADIA,
Provisional Liquidator.
7935

## AUCTION SALES

**SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.**
AUCTIONEERS.
123, Meadows Street, Fort.
BOMBAY.

Sale by the undersigned of valuable immovable property at Topiwalla Lane, Girgaum Back Road, (Opp. Khotachi Wadi) on THURSDAY, the 15th February, 1934, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises under instructions from Messrs. Solomon & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee Mr. Keshav Appa Padhye and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Mr. Shripad Krishna Chatre and Mr. Vinayak Vishvanath Chatre and in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage dated 7th October 1927.

All that piece of Government Pension and Tax Land admeasuring about 298 sq. yds. together with a dwelling house standing thereon situate at Girgaum Back Road bearing Old Collector's Nos. 512, 512, 513, 514, New No. B/2517 Old Survey No. 8, New Survey No. 7404 and Municipal D Ward No. 1630 (1), 1630 (2) and Street Nos. 8 and 8A 226 (C) 226 (D) and Cadastral Survey No. 602 of Girgaum Division, and which said premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the Mortgagors.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Solomon & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee Daud Nansey Building, Military Square Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

**BENNETT & Co.**
120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PAREL ROAD, BHENDI BAZAR, OPPOSITE NAWAB MASJID AND KNOWN AS "VAZIR MANSION."

The Sale of the above property advertised to take place to-day has been postponed to Friday, the 16th instant.

BENNETT & CO.


INDIAN DANCES AND MUSIC
BY
**AUZURIE**
And
**RASHID & ROSHANARA**
First time on Bombay Stage.
Songs by Master Buden.
Programme of attractive dances like Vasanta Vilasa, (Spring Dance), Devadasi (Temple Dancer), Kathiawar Marwari Dance, Radha's Ras-Nruttya, Gandharva-Apsara Dance, Shikari Dance, etc.
Sat. Feb. 10, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. Feb. 11, 6-30 p.m.
PRICES Rs. 5-12, 4-8, 3-6, 2-4, 1-2 and 9 As.
Seats Reserved at
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

**THE CARLTON**
6-30 & 10 P. M.
Life itself wrote this story. Genius brings it living to the Screen!
**"Hello, Sister"**
WITH
JAMES DUNN
ZASU PITTS
MINNA GOMBELL
BOOTS MALLORY
REDUCED RATES:—
Rs. 2/4; Rs. 1/2; annas 12; 7 and 4
FROM TO-MORROW
Daily 3 shows at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
The Picture our Patrons have specially demanded to see:
**"Balaclava"**
The immortal "Charge of the Light Brigade"!
IMPORTANT!
Local Schools and Colleges will be given the benefit of SPECIAL CONCESSION RATES in any show throughout the next week. Principals are requested to book the seats in advance.

**H. O. H. APPEAL FUND CHARITY SHOW**
on THURSDAY, 15th FEB. at 6-30 P.M.
Under the Kind Patronage and distinguished presence of
H. E. LADY BRABOURNE
Watch for the special selected picture programme
THE CARLTON
Rates of admission:
Rs. 3, Rs. 2, Re. 1, and annas 7.

The Most Popular Story of the Day
COMES ON THE SCREEN
JAYANT PICTURES
MUSICAL HINDI TALKIE
**Veena-Veli**
or
SHAHI LAKKADHARA
Featuring
MISS JOHRA,
MISS TARA,
MARUTI,
KASHINATH.
! ! ! !
Powerful Scenario By
Mr. MOHANLAL DAVE
from the
Shreepal Raja's Rasa
HEART-RENDING MUSIC
SPICY DIALOGUES
GORGEOUS SETTINGS
Who knows the destiny of Fate—? God has deprived us of the Faculty of peeping into our Future
See it well unfolded
at the
**MINERVA TALKIES**
LAMINGTON ROAD.
from
SATURDAY, the 10th Feb. 1934
Special arrangement for Families

**N. Y. K. LINE**
BOMBAY JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

| Steamers | Tons | Arrive | Leave |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Tango Maru | 6893 | 29 Jan. | 10 Feb. |
| Mayebashi Maru | 7005 | 17 Feb | 27 Feb. |
| Hakodate Maru | 5303 | 25 Feb. | 7 March. |
| †Ginyo Maru | 6613 | 24 Feb | 10 Mar |

*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

| Steamers | Tons | Leave Colombo |
|---|---|---|
| Suwa Maru | 10700 | 20 Feb. |
| Fushimi Maru | 11000 | 6 Mar. |
| Hakozaki Maru | 10500 | 19 Mar |

COLOMBO MARSEILLES-LONDON

| Steamers | Tons | Leave Colombo |
|---|---|---|
| Haruna Maru | 10500 | 14 Feb. |
| Katori Maru | 10000 | 1 Mar. |

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

| Steamers | Tons | Leave Hongkong |
|---|---|---|
| Asama Maru | 17000 | 7 Mar. |
| Taiyo Maru | 14500 | 21 Mar. |

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

| Steamers | Tons | Leave Kobe |
|---|---|---|
| Heian Maru | 11600 | 10 Mar. |
| Hikawa Maru | 11600 | 24 Mar. |

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 20279:
Telegrams: "YUSEN"


## SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

February 8th.
President Adams, Bones, New York.
Maur, Jensen, Bangkok.
Vita, Denn, Karachi.
India, Enestino, Genoa.
Ranenfels, Henan, Hamburg.

DEPARTURES.

February 9th.
Pundit, Tottle, Rangoon.
Haideri, Gill, Calcutta.
Temple Mart, Harrison, Marseilles and Hull via Port Said (for order).

LOADING.

February 8.
Steamer Varsova for Busrah.
Steamer Corfu for London.
Steamer Urbine for Hull.
Steamer City of Johannesburg for Calcutta.
Steamer Kidderpore for Kobe.

S.S. President Adams:—The F F Campbell Coy's steamer President Adams, arrived in harbour on Thursday from New York with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Maur:—The F F Campbell Coy's steamer Maur, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Bangkok, with a cargo of teak wood.

S.S. Vita:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Vita, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Karachi with a general cargo and 572 passengers.

S.S. India:—The M Italiana steamer India, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Genoa, with a general cargo.

S.S. Pundit:—The T M Coy's steamer Pundit, will sail to-day for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

S.S. Haideri:—The T M Coy's steamer Haideri, will sail to-day for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S.S. Temple Moat:—The Messrs Leus Drefuse Coy's steamer Temple Moat, will sail to-day for Marseilles and Hull via Port Said (for order), with a general cargo.

S.S. Ranenfels:—The L Edwards, Ltd., steamer Ranenfels arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg, with a general cargo.

## VILLAGE HOSPITALS

### New Scheme At Work In Baroda

(From Our Correspondent)
BARODA, Feb. 5.

A movement is afoot in the State to start village hospitals. Village sanitary associations have been formed to conduct the affairs of these hospitals. State-aid, Panchayat-grant and locally subscribed funds are the three sources suggested for starting such institutions. In Baroda State with a library in every village, panchayats in most of the villages, the addition of a village hospital is highly welcome. Side by side with these institutions, there are schools and co-operative societies. It is necessary, however, to see that the benefit of the village hospitals is obtained by all classes of people, especially the poor.

It is hoped that Sar Suba Mr. Manilal Nanavati, who is always keen in all matters of rural reconstruction, will consider this aspect of the question. The Medical Department of the State should co-operate so that the greatest good can be done to the greatest number through these village hospitals.

The problem of Thakrati people has now come in the forefront. At a recent conference in Baroda the people have demanded fixture of survey settlement and lessening of their hardships in other ways. It is stated that the Dewan has already appointed a committee to look into the matter. It may be observed here that it is necessary and expedient to expedite a decision in the case as early as possible.


GLAD NEWS TO BOMBAY SUBURBITES
INDIA'S FIRST MULTICOLOUR TALKIE
**"SAIRANDHREE"**
is on at
**KOHINOOR**
CINEMA, Dadar.
(Your Pet Theatre)
The musical extravaganza with the gorgeous background of Mahabharat Kal
Sairandhree needs no introduction
featuring
Miss LEELA,
Master VINAYAK,
MISS SHAKUNTALA
Mr. NIMBALKAR
Mr. MANE

...ly at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
DON'T FAIL TO SEE AND HEAR THIS MASTER PIECE


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# CITY & SUBURBS

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

Hindu:—Magh Vad 10, 1990.
Muslim:—Shavval 24, 1352.
Parsi:—Shehrevar 6, 1303.
Sunrise:—7h. 10m.
Sunset:—6h. 36m.
Hightide:—5.57, 20.38
Lowtide:—0.32, 13.03.

S. S. "Chitral" with English mails of January 25, due at 6 a.m.

Municipal By-election for "A" Ward, polling, University Convocation Hall, 8-10 a.m. to 7-10 p.m.

Bombay Art Society: Annual Exhibition, Town Hall, 9 a.m. to 7 p.m.

H. O. H. Fund Benefit Show at Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 p.m., Lady Brabourne attending.

SATURDAY, February 10.

Public Meeting to express sorrow at the death of the late Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar, Editor of "The Hindu," 6 p.m. (S.T.) Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall.

PRINCE OF WALES MUSEUM.—The Prince of Wales Museum will be open to the public on Monday, 12th February, from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

SHREE GOVARDHAN SAUNSTHA (Vile Parle Branch).—To-day, (Friday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in connection with Dasnavmi there will be a three hours' programme of music by Profs. Kulkarni and Joshi.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Superscribed mails for Singapore, and Japan per S. S. "Tango Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 10-30 a.m. on Saturday the 10th instant.

IN AID OF BIHAR RELIEF FUND.—Under the auspices of the Gandhi Seva Sena, "Bankimchandra" will be presented by the Gujarat Amateurs at Baliwalla Theatre, Grant Road, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Friday) Mr. Bhulabhai Desai will preside. Tickets will be had at the door. The rates of the tickets are: Rs. 7, Rs. 5, Rs. 3, Rs. 2, Rs. 1-8-0 and Re. 1.

YOUNG MUSLIM FEDERATION.—The Young Muslim Federation has arranged with the proprietor of Jabbar Hotel near Halai-Memon Library at Mahomed Ali Road to give all their income of to-day (Friday) for the Bihar sufferers.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The outward P. and O. mail steamer "Strathnaver" with the mails from London of the 1st instant arrived at Port Said at 5 a.m. on the 7th instant and left there at 10 a.m. the same day.

The mail steamer "Takliwa" with the English mails from Bombay of 3rd instant arrived at Aden at 2-0 p.m. on the 7th instant.

ITALIAN CONVERSION LOAN.—The Royal Italian Consul General in Bombay informs all those possessing Italian 5 per cent Consolidated Loan that the time for conversion of such loan will end on the 10th February 1934 and that any further particulars can be had at the Royal Italian Consulate General in Bombay and at the Royal Italian Consular Agency in Karachi.

UNEMPLOYMENT AND HOW TO SOLVE IT.

Under the auspices of the All-India Trade Union Congress, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at Chowpaty Sands at 6 p.m. when Messrs. Nimbkar, Khedgikar Charles, Kandalkar, Alwe, Sarang, Pathak and Miss Kara will speak on "Problem of unemployment and how to solve it." Mr. S. H. Jhabvala will preside.


The REGAL
The Theatre Magnificent
(AIR-CONDITIONED.)
To-day only at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
IRISH MUSICAL ROMANCE
PEG O'MY HEART
Starring
MARION DAVIES
Also A Laurel and Hardy Comedy
TO-MORROW
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
The Current London Sensation
"Every Woman's Man"
Starring
MAX BAER
JACK DEMPSEY
PRIMO CARNERA
Released by M.G.M. in Bombay
As
'Prize fighter & the Lady'
Phone: 22323 Book Early

The CAPITOL
Bombay's Leading Talkie House.
TO-DAY ONLY AT 6-30 & 10 p.m.
RADIO'S MUSICAL BURLESQUE
"DIPLOMANIACS"
With The "CUCKOOS" Boys
WHEELER & WOOLSEY
Also A Bridge Film By Ely Culbertson
TO-MORROW
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
The First Indian Talkie With
ENGLISH DIALOGUE
That Set All London Talking
"KARMA"
Starring The Beautiful
DEVIKA RANI
Seen By: Sir SAMUEL HOARE, Lord READING, Lord IRWIN and honoured
By A Command Performance By H. E. THE VICEROY OF INDIA.
Heavy Rush on Plans Book Now


## DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR: "Footlight Parade". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL: "Peg O' My Heart". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL: "Diplomaniacs". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON: "Hello, Sister". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE: "I'm No Angel". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON: "Private Life of Henry VIII". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END: "Kashmiera". Time as usual.
GLOBE: "Gafil-Musafir". Time as usual.
ROXY: "Cleaning Up". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA: "Parth Kumar". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
SUPER: "Merchant of Arabia". Time as usual.
IMPERIAL: "Radhamohan or Nand-ke-Lala". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PALACE: "Love Me To-Night". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA: "Yahoodi-ki-Larki". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC: "Sulochna or Temple Bells'. Time as usual.

## TO-DAY ON RADIO

7 a.m. Time Signal and Commercial Bulletin. 12 noon European music. 12-30 p.m. Indian music. 1 p.m. Market opening rates and close down. 6 p.m. Music from Pathe Cinema, 6-30 p.m. "Ramdas" a drama in Telugu. 7-30 p.m. Market Prices. (Interval). 8-15 p.m. Empire Relay. 9 p.m. News, weather and cotton rates. 9-30 p.m. Taj Mahal Hotel Orchestra. Close down 11 p.m.

## EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-30 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin.
7-45 p.m. Looking Backwards, a review of the past month.
8-15 p.m. Pianoforte recital by Walter Rehberg.
8-30 p.m. Time Signal from Greenwich. John MacArthur Quintet.
9-20 p.m. Charles Manning and his Orchestra.
9-40 p.m. Music and the Ordinary Listener, a talk by Sir Walford Davies.
10-00 p.m. Boys Together, translated from Les Grands Garcons.
10-30 p.m. News Bulletin.
10-45 p.m. B. B. C. Dance Orchestra.

## Congratulations To Devika Rani

Devika Rani, the star of "Karma", has received numerous telegrams from distinguished persons wishing success to the film on its release in Bombay at the "Capitol" to-morrow.

## 8 FRESH ARRESTS IN KASHMIR

SIALKOT, Feb. 8.

The Kashmir Darbar has issued the following communique:—

One man was arrested in Kankar Mohalla, and seven others at Bijbehra on February 7 for disobeying orders.

Otherwise all was quiet in Kashmir yesterday.—A.P.

## DOCUMENT'S ADMITTED

### Magistrate Overrules Velinker's Objection

### FURTHER HEARING OF PETITS' CASE

Mr. H. K. Colah, senior partner of Messrs Merwanji Colah and Co. continued his evidence on Thursday before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, at the resumed hearing of the case in which Mrs. Gulbai Petit, her daughter Mrs. Dinbai Petit and her son stand charged with fraudulent transfer of property with a view to defrauding the creditors and abetment, at the instance of the manager of the Bank of India.

ALREADY MORTGAGED?

The witness stated that on 12-10-28, an agent of the first accused visited him and handed him the copy of the agreement of sale by the third accused to Dr. Barucha of the one-fourth share of the Kansara Chawl belonging to the third accused. He was instructed by the agent to write to both Dr. Barucha and the Provident Investment Company on behalf of Bai Gulbai informing them that the property had already been mortgaged for Rs. 1,50,000.

Mr. Setalvad tendered the two letters written by the witness as exhibits. They were objected to by Mr. Velinker. Mr. Velinker wanted to know how the letters which were to be in the possession of Mr. F. E. Dinshaw and Dr. Barucha came to be with the Bank of India. Mr. Setalvad stated that he had got them from the respective persons.

DOCUMENTS ADMITTED.

The Magistrate overruled Mr. Velinker's objection and admitted the documents produced by Mr. Setalvad.

Mr. Setalvad tendered the reconveyance document as an exhibit which was objected to by Mr. Velinker.

Mr. Velinker wanted to know how the document, which was to be with Dr. Barucha, came into the Bank of India's possession. He opined that the best person who could tender it would be Dr. Barucha.

The Magistrate admitted the document subject to the prosecution calling Dr. Barucha as a witness.

Continuing the witness stated that he and the first accused went to Mr. F. E. Dinshaw's office with the intention of talking about the loan which was intended to pay off the third accused's creditors and the first accused's existing liabilities to the Central Bank of India. The First accused herself requested Mr. Dinshaw to raise the loan for her. Another exhibit a letter dated 8-11-29 written by the witness to Mr. Dinshaw in connection with the intended loan was put in as an exhibit. The reply of Mr. Dinshaw was also put in.

MOVE FOR RAISING LOAN.

On the 13th of the same month witness and the first accused went to Mr. F. E. Dinshaw to press him to lend sufficient amount. Mr. F. E Dinshaw agreed to give the loan at 7½ pc. per annum, provided the jewellery and the Sheik Memon Street property was of sufficient value according to his valuers. Another letter by Mr. F. E. Dinshaw to the witness mentioning the names of the valuers was tendered as an exhibit.

At this time the court rose for the day and further hearing was postponed to February 14.

## BENARES COLLECTS Rs. 40,000

### Second Bihar Relief Day Observed On Sunday

BENARES, Feb. 7.

On Sunday February 4, the 2nd Bihar Relief Day was celebrated in Benares in pursuance of Pandit Malaviyaji's appeal. A whole day programme was observed.

Persons assembled in Dasaswamedh Ghat at 8 a.m. for bathing. After bath prayers were offered, after which the persons present formed into small batches consisting of 10 persons and started in various direltions for house to house collections. This continued during the whole day till 7-30 p.m.

In the evening a small batch started from Chitranjan Park for that very purpose. Collections of the day amounted to nearly Rs 400, excluding clothes and foodstuffs, and collections made by various associations in Benares has reached to Rs. 40,000/ until now, excluding foodstuffs, cloths blankets and medicines.—United Press.

## OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

Mr. Aubrey Fletcher arrived at Government House on Thursday.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, accompanied by Lady Brabourne visited the Prince of Wales Seamen's Institute and the Indian Sailors Home.

# GOVT. NOMINATION TO SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

### Jamnadas Mehta Sees In Dr. Collaco's Bill Encroachment On Civic Freedom

Should the Bombay Municipal Corporation revert to the system of nominations by government? This thorny question was discussed by the House on Thursday, but the same was abruptly adjourned for want of time to some other date.

Another interesting item on which the Corporation took a keen interest was the budget of the Schools Committee which has been "axed" by the Standing Committee to Rs. 30 lakhs.

The debate remained unconcluded when the House rose for the day though a number of amendments were moved to restore the grant of Rs. 32 lacs or as far as Rs. 31 lacs.

The Corporation at first considered the report of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee regarding a Bill further to amend section 39 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act 1888 which Dr. J. A. Collaco, proposes to introduce in the Legislative Council.

It will be remembered that prior to the amendment of Section 39 of the Municipal Act by Bombay Act VIII of 1932, the Schools Committee consisted of 16 members elected by the Corporation, 12 of whom were Councillors and 4 Non-Councillors resident in the City. As a result of the passing of Bombay Act VIII of 1932 the Corporation's long-standing and unrestricted right of electing 12 suitable Councillors to the Schools Committee was taken away and they are now required instead to elect from amongst themselves to the 12 seats for Councillor members on the Committee not less than 4 Muhamadans, not less than 3 members of the Backward Classes and at least 1 member of the Depressed Classes and not exceeding 4 members from all the other communities in the Corporation such as Parsis, high class Hindus, Christians, Europeans, Jews, etc.

The introduction of this principle of communal representation on the Schools Committee being foreign both to the constitution of the Corporation and to their policy of electing their members according to their qualifications, experience, etc., on the different Committees and outside bodies has caused considerable irritation and resentment in the Corporation. With a view to doing away with this obnoxious principle of communal representation on the Schools Committee and to enabling any likely deficiency in the adequate representation of minority communities on the Committee being made good in another manner, Dr. J. A. Collaco has proposed to introduce in the next Session of the Legislative Council a Bill further to amend (Section 39 of) the City of Bombay Municipal Act, a copy of which has been received, for the expression of the Corporation's views thereon, with Government letter.

This Bill provides for the substitution of the Schools Committee as at present constituted by a Committee of 16 Members of whom 12 shall be Councillors elected by the Corporation and 4 Councillors nominated by Government without any reservation for any of the communities. It will thus be seen that the Bill not only does away with communal representation on the Committee but also with the election by the Corporation of Non-Councillor members and seeks to place the constitution of the Committee on the same footing as that of the Standing Committee and the Improvements Committee.

CONDITIONAL APPROVAL.

The committee as a compromise recommended that the Corporation should inform Government, that without prejudice to their objections to the principle of nominations by Government, they approve of the provisions of Dr. Collaco's Bill.

Mr. M. A. Karanjawala proposed and Mr. A. Soares seconded to approve and adopt the report and to inform the Government accordingly.

BLOW TO CIVIC FREEDOM.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta opposed the proposition and regretted that the influence of the Government was increasing on the Corporation year by year. The report was the latest example of that influence. He pointed out that the Bombay Municipal Corporation was the greatest living example of the successful working of joint electorate. Out of a 75 per cent. Hindu population in the city, hardly 50 per cent. of the councillors were Hindus, while others were a number of non-Hindus elected by the Hindu votes. Since the Nationalist Party came to the Corporation, they had condemned the system of nomination, and by their agitation, nominations had been done away on the Standing Committee, and Improvements Committee, and he was surprised that, a proposition was moved to request the Government to revive and perpetuate the system of nomination.

They all know, what kind of men came by nomination. They were those who would be present sets. Without nominations, they would not be in the house by in the house when questions of welcome to the Governors or Viceroys came, or when there were questions against the city's interests. He knew they would be somewhere outside the house, but not inside the Corporation Hall, at any rate (laughter). Mr. Jamnadas requested the house to throw out the proposition.

BUDGET DISCUSSION.

At this stage, the Mayor adjourned further discussion on this matter and resumed discussion on the budget estimates.

Mr. Jafferbhoy A. Lalji moved to adopt Rs. 21,39,891 under the head of Medical Relief and Education.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh moved to delete the estimates of Rs. 30,780 and Rs. 3,600 made for the conveyance allowance to 21 Honorary Lecturers and honorarium to two honorary lecturers at the G.S.M. College.

Mr. M. M. Desai seconded the amendment.

Dr. Deshmukh said government had discontinued the allowances to their honorary staff and the municipality could follow suit, as they had deficit budget. Besides, he said, these honorary doctors were well to do and a small amount of Rs. 150 per month would not hurt them.

BREACH OF CONTRACT.

The Municipal Commissioner pointed out that the honorary staff was appointed after previous advertisements in the press in which they were offered conveyance allowance. Besides, they had entered into a contract with them for a period of five years to pay them the said allowance. It was not fair therefore to go back on the contract without the consent of the honorary staff.

The amendment of Dr. Deshmukh was lost.

Dr. Deshmukh then moved other amendment to delete the provision of Rs. 24,573 made for the dispensary for combating venereal disease.

Dr. M. B. Velkar seconded the amendment.

Mr. A. P. Sabawala opposed the amendment and said seventeen years ago, the Corporation had taken Rs. 50,000 from the Society to combat venereal disease with the assurance to continue the dispensary. It was not fair to discontinue the dispensary which was doing useful work. The daily average attendance was 170 in this dispensary against 40 in the K. E. M. Hospital.

Dr. Alban D'Souza also supported Mr. Sabawala and said it was their duty to protect the health of the citizens.

Dr. Homi F. Pavri said the dispensary was fully equipped and was run on the modern lines. Besides, it was doing social propaganda work.

WASTE OF MONEY.

Dr. C. J. Cursetji supported Dr. Deshmukh and said out of the annual expenditure of Rs. 24,000 on this dispensary, Rs. 19,000 went towards the payment of office establishment while only Rs. 4,000 were spent on medical relief. He pointed out as a medical man that to get complete cure from venereal disease at least 50 injections were necessary, while at the municipal dispensary the average injection per patient came to a little over 1 per cent. which was not enough but sheer waste of money.

Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas also opposed the amendment.

The amendment was lost when put to vote.

The Corporation however agreed to Mr. B. N. Karanjia's amendment to reduce the conveyance allowance to the lecturers in G S M College from Rs. 135 to Rs. 100 p.m.

JAMNADAS' AMENDMENT.

The Corporation then considered the amendment of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta

"That the provision of Rs. 1,34,42,384 made in the Revised Estimates of Expenditure for the year 1933-34 for Debt Charges be reduced by Rs. 4,75,000, the sum of Rs. 15,56,178 included therein for repayment of the Rs. 1,41,00,000 Development Loan by 13 instalments being reduced to that extent and the estimate of the Opening Balance be modified accordingly.

Mr. D. G. Dalvi seconded the amendment and said in 1930 the Corporation demanded the expenditure to be reduced to Rs. 50 per student, which the Schools Committee had done to Rs. 43 per pupil.

GRANT TO SCHOOLS COMMITTEE.

Mr. M. A. Dabholkar opposed the amendment and said the private and grants in aid schools were more efficient than the Municipal schools. There were private schools in the city where better education was imparted on less expenditure than the municipal schools. He thought Rs. 26 lacs would be more than enough than Rs. 30 lacs as recommended by the Standing Committee.

As it was 6-10 p.m. by this time, many members wanted the Mayor to adjourn, and in deference to their wishes, he adjourned further debate till Tuesday next.

## DISPUTE OVER ORNAMENTS

### Husband's Application To High Court

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Barlee on the Appellate Side of the High Court heard the revisional application filed by Pestonji Muncherji Daruwalla against the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan appeared for the applicant.

In the Lower court, the applicant's Swiss wife Nelly Pestonji Daruwalla had charged the applicant with mis-use of certain articles belonging to her. In this case, the Magistrate had ordered the applicant to produce in court some ornaments and clothes which the complainant claimed as her own, but which according to the applicant, did not belong to her. The Magistrate had passed an interlocutory order that till the disposal of the complaint, the applicant should keep the ornaments on his undertaking that he would not part with them or would not mortgage them. In regard to the clothes, the Magistrate directed them to be returned to the wife (complainant), but if the applicant wanted to appeal to the High Court, the clothes were to remain in Court for two days.

Against this order, the husband appealed, maintaining that till his title established her claim in court in regard to the ownership of the clothes, they should not be returned to her.

Their Lordships admitted the application and issued a rule.

## "KARMA" EMBODIES TALENT & COURAGE

### Progressive Requisite For Indian Film Industry

The preview of "Karma" at the "Regal" on Thursday evening was in more than one way a landmark. The first Indian talkie in English dialogue was seen and listened to by an appreciative and distinguished audience. The main picture was preceded by a "short", entitled "Melody and Rhythm". That, again was appreciated as a novelty for Indian talkies, a novelty long over due as a necessity. Srimati Naidu who spoke at the end of the picture play congratulated Syt. Himansu Rai and Devika Rani for their enterprise and said that it indicated what mere Indians" could do when they were given the chance to work on terms of equality. She said that the progressive requisites for Indian Film industry were talent and courage and the picture they saw that evening was ample evidence. She also referred to the prelude to the main picture entitled "Melody and Rhythm" and said that it was executed entirely in the "Film City", the new organisation initiated by Mr. Fazalbhai. She congratulated both Srimati Devika Rani and Srimati Sunalini Rajam for the courage with which they had undertaken their responsibilities. Indian women in public life, whether they influenced the platforms with speeches or the stage and the screen with their performance deserved every encouragement.

Mr. Francis Low also congratulated Srimati Devika Rani and Syt. Himansu Rai for the good and bold undertaking. He said that there were two things that had as it were, but open for India. One was broadcasting, the other was the film industry. And if they were handled in the right way there were no doubt, he suggested "colossal possibilities" for their advancement in Inda. The picture they saw that evening was a good start.

"Karma" is particularly appreciable for its photography, music and dialogue. Its costume and "location shots" are also uncommon and effective. The tiger hunt processions, and temple interior with atmospheric music were skilfully executed. The film is to be released at the Capitol on Saturday and Srimati Devika Rani will appear at the 10 o'clock show.

## MR. HALAI PLEADS NOT GUILTY

### Explains In Court Why His Items Of Expenditure Were Incomplete

On Thursday the hearing of the case against Mr. W. T. Halai in the criminal case filed against him by Jhaverilal Maganlal was resumed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, 3rd Court, when the Magistrate asked Mr. Halai a number of questions.

In the course of his replies Mr. Halai stated that the books of account were incomplete and that a large number of items of expenditure incurred by him, aggregating over Rs. 15,150 had not been credited, of which he produced an account. He also produced a summary of his account showing what credit and debit entries had not been made and as a result of it, after wiping out the sum of about Rs. 12,00 with which he was now charged, he was a creditor of the Exchange for Rs. 2,365-13-3 and for a further sum of Rs. 3,400-12-0 wrongly debited to him making in all Rs. 5,766-9-3.

EXCHANGE REGISTERED

In the course of Mr. Halai's examination it transpired that the Indian Cotton Exchange has now been registered. He had applied for registration so far back as February 1932, but the registration was withheld by the Registrar under the orders of Government, till last month, when the registration was effected.

MR. HALAI EXPLAINS.

Mr. Halai stated that when Mr. Achrekar of C.I.D. seized the books from the Exchange, he had intimated to him that the entries in books were incomplete as no expenditure of either the promotion, formation or the expenditure relating to legalisation of the Association or fighting out the Cotton Contracts Act and his travelling expenses and other charges incurred for the Exchange, had been written, as he had to go out of Bombay off and on for the purposes of the Association and as this was the first opportunity presented to him, he so stated to the Court and pleaded not guilty of any charge that might be framed against him.

ADJOURNED.

The case stands adjourned to the 13th instant for further hearing.

Mr. Gadkari appeared for the complainant and Mr. Bhimji, Solicitor, appeared for the accused.

## LATE MR. A. R. IYENGAR

### Condolence Meeting Next Saturday At Marwadi Vidyalaya

Under the joint auspices of the Journalists' Association of India and the Press-Owners' Association, a public meting will be held at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall at 6 p.m. (S.T.) on Saturday (10th instant) to express sorrow at the death of the late Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, Editor of the "Hindu".

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside. Among the speakers will be Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Messrs. K. Natarajan, Bhulabhai J. Desai, K F Nariman, K M Munshi, B G Horniman, S. A. Brelvi and Dhirajlal Modi.


PATHE
DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
TO-DAY ONLY
THE SENSATION OF THE YEAR
MAE WEST
IN
"I'M NO ANGEL"
TO-MORROW
The Golden Voiced Stars
DENNIS KING
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JEANETTE MACDONALD
Singing together in a glorious musical romance
'THE VAGABOND KING'
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Book in Advance Phone: 41561.


## THE NEW ERA SCHOOL ANNUAL CONCERT

The School Children are giving a Choice programme of INDIAN DANCES, ORCHESTRA, DIALOGUES, EUROPEAN DANCES, etc., at the ROYAL OPERA HOUSE TO-DAY, at 6 p.m.

# Acceptances For Saturday's Races

## Fifteen Runners In Grand Western Handicap

***The following are the acceptances for the Third Day of the Big Meetings to be held on Saturday:—***

***1st Race (2-15 p. m.)***

THE GOUGH MEMORIAL PLATE (Div. II).—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Argonaut 9-2, Iraq Gift 9-0, Nazam Bahadur 9-0, Wazir Pasha 9-0, Shaiban 9-0, Rustom 8-13, Danger 8-10, Blue Star 8-7, Gurji Beg 8-5, Kolhapur Queen 8-5, Shiniar 8-3, Sa'ami 8-3, Happy King 7-12, Kummer 7-11, Pailazaman 7-0.

***2nd Race (2-45 p. m.)***

THE IDAR CUP.—Distance 1 mile.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000 presented by H. H. The Maharaja of Idar and Rs. 9,000, from the fund. Winner the Cup and Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. For Indian Horses 4 and 5 years old only. W. A. Penalties—Winner of the All-India Produce Stakes, Poona, 1933, or the Indian Breeders Stakes, Poona, 1933, 7 lbs. extra (not cumulative) Allowance—Mares and gelding 3 lbs.

Truro 9-4, Cheer Up 9-0, Daftrum 9-0, Redress 8-11, Pomagne 8-11, Knight at Arms 8-5, Cartoon 8-5.

***3rd Race (3-15 p. m.)***

THE GOUGH MEMORIAL PLATE (Div. I).—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Queen Singer 9-0, Sunspot 8-12, Burgess 8-9, Saduzaman 8-9, Hayar 8-7, Lamington 8-7, Karam Allah 8-6, Goolab 8-4, Mcarib 8-3, Mansfield 8-2, Young Chayna 7-12, Mutashar 7-7, Injeman II 7-11, Azroom 7-9, Kayid Saud 7-9, Al Ghazi 7-8, Nash Nash 7-4.

***4th Race (3-45 p. m.)***

THE GATWICK PLATE (Div. I).—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Cymro 9-4, Maya 9-2, Turlogh 8-10, Draughtsman 8-9, Martin Place 8-9, Sabrino 8-9, Zarana 8-7, Silverton 8-5, Rascal Monk 8-3, Greek Glen 7-13, Doreda 7-10, Gift Horse 7-9, Galactic 7-0.

***5th Race (4-15 p. m.)***

THE GATWICK PLATE (Div. II).—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Rare Wine 9-10, Clairette 8-12, Arthur 8-11, Arran Comrade 8-6, Boy Bachelor 8-5, Captain Desmond 8-5, D'Artagnan 8-5, Young Bachelor 8-4, Great Pearl 8-4, Golden Trail 8-2, Superlative 8-1, Insomnia 7-4, Former 7-12, Heyday 7-12, Raghubeer 7-2.

***6th Race (4-45 p. m.)***

THE ABBERLEY PLATE—Distance 1-1|4 miles.

Winner Rs. 7,000; second Rs. 2,500; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap or Horses in Class III.

Corcy 9-4, Galumph 9-2, Myron 9-1, Carnelian 9-1, Bonne Tete 8-11, Galloping Major 8-9, Heremia 8-8, Manipulator 8-7, Chivalresque 8-2, Bucentaur 8-0, Monreale 7-13 Phare 7-13, Ballylinch 7-7, Chabootra 7-6, Lis 7-4, Iran 7-4, Crusty 7-4.

***7th Race (5-15 p. m.)***

THE GRAND WESTERN HANDICAP.—Distance 1-1|4 miles.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000, or in specie at the option of the winner, and Rs. 19,000 from the fund. Winner the Cup and Rs. 12,500; second Rs. 4,000; third Rs. 2,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Private Seal 9-2, Glenalmond 8-12, Spenser 8-7, Risque 8-4, Bray Beau 8-4, Complet 8-3, Spinners Cottage 8-3, Shipshape 7-8, The Greek 7-12, Buland 7-10, Garcon 7-8, Trelawne 7-6, Whoobee 7-6, Argus 7-0, Spanish Wish 7-4.

***8th Race (5-45 p. m.)***

THE DRUIDS LODGE HANDICAP.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 10,000 second Rs. 3,500; third Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

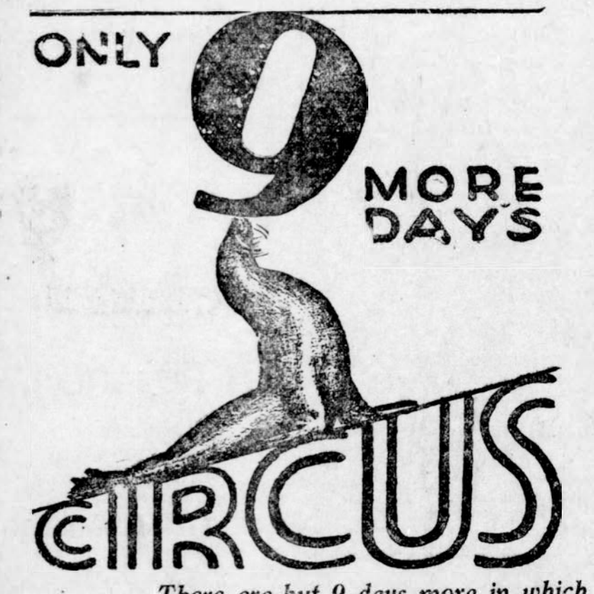
Tel Asur 9-9, Kum Bak 9-4, La Fontaine 8-6, Costaki Pasha 8-4, Vamos 8-0, Fascicle 7-12, Coolash 7-12, Dopatta 7-12, El Draque 7-8, Douceuse 7-1, Nijinski 7-0, Sealon Ross 6-10, The Dawn Patrol 6-10.

***9th Race (6-15 p. m.)***

THE GAYE PLATE.—Distance 1-1|4 miles.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Darianoor 9-3, Hazima 8-10, Saifuldowla 8-8, Pasha 8-5, Sarsam 8-5, Bushboos 8-3, Tennyson 8-0, Kabaila 8-0, Gunboat Jack 8-0, Tair al Iraq 7-12, Zozan 7-12, Zoolum 7-9, Quarry 7-9, Orient 7-8, Fiery Face 7-7, Bulbul Hazar 7-3, Collector 7-2, Jai Bhawani II 7-0.


*There are but 9 days more in which Bombay may see the World famed Carl Hagenbeck Circus*

Prices are Rs. 5-12, Rs. 3-0, Rs. 2-4, Rs. 1-12 Rs. 1-2 and As. 9. Weekdays—2 shows: 5-30 p.m. and 9-45 p.m. Sundays—3 Shows: 10 a.m., 5-30 p.m. and 9-45 p.m. Book at S. Rose & Co., Telephone 20395, or at the Circus Booking Office Telephone 25330. Children under 12 are admitted half price except to Galleries in afternoon show.

Tram and Bus services available after all shows.

Menagerie open 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. Prices of admission: Adults: 4 ans. Children 2 ans. See the carnivorous Animals Feeding Every Day at 11 a.m.

CARL HAGENBECK


## HANDICAP TO SILK TRADE

### Bombay Protest Against Proposed New Duties

The following is a copy of the Telegram sent by the Bombay Silk Merchants Association to the Government Commerce Member, Delhi and the Consul-General for Japan, Delhi:—

New Tariff Bill on silk and mixtures is absolutely unworkable intricate and will create great hardships to importers and constant disputes with customs. The Duties proposed will affect certain varieties so as to stop imports entirely and will crush half of silk trade which shall have to pay hundred per cent. At present certain varieties such as Tussor, Shantungs, Honans, White Cord and other varities are assessed at Ad Valorem and if left out from present Bill, will create trouble and if otherwise assessed, will have to pay from 200 to 350 per cent duty which is not meant by you. By increasing these duties you are encouraging smuggling through various Ports as will be pointed out by Mr. Nind.

"It won't help trade but will crush trade without any protection to indigenous productions and but unnecessary hardships on consumers. Pray reconsider the proposed tariff in consultation with trade and customs and find out ways and means to prevent smuggling. My association are quite willing to help you if consulted. Suggest strongly to appoint a Committee of experts to go through whole matter."

## MILITARY TRAINING SCHOOL AT NAGPUR?

### Dr. Moonje Busy Collecting Funds

NAGPUR Mahal, Feb 7.

It is reliably understood that Dr. Moonje, intends to start a Military Training School at Nagpur and has already collected Rs. 30,000 with promises of an equal amount.

The School is estimated to cost 1½ lakhs

The School will be divided into two sections, Academic and Military.

Capt Modak of Poona who was a witness to the Joint Parliamentary Committee, will in all probability be the first Principal of the School.

The details of the scheme will be announced later.—United Press.

## SCOUT MOVEMENT IN BARODA STATE

### *Its Manifold Services In Last 15 Years Of Its Existence*

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, Feb. 7.

The Scout movement has now been in existence for the last 15 years, and there is alround development in numbers and efficiency. The Scout force is bigger than the Police and the army put together.

Among the 260 troops, 200 are formed in the remotest villages where the uplift movement is going on rapidly. Anti-Malaria crusades, life-saving acts, accidents, services at fairs and fires, stand to the credit of village scouts, who are much liked by villagers.

Mr. Dave, the Scout Commissioner, is to be congratulated on having increased the nature and scope of the Baroda Scout movement. Mr. Bhate, the Commissioner of Education, is also an interested officer in such movement.

The youths of Baroda have realised the significance of the Scout movement. Col. Shivrajsingh, at a recent prize distribution ceremony, declared the hope that each and every student of Baroda would be a Scout. His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda is also giving a good impetus to the movement.

## DONATIONS TO ACWORTH LEPER ASYLUM

The President, Acworth Leper Asylum, Matunga, acknowledges the following donations to the Asylum received during the months of October, November and December 1933:—

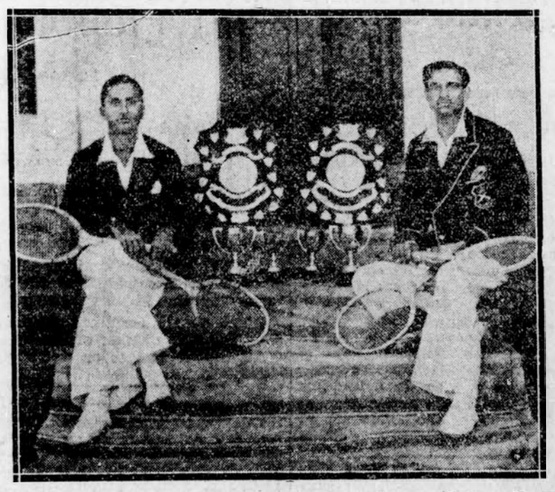
Mr. Virchand Meghji Thobhan Rs. 50; Mr. Cawasha D. Parekh Rs 10; Mr. Manekji M. Billimoria Rs 10; Mrs. S. W. Nourangay through Mrs. K. C. Nagarkar Rs. 10; Manager, the Shrimati Urmila Devi Benevolent Fund Rs 10; Mr. B. K. Dhuru Rs, 5; Mr. Dwarkadas Sunderdas Rs. 2.

From Mr. Narayanlal Jiwanlal, through Mrs Karaka, 148 Dhoties.

From Mr. Narayanlal Jiwanlal, through Mrs. Karaka, 45 Dhoties, 3 takas cloth, and v dozen towels.

From Mr. Jeevanlal Chinoy through Mrs. Karaka 7 spares.

Received from the Indian Red Cross Society through Mrs. Karaka, One wireless set.



**Messrs. A. T. Kannan (right) and J. G. Datar (left) both from Poona, the champion and the runner-up respectively, in the Open Tennis Singles and also the champions for the Open Tennis Doubles, for which they partnered.**

## "DEMANDED MONEY AT POINT OF KNIFE"

### Two Persons Stand Charged In Mazagon Court

Kallam Abdul Majeed and Ahemad Gulaum Nabi, who were arrested by the Nagpada Police in the early hours of Thursday morning were placed later before Mr. G. R Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, charged with robbing a Muslim of Rs. 45 at the point of a knife.

The police in applying for the remand of the accused to custody stated that at about 2-30 on Thursday morning Habib Jamal was sitting in his room at 24th Lane Kamatipura, when the two accused went up to him. The first accused demanded money from him and doing so he pointed a open knife at the complainant's chest, while the second accused removed a purse containing Rs. 45 from Habib's coat pocket.

A gold ring, that Habib was wearing was also removed by Kallam and while another ring was being removed, the complainant tried to resist and was stabbed by the first accused. While this struggle was in progress, the ent collector of the building, Hussein Ramdatkhan, approached the assailants and remonstrated with them and thus rendered himself liable to be robbed by Ahemad, who removed Rs. 25 from his pocket. After finishing their work, the two accused made good their escape.

The victims of the robbery, later lodged a complaint with the police, who arrested the accused.

The Magistrate remanded the accused to police custody for seven days.

## ACCIDENTAL DEATHS

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the Coroner's Jury on Thursday at the inquest held over the body of Sushilabai Vaiganker, who died as a result of her sustaining extensive burns all over her body due her saree accidentally catching fire from a naked lamp on Wednesday night.

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury at the inquest held over the body of Jotiba Sadasiv, a seven year old boy, who sustained severe burns all over his body as a result of his clothes catching fire, while he was warming himself in front of a fire on February 1. He was removed to the K.E.M. Hospital, where he died on Wednesday.

## OPIUM POISONING

Death due to opium poisoning self-administered, was the verdict returned by the Jury concerning the death of Bhawanji Tulsidas (35). It appears that nearly a fortnight ago, the man bolted the door of his room and swallowed opium. He did not reply to the repeated knockings at his door. The door was forced open by the police and the man was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died the same night. He had left behind a note saying that he himself had swallowed opium.

## *Medical Union For Bhavnagar*

(From A Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, Feb. 5.

A meeting consisting of several medical men of Bhavnagar was convened by Dr. H. L. Vaidya, Chief Medical Officer of the State, on the 1st inst. at Sir Takhtasinhji Hospital, with a view to organise a Medical Union in Bhavnagar State.

While delivering the opening speech, Doctor Vaidya mentioned the advantages and aims of such a Union which would serve to strengthen the ties of professional brotherhood and would enhance the cause of Medical Science by holding Clinical Discourses and Demonstrations.

After a short discussion his proposal of having a Medical Union was unanimously agreed to and a constitution of the Union was framed.

## *STUDENTS RISE TO THE OCCASION*

### *Variety Entertainment For Bihar Relief Fund*

A grand variety entertainment programme in aid of the Bihar Relief Fund has been arranged by a Committee of Students under the guidance and supervision of an advisory body consisting of the following gentlemen:

Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai; Sjt. Kanaiyalal Munshi; Sjt. Kanaiyalal Vakil; Sjt. M. C. Chagla; Sjt. Purushottamdas Tricumdas; Sjt. Motichand G. Kapadia; Sjt. Jaykrishna Varma; Sjt. Gunvant Kapadia; Sjt. T. S Vyas.

The performance will be staged at the Royal Opera House on Saturday 10th February from 4 P.M to 7 P.M. (S.T.) The programme consists of fascinating dances by the students of different schools trained by an able Shanti Niketan Artist vocal and instrumental music by well known artists including Vilayat Husen and Mahomed Khan, a one act play by the Elphinstonions etc.

The Managing Committee consists of:

(1) Hargovind R. Raja; (2) Shankarann D. Kalelkar; Joint Hon. Secretaries. (3) Miss Usha Shroff; (4) Miss Savitri Daru; (5) Manu Khanderia; (6) Chittaranjan Raja; (7) Vaman Thakore; (8) Surendra Desai; (9) Kanti C. Patel; (10) Vinu Mehta; (11) Pratap Parekh; (12) Champak Kotak

Seats can be booked with Mr. H. R Raja at Ramchandra Mansion (Top Floor) Sandhurst Road, or with Mr. Shankaran Kalelkar at 59, Elphinstone College Hostels, Fort, Bombay.

## *HOCKEY AT POONA*

The Hockey Tournament of the Social Workers' Union which will be held in the last week of February, has been of special interest to the lovers of Hockey in Poona.

The Cup which is offered to the winners in this tournament is valued at Rs. 250/-. The winners and runners-up get medals as well.

The Union is thankful to the Bhomburda Police Authorities who usually lend their ground to the Union. The Tournament is recognised by the Poona Military authorities who lend the services of their seargents for referring purposes.

The entrance fee of the tournament is nominial, viz., Rs. 7/8/- which should be sent to the Hon General Secretary at his Office, Bhagwandas Chawl, Poona. The entries close on the 15th inst. but for outsiders it is extended to the 18th inst. Teams intending to take part in the Tournament should communicate with the Hon. General Secretary.

## *WESTERN DISTURBANCE PERSISTS*

### *Rain And Snow In Kashmir*

POONA, Feb. 8.

The Western Disturbance persists over the North West Frontier Province and has caused light local showers of rain or snow in Kashmir. Elsewhere the weather remains dry. The temperature continues below normal from Hyderabad to southwest Bengal and Chota Nagpur.

Forecast: Light local showers of rain or snow will continue in Kashmir and will extend along the orth-West Frontier.—A. P.

***TRAINING AND GALLOP NOTES***

# Spinner's Cottage Shows To Advantage

## Watch Heyday And Orient

***(By Our Special Correspondent)***

The following gallops were done during the week:—

GARCON (Raffaele) covered 1-1|4 miles on the race track. Fair.

BRAY BEAU (Burn) showed to advantage against BONNE TETE (Northmore) and SPENSER (McCloud) in a 9 furlongs gallop on the race track. Keep an eye on first named.

COMPLET (Walker) beat LE COMMISSAIRE (R. Boy) by a length over a mile on the tan track.

GLENALMOND (Northmore) and BUCENTAUR (Raffaele) travelled an easy mile in free style.

CELEBRATOR (Obaid) and SEATON ROSS (Clarke) were sent 6 furlongs. Fair.

SPINNER'S COTTAGE (Selby) easily defeated SHIPSHAPE (Bowley) in a 9 furlongs trial on the race track.

HERO WORSHIP (Burn) and BULAND (Evans) finished level in a mile gallop.

RISQUE (Brace) was much superior to CARNELIAN (Graham) over 1-1|4 miles.

TRELAWNE (Dillon) was sent 10 furlongs on the tan, PERMARCH (Reynolds) joining over the first 6 furlongs. The former shaped well and should run well on Saturday.

EL DRAQUE (Walker) spurted 3 furlongs in fine style. Much improved.

COSPATRICK (Walker) spurted 3 furlongs in company with NIJINSKI (R. Boy). Good.

DOUCEUSE (Selby) galloped 7 furlongs on the race track. Fit and well.

HEYDAY (Walker) was superior to BALLYLINCH (R. Boy) over 6 furlongs on the tan. Watch the former.

CORCY (Clarke) and GIFT HORSE (Stokes) were sent a mile, finishing level. The latter is a rogue.

TURLOGH (Burn) made a favourable impression when sent a mile on the tan. May spring a surprise.

LIS (McCarthy) assisted IRAN (Clarke) in a 10 furlongs gallop. The former is in good trim.

MAYA (Obaid) went an easy 6 furlongs travelling smoothly. Unlucky last time out.

ARTHUR (R. Boy) beat DE BEERS II (Harding) by a head over 7 furlongs.

MARTIN PLACE (Munro) showed to advantage against AWAY (Raffaele) in a 6 furlongs gallop. The former is due to win shortly.

D'ARTAGNAN (Obaid), DIOS (R. Boy) and GLENLINNHE (Clarke) galloped a mile on the tan. D'Artagnan was the best.

RASCAL MONK (Lowrey) galloped an easy 6 furlongs on the grass. Fit and well.

MOUNTAIN DANCER (Burn) and ROSEVILLE (Evans) galloped an easy 7 furlongs. Fair.

GOLDEN TRAIL (Burn) galloped a mile on the race track. Well.

ARRAN COMRADE (Gethin) and RAMAH (R. Boy) galloped 7 furlongs on the race track. The former was better.

RAGHUBEER (Raffaele) and MULLIGATAWNY (Clarke) galloped a mile on the tan. The former was better.

ORIENT (M. Hoyt) and FUNNY FACE (J. Hoyt) galloped a mile. The former was better.

ZOZAN (Evans) did pacework over 9 furlongs. Good.

WAALIM (Obaid) galloped 10 furlongs on the race track. Fair.

BUSHBOOS (Raffaele) galloped 9 furlongs. Fair.

TAIR AL IRAQ (McCarthy) and ARAB QUEEN (Selby) galloped 10 furlongs. Both finished well.

BULBUL HAZAR (R. Boy) was extended over 10 furlongs. Fair.

KUMMER (Evans) and BURGESS (Burn) galloped 7 furlongs on the tan. The latter was better.

KOHLAPUR QUEEN (Dobie) galloped 6 furlongs on the race track. She is ready.

WAFADAR (Jones) and SHINIAR (Selby) galloped 7 furlongs. Fair.

IRAQ GIFT (Selby) galloped 7 furlongs on the tan. She is ready.

ARGONAUT (Obaid) did pacework over a mile. Well.

MUTASHAR (Stokes) & YOUNG CHAYNA (Dobie) were extended over 7 furlongs. The latter won by a head. Fair.

BLACK KING (Obaid) extended NASH NASH (Simmons) over 6 furlongs. Fair.


## B. S. N. CO.'S PLEASURE CRUISES

(Noted for the Healthy and Pleasant Relaxation that they provide.)

**PROGRAMME FOR MAHASHIVRATRI HOLIDAYS.**

**Round Elephanta—THE ISLE OF ENCHANTMENT**

Leaving Apollo Bunder 3-30 p.m. on Saturday, 10th February, 1934, and MONDAY, 12th February, 1934 (Mahashivratri) Returning 7-30 p.m.

Fare per person Rs. 1-8-0. Children at HALF RATES.

**Round I. M. M. T. S. "DUFFERIN"**

Leaving Apollo Bunder 6-30 p.m. on SUNDAY, 11th February, 1934. Returning 7-30 p.m.

Fare per person Re. 1-0-0 Children at HALF RATES.

**MUSIC: LIGHT REFRESHMENTS at TARIFF RATES.**

Tickets will be sold at Apollo Bunder at the time of embarkation.

NOTE:—There will be a special sailing for Elephanta leaving FERRY WHARF at 9 a.m. on MONDAY, the 12th February (Mahashivratri) which will enable visitors to spend the whole day there

*Good Health means Happiness*

**Dr. De JONGH'S**

LIGHT BROWN

**COD LIVER OIL**

This absolutely pure natural oil is prepared from a blending of the purest Norwegian Oils, by a process which does not destroy the Vitamins. It will be found to be the purest, most palatable, most easily digested and most speedily efficacious. It has, for upwards of 70 years, been highly recommended by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of Consumption, Diseases of the Throat and Chest, Chronic Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma & ALL WASTING DISEASES

**Made from the purest Norwegian Oils**

*Beware of Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations.*

# Just A Clash Of Personalities

## What Stands In Way Of Muslim Unity

(From Our Special Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Feb. 7.

"It is just a clash of personalities and nothing more," was the remark made to me by a prominent Muslim member of the Assembly who is among others, engaged in conversations with His Highness the Aga Khan for the reunion of Muslim organisations under the aegis of one. Conversations have been going on ever since the Aga Khan arrived in Delhi and will probably last the whole of this week. But that does not mean that the differences are unbridgeable. At any rate this was the assurance of one who is himself prepared to do everything, if necessary even to make some sacrifice on his part with a view to bring about unity.

THE QUESTION.

It is not known whether the Aga Khan will achieve unity. The fact that he is the President of the All-India Muslim Conference" of Delhi for the second triennium till the end of next year gives additional prestige to that organisation in the present negotiations. Moreover the demands of the Muslim Conference afterwards formulated by Mr. Jinnah in his well-known 14 points hold the field. In fact several Muslim organisations which have held annual conferences have not made any material change in this position. That being so the question is how to bring about a merger of individuals who run the various groups.

THREE DIVISIONS.

At present there are three main divisions among them leaving, of course, the Muslim Nationalists who, led by Dr. Ansari and Mouiana Abul Kalam Azad, are sticking on to the Congress for the sake of their principles and convictions. Of these three the first and foremost is the All India Muslim Conference of Delhi under the presidentship of the Aga Khan himself and whose Chairman was Sir Mahomed Iqbal last year and Dr. Shafat Ahmed Khan this year. Secondly there is the Muslim League led by Hafiz Hidayat Hussain with Sir Mahomed Yakub as Secretary. Lastly there is the other section of the Muslim League led by Mr. Abdul Aziz of Peshawar with Mr. Maswood Ahmed as Secretary. The present negotiations are intended to bring about unity among them.

"THEIR DICTATOR."

His Highness the Aga Khan has not so far been able to make up his mind, though he is described by some of those engaged in the negotiations as their "dictator." Hafiz Hidayat Hussain of Cawnpore came to Delhi last Sunday and has gone back, but is expected again on Friday when formal negotiations will commence. Either Sir Mahomed Iqbal or Dr. Shafat Ahmed Khan may also come this week end on behalf of the Muslim Conference. As for the other section of the League the difficulty appears to be not so much Mr. Abdul Azeez its President, but Mr Maswood Ahmed, the Secretary.

NO PLACE FOR JINNAH.

Mr. Jinnah appears to have no place in these conversations and is not anxious to enter the Legislative Assembly in spite of Shcik Sadique Hussain's offer which, by the way is not possible of being accepted as Mr. Jinnah does not reside in the Punjab.

ALL PARTIES CONFERENCE.

As for the Aga Khan he will be shortly staying at the Viceroy's House as the guest of Lord and Lady Willingdon. He is not keen on attending the All Parties Conference which Sir Chimanlal Setalvad is arranging in Bombay, but at the same time he has declared that he will do nothing which would in any way affect the force of the Joint Memorandum which he, along with Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Jayakar, Joshi and the late Rangaswami Iyengar had submitted in London. He is glad that the Hindus and Muslims reposed so much confidence in him in London and made him the spokesman of the Indian Delegation at the Round Table Conferences and Joint Committee deliberations and feels that India would be well advised not to bite at the result.

RARE SPECIFIC FOR DIABETES!

DR. S. RANGASWAMY IYENGAR
"DIABETES SPECIALIST"
is in possession of a rare Specific for the cure of
DIABETES
Mr. S. ARPIAH, B.A., SALT DEPT., Kamp Monoloke writes:—
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## MOSQUE DOME OSCILLATES

KARACHI, February 8.

News has been received from Kambar that in village Alkhan close by the Lake of Kambar in Larkana District which is the main source of supply of lotus to whole of Sind and which is also the frequent resort of European and other officers for shikar and duck-shooting, the dome of amosque is oscillating slightly. This strange phenomenon has attracted a number of visitors to the place who believe that some super-human agency is the cease of this. It is stated that a similar vibratory motion was witnessed exactly two years ago in some locality. Maharaj Devdutt who claims to be an eyewitness to asother occurrence in December 1929, in Shedadkot, 15 miles from Kambar, states that he observed the Shivlinga of the temple oscillated at an angle of about 60 degrees for more than a month and finally stopped only after the performance of a huge sacrifice Yagna lasting for a week.—A.P.

## "GOLE" VOLLEY BALL TOURNAMENT

The final match in the above Tournament will take place on Friday (February 9th) at 5-15 p.m. at Mastan Shah Bagh Playground, Bellasis Road.

The Hon. Sir Gulam Hussain Hidayatallah, K.C.S.I., etc., will preside and it is hoped Lady Hidaytallah will present the Trophy to the winning team.

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## MR. WILSON COMMITTED TO SESSIONS

### Says Police Charges Are Entirely False & Malicious And Reserves Defence

A charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 28,744 was framed against Mr. J. A. Wilson, former Director, Secretary and Treasurer of the Goodrich Rubber Tyre Co. (India) Ltd., by the Chief Presidency Magistrate Bombay on Thursday.

The accused in his statement to the Court said "The police charges are entirely false and maliciously designed. I have complete answers to the charges, but with your Worship's, permission I will reserve my explanations until a later stage".

The accused was committed to stand his trial at the ensuing criminal sessions of the High Court.

The charges relate to alleged misappropriations committed from April 1932 and April 1933, when the accused was a Director and Secretary of the Company.

Mr. Mankar, Police prosecutor appeared for the Crown, Mr. Reuben Solomon defended the accused.

## HUSHO, THE CHINESE PHILOSOPHER

### Mr. Saunders' Lectures

(From Our Correspondent)
BARODA, Feb. 5.

Mr. Saunders, a prominent American, and at present Reader in Philosophy to H.H. the Gaekwar, delivered an interesting lecture the other day, on "The Metaphysical System of Husho, the Chinese Philosopher." His Highness occupied the chair.

Mr. Saunders said that China was going through a tremendous transition, a tremendous upheaval due to the Industrial Revolution. China was made into a nation by the restless West and as well as exploited and damaged by their contact. In order to study Chinese History one had to go back 2,500 years. Just as in India, the young forces are gathering strength to combat the old conventions and their barriers, so in China young people are urging a radical change in the old system of their social organisation.

Before 20 years, confusion was the order of the day in China, but now it has become a friendly nation, full of reasonable people. It was once the general dictum among the Chinese that "knowledge is difficult, action is easy," but Sun Yat Sen gave his countrymen to understand that "Action is difficult and Knowledge is easy," But Huso has said that "Knowledge is difficult and Action is difficult," and thus he has put forth before Young China a new problem.

Speaking about Chinese humour Mr. Saunders dwelt on the artistic humour of Chinese people and their habit of getting their way through difficulties by this technique.

Husa was born in 1891. He is a predict of ancient China. He has reached predominance in two great countries—China and America. He stands for "democracy." His motto is "Words must be made to fit things." His father was a very good scholar. His mother had the great virtue of forbearance.

Huso learnt books which were the bedrocks of Chinese Revolution, and at the age of 13 he became a profound little Pandit. He was eager to know Science. He was like Mahatma Gandhi in facing problems of social reform. Mahatma Gandhi, at the age of 10 played with an untouchable and thus broke the barrier between man and man. Huso at the age of 15 started a magazine. He got the scholarship and went to America. He said that in America he woke up and became a young man. First he took to agriculture, and then he took to Philosophy.

Mr. Saunders described the three schools of thought in Modern China; the followers of Confucious; the Anarchists and the third school which aims at turning nature to the service of mankind. It is all nonsense to say that the East is spiritualistic and the West is materialistic. We must all make life better for the common people and East has no monopoly of spiritualism and the West of materialism.

Husha is the father of vernacular speech in modern China and he knows well what China needs. He tries to set free the heritage of humanity to the average common people.

Concluding his speech, Mr. Saunders said that, what is wanted in India and China is modernisation and urged the audience to study more closely the Chinese problem in all its varied aspects.

## AGA KHAN'S DENIAL

### "East & West Corporation (Ld.), Delhi", Promoters Charged

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Feb. 6.

A disclaimer from the Aga Khan of the statement that he had given permission to use his name as the patron of the company, or that he had any interest in it was the feature of the proceedings to-day when the hearing was resumed before the Third City Magistrate of the case in which M. M. Firjami and Zaidi claiming to be respectively Hyderabad representative and Managing Governor of the "East and West Corporation Limited, Delhi" are charged with cheating a local pleader in respect of shares of the Company.

The investigating officer in the course of evidence read letters from the solicitors of the Aga Khan stating that when he (the Aga Khan) was invited in the name of the Corporation to become its patron the Aga Khan replied, "however sympathetic I may be, I would not patronize or have direct interest in it until I come to India and find out all about the project."

It was also stated that the object of the Company was to counteract the Congress boycott of foreign piecegoods and bring the trade into the hands of Muslims. The witness added that the accused had similarly claimed teo possess a letter from the President, Hyderabad, recommending support to the corporation, but this also proved to be false as would be testified by the letter from the Secretary to the President.

Similarly the accused had falsely represented to the complainant that Sir P. Thakurdas and Raja Dhanrajgirji wished to purchase shares of the corporation worth several lakhs, but that they had declined on the ground that the shares were only intended for purchase by Muslims as the Corporation was started only with Muslim capital.

In the course of investigation, witness added, he had recovered a copy of the prospectus of the corporation containing alterations made by Firjami to the effect that till the end of September 1932 the shares sold amounted to Rs. 2-1/2 crores while all the Urdu and English copies of the prospectus bfore the words "under the patronage of Aga Khan."

Further hearing was adjourned.—A.P.

## RESUSCITATE VILLAGE CULTURE

### Masses In Villages, Backbone Of Nation, Says Dr. Tagore

SANTINIKETAN, Feb. 7

"I am never tired of emphasising the urgent need of resuscitation of our village culture as I know all our efforts towards the national regeneration will be blighted at the very origin unless we take into consideration the problem confronting the hundreds and thousands of villages that make up this great country of ours."

With these words, Dr. Rabindranath Tagore inaugurated yesterday the anniversary celebrations of the Sriniketan, the Viswabharati Institute for rural reconstruction.

Proceeding the Poet said: "No civilisation could thrive that had lost touch with the villages and much of our present miseries are the result of our apathetic aloofness from the masses in the villages who form the backbone of the nation."

EXHIBITION OPENED.

Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, President of the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce, performed the opening ceremony of the exhibition of industrial crafts organised in connection with the anniversary celebration.—(United Press).

## DUTY FREE SALT FOR CURING FISH

It is announced that in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of section 7 of the Indian Salt Act. 1882 (XII of 1882), the Governor General in Council is pleased to remit the duty imposed under clause (a) of the said section on salt manufactured in or imported by land into the Bombay Presidency when the salt is used for curing fish at sea on the Western Coast of the Bombay Presidency proper subject to the rules laid down.

## BOMBAY EDITOR ARRESTED

### Charge Of Pubishing Indecent Correspondence

Prof. R. D. Karve, Editor of the "Samaswas" a Gujerati monthly magazine and Mr. K. N. Nimbkar, Printer and Publisher, were arrested on Thursday morning by Inspector Achrekar of the Bombay C. I. D. on a charge of alleged publication of indecent Correspondence in their Issue of December, 1933.

The Office of the magazine situated in the 2nd Bhatwadi Lane, was raided in the morning and some copies containing the alleged Correspondence were seized.

They were later released on a bail of Rs. 200 each, to appear before the Magistrate when required.

## Hindusthan's Silver Jubilee Policy

The Silver Jubilee Policy of the Hindusthan Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd., first devised and offered in commemoration of the Silver Jubilee Celebration of the Society represents the scheme compring all featurts shown by experience to be of value to the assured and their dependents in the different eventualities that may present themselves in the course of life.

The premium under this policy ceases at age 55 or 60 (whichever may be preferred), or at death if earlier. On attainment of the stipulated age, the assured will have the benefit of: (1) The accrued bonuses of the policy, which become immediately payable. (2) A comfort pension for the assured himself during the rest of life of an amount equal to one-tenth of the sum assured per year, payable in equal quarterly instalments for each completed quarter year following the attainment of the stipulated age, with a proportionate payment in respect of the broken period at the close, and (3) The sum assured itself which becomes payable in full at the death of the Assured. In the event of death before the attainment of the stipulated age the policy provides.

(1) Immediate payment of the accrued bonuses. (2) A family comfort pension of an amount equal to one-tenth of the sum assured per year, payable in equal quarterly instalments for each completed quarter-year following the date of death till the completion of the term when the assured would have attained the stipulated age—with a proportionate payment in respect of the broken period at the close. (3) And finally the sum assured itself which becomes payable in full on the policy anniversary date at the end of the stipulated period when the assured would have attained the stipulated age.

# Ry. WORKERS CELEBRATE STRIKE ANNIVERSARY

## Administration's Policy Condemned

(From A Correspondent)
NAGPUR, Feb. 7.

A mass meeting of the G. I. P. Railway workers was held at Ajni on 4th instant to celebrate the fourth anniversary of the G. I. P. strike of 1930, and the All-India Railway Workers' Day, according to the resolution adopted at the Cawnpore session of the All-India Trades Union Congress.

The meeting was presided over by comrade H. Mohmilal. The representatives of the Nagpur Textile Union and the B. N. Railway Indian Labour Union were also invited to participate in the celebration.

At the outset the president explained to the workers the importance of the day and the principle involved in the observance of the day. He further spoke about the numerous grievances of the workers and condemned the policy of retrenchment, demotions and wage-cut pursued by the Railway Administrations in India, and impressed upon their minds the necessity of a very strong Unions to put up an effective resistance.

Comrade Jagam the secretary of the All India Trades Union Congress said that the Textile workers were also faced with the same problems as the Railway workers and that efforts were being made to bring about a general strike in the textile industry to meet the offensive of the millowners. If the Railway workers also prepared for a concerted action the Agents of Railways would be compelled to grant their demands.

Comrade Chanekar traced the antecedents of the G. I. P. strike of 1930 and said that the Union was forced to declare a strike after making all possible efforts to get the genuine grievances of the India and calls upon all Railwayworkers redressed. He impressed upon them that they must not be cowed down by the tactics employed by the Railway administration, learn a lesson from the past errors and mobilise their forces to meet the offensive of the Railway bosses in the form of demotions indiscriminate retrenchment and wage cuts.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions among others were then put to vote and unanimously passed.

This meeting of the G. I. P. Railway Workers condemns the action of the Railway Board for the proposed introduction of the new scale of pay for the Railway employees which will worsen the already low standard of living of Railway workers.

This meeting of the G. I. P. Railway workers enters its strong protests at the action of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, the President of the A. I. R. F. in excluding the G. I. P. Railway Workers Union from the A. I. R. F., and thereby dividing the ranks of Railwaymen in men in India to disown his action.

Protests against the action of the Agent of the G. I. P. Railway and of the B. N. W., N. W. R. and the E. I. R. in not granting recognition to the Unions, and considers this as an attack on the Trade Union Movement in this country.

Condemnation of the ruthless retrenchment wage cuts and demotions on Indian Railways and is of opinion that a general strike on Railways is the only weapon in the hands of the workers to oppose them.

Opining that the Railway workers ought to prepare for a general strike.

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1934

# MISGUIDED EFFORTS

The report of the Aga Khan's interview with a press representative on the general political situation destroys whatever hope one might have entertained of his achieving any real unity among Muslims or helping the solution of the wider communal problem. The Aga Khan has so long been out of India and at a time when the country has been passing through such swift political changes that it seems impossible for him to see the Indian situation in its proper perspective, to realise the true needs of the masses—even of the Muslim masses—or to appreciate the country's demand for complete independence, a demand in which several of his intimate co-workers have joined. He has been acquainted with only one side of the Indian situation, and that, too, by men some of whom masquerade as champions of their community only to advance their personal interests. He is also living too much in the official atmosphere to be able to appreciate the true national standpoint. He could maintain a semblance of unity among the Indian "delegates" to the Joint Parliamentary Committee only because most of the delegates were more or less confirmed supporters of Government—else they would not have been selected by Government—and because they studiously avoided all controversial questions. There is apparently little chance of his being a true ambassador of Hindu-Muslim unity or even true Muslim unity.

### *An Unmixed Evil*

The Aga Khan seems to be too much committed to the Communal Award and the White Paper to be of any use to the large numbers of Muslims and others who unreservedly denounce both these inflictions. The Award deprives the Muslims of their majority in Bengal and makes it precarious in the Punjab. It seeks to perpetuate communal electorates though these have been condemned by the Nationalist Muslim Party, the All-India Shia Conference, and the economically conscious workers and peasants of the Muslim community, not to mention the uncompromising opposition to them by the country as a whole. Yet here is the Aga Khan sagely commending the Award to the people without a word about the necessity of superseding it through a voluntary settlement or otherwise. As regards communal electorates, he admits them to be an "evil", an "anachronism," the very existence of which is "outrageous to the spirit of democracy". Yet he asks the country to accept this outrage on democracy because, firsooth, "as one having vast experience of representative institutions in almost all parts of the world", he feels sure that the people would soon realise their evil. Evidently he has himself not yet realised the enormous evil wrought by communal electorates in India during the last decade. As for his vast experience of representative institutions all over the world, will he mention a single country outside India that is cursed by communal electorates?

### *True Service*

It is reported that the Muslim leaders now assembled at Delhi in connection with "unity" efforts are trying with the help of Aga Khan to amalgamate the Muslim Conference and the Lucknow Unity Conference into one central organisation with a view to advocating the policy of "accepting and working the constitution scheme as embodied in the White Paper". The Lucknow Unity Conference has severely condemned the White Paper and it aims at Muslim unity as only a step towards a wider communal anity and the supersession of the Communal Award by a voluntary settlement. It does not seem likely, therefore, that the Lucknow Conference would stultify itself by merging in the Muslim Conference to accept the Award and work the White Paper constitution. If the Aga Khan wishes to do a genuine service to the Muslim community he cannot do better than follow up the work of Unity Conference and take some further steps towards effecting a communal settlement. A complete settlement may not be achieved in a day but some tangible progress towards it are not beyond his capacity if he is earnest about it and works in concert with the progressive sections of his community. If, on the other hand, he only helps Government in imposing upon the country the Award and the White Paper scheme, he will do a serious disservice alike to his community and the country.

# Britain's Duty.

One good turn serves another. When the Great War threatened Britain, India ungrudgingly gave her millions in men and money. And now that a great calamity has befallen her in the shape of the earthquake, it is but natural that Britain should attempt to build a great relief fund which, in the words of the Lord Mayor of London, should be "a great gift worthy of us and worthy of them". The King and Queen themselves have led the way and it is up to Britain to fulfil the Lord Mayor's hope. India's need is great and there is no exaggeration in Dr. Dunn's opinion that the earthquake is one of the biggest and most extensive ones in history. Indeed, this awful touch of nature has made the whole world kin and Britain should lead non-Indian countries in giving succour to a sister nation.

With regard to the extent of the loss of life we regret that the Government of Bihar sadly underestimate the loss as being six thousand and odd. We wish the Government were right but we fear they are not. Many unofficial reports and the latest message from Babu Rajendra Prasad agree in estimating that at least 20,000 persons have lost their lives and that thousands of corpses are still lying under the debris. The loss of property is incalculable. According to responsible estimates, at least one crore of rupees is needed immediately for temporary relief, and Rs. 15 crores for the work of reconstruction. If these needs are remembered, it will be easier for the country to realise that what has yet been done for relief is nothing in comparison with what still remains to be done.

# Our Readers' Response

In the past funds have been raised by newspapers in India for a humanitarian or public purpose. But we believe it is the first instance in the history of Indian journalism that, within a short period of a fortnight, a lakh of rupees has been contributed by readers of newspapers. We congratulate our readers on the splendid response they have made to our appeal for funds for the relief of the afflicted in Bihar. The response is due to the magnitude of the disaster which has befallen that unhappy province. Praiseworthy, however, as the response is, it still greatly falls short of the need of Bihar. There are still many of our readers who have not fully realised what Bihar has suffered and is suffering. We draw their attention to the following extract from a speech made by Mr. Blunt, Finance Member of the U.P., as president of a relief organisation meeting:

"In the 33 years of my service, I can remember no more serious disaster. Even the great war, in India at all events, did infinitely less damage; and from what I have heard and read, there seems no doubt that the damage done by the earthquake in northern Bihar is comparable to the damage done by the War in northern France."

As Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha says, this is the language used, with characteristic moderation, by a trained and experienced administrator and not that of propagandism or sensational journalism, and it should, therefore, bring more clearly before the mind's eye the true state of affairs in Bihar—the tremendous amount of death, bodily and mental suffering, devastation of property, and consequent misery and privation entailed by the disastrous earthquake on millions. The question is: What are we going to do to alleviate the suffering of Bihar? No amount that we can contribute will be enough.

## *AFTER GERMANY, FRANCE?*

### *Impressions Of The French Situation Of The Moment*

(Specially Contributed.)

The picturesque gentry of R. L. Stevenson's "Treasure Island" always acted on the infallible formula. "Dead men tell no tales" and their inconvenient customers made an end of would-be scandals by walking the plank (which, incidentally, one must say, would be voted by British Humanitarians as a much more humane way of lethal technique than the Nazi guillotine).

**Ghosts.**

Quite the opposite of the old formulae, however applies to the modern conditions in which dead men seem to vie with the table-rapping fraternity in telling the most incredible tales and one is not sure that living men should not prove less mischievous than their ghosts. Ghosts play to-day an important and (from the viewpoint of their victims) infernal part in the political affairs in Germany and France. Judged by the elaborate "dementis" that have been pouring in the Press (even Indian Press) from Herr Dr. Goebbells, the Nazi Minister of Propaganda, the Nazi innocents would appear to have had the devil of a job in tackling the ghosts of their opponents. Unfortunately, ghosts cannot be sent into the Sonnenburg Camp or Nazi barracks or put under 'protective arrest' or in any way 'brought into conformity'.

**An Infernal Swindle.**

And now France has caught the infection. Fortunately or unfortunately, the French ghost that has created the stampede has the distinction of uniqueness. He was, in his terrestrial sojourn, a figure in high finance and bore a suspiciously Russian Jewish name. It is no doubt appropriate to the French taste in individualism. Day by day, Reuter has been telegraphing the activities of this new historic ghost: and the climax was reached when the Shade actually managed to settle two Ministries at a pinch and to stage-manage a miniature revolution. All sorts of infernal miracles are attributed to the dead swindler's ghost and a real revolution is spoken of as a prologue of Fascist dictatorship of the Right and Centre (one might easily include the Left as well).

**L'Affaire Staviski.**

The question that is asked at the moment is: Will France be brought into conformity (to employ the Nazi idiom) and be annexed, so to speak, to the European Fascist 'bloc' in consequence of the situation created by the events following?

"L'Affaire Staviski?" The mob disturbance, it may safely be asserted, is not of a character that could assume proportions of a revolution in favour of a Fascist regime. There is no doubt of the fact that underlying it is a strong popular feeling. The French mob has its characteristics and has a way of speaking its vernacular: and if, as a result of the situation created by the political complications immediately arising out of "L'Affaire Staviski" any political changes take place we may rest assured of the fact that it merely lends itself as a convenient provocation. If France goes Fascist, it was bound to do it for various good reasons. She has, indeed, gone Fascist, as the Marxism critics point out and the Press reports indicate that the Socialists (tame though they are) anticipate the natural move of "gingering up" on the part of the Government.

**Heart Of Fascism.**

In considering the possibilities of French Fascism it must be remembered that, as happens in the case of most of the present-day European Fascist States, the Army is the first and most important factor. Modern Fascism is a synonym for the army clique which, in its turn, stands for the established order of the governing class. The French political atmosphere at the moment is unfavourable for any violent political changes. The French have a large stake in the European situation and the worst that could happen to them would be a swing in favour of precipitate action in handling the German "me-

(Continued on Page 7).

# NO CASE FOR WAGE CUT

(By R R BAKHLE, M.L.C.)

II.

Two other mills have made unspecified reductions the extent of which even the Labour Office has not been able to ascertain. The remaining 44 out of 56 mills have made reductions the extent of which will be more easily understood if they are given in a tabular form thus:—

**WAGE REDUCTION IN H. H. MILLS.**

| No. of Mills | Piece workers | Time workers. |
|---|---|---|
| 2 | 26.8 p.c. | 22.0 p.c. |
| 1 | 27.0 p.c. | 22.8 p.c. |
| 1 | 12.0 p.c. | 12.0 p.c. |
| 1 | 12.5 p.c. | 12.5 p.c. |
| 2 | 15 p.c. | 15 p.c. |
| 1 | 17 p.c. | 17 p.c. |
| 2 | 20 p.c. | 20 p.c. |
| 2 | 11.1 p.c. | 11.7 p.c. |
| 2 | 11.1 p.c. | 8.8 p.c. |
| 1 | 11.1 p.c. | 7.0 p.c. |
| 1 | 13.9 p.c. | 11.7 p.c. |
| 13 | 13.9 p.c. | 8.8 p.c. |
| 6 | 16.6 p.c. | 11.7 p.c. |
| 1 | 22.2 p.c. | 17.6 p.c. |
| 2 | 27.7 p.c. | 23.5 p.c. |
| 4 | 27.7 p.c. | 26.5 p.c. |
| 2 | 30.5 p.c. | 26.5 p.c. |

**PROVOKING.**

Three mills have cut both the basic wage and dear food allowance, 7 mills have cut only the basic wage and 34 mills only the dear food allowance ranging from 12 p.c. to 55 per cent. The maximum and minimum cuts are 30.5 per cent and 11.1 per cent for piece workers and 26.5 per cent. and 7.0 per cent. for time workers in the case of these 44 mills. Can it be seriously contended that cuts varying from 7.0 per cent. at the one end 44.4 per cent. at the other in the case of the Sassoons have any basis behind them? If anything, the only basis one can see is that of the degree of incompetence and mismanagement for which the workers have been asked to pay the penalty. In a large number of cases, the workers protested against the cuts by resorting to sectional strikes; and they generally failed. The workers also waited for nearly a year in the fond hope of the Millowners' Association taking some concerted action or of Government taking suitable steps to stop these attacks. But nothing has been done and the situation is going from bad to worse. Is it any wonder that, under these provoking circumstances which hold out not the slightest ray of hope, the workers should proclaim themselves in favour of a General Strike? Who will deny that with 70 persons unemployed for every 100 employed persons and with baseless and ruthless wage reductions, the workers are entitled to draw out their last weapon of a General Strike when other weapons have failed them and when Government and the public are watching the situation with folded hands? If only I had the strength and resources of 1928 and 1929, I would not have waited for a Textile Conference to make a proclamation but would have advised the Union to resort to a General Strike. And even to-day, if a General Strike takes place, I shall be the last person to blame the workers and denounce the strike. It is human nature that in moments of utter despair and despondency, people take a plunge without reckoning the costs.

**THE ALTERNATIVE.**

There is, however, a large body of public opinion which may not view the consequences of a General Strike with feelings of equanimity. People are naturally anxious to see that the scenes enacted in 1928 and 1929 are not repeated. I sympathise with them. But it is up to them to suggest an alternative to a General Strike and press for that alternative with united voice. The alternative should be such as will not only prevent any further mischief being made but should help to improve the present position. No case has yet been made out for a wage cut. The individual millowners have gone on cutting these wages according to their whims and caprices while their Association was engaged in negotiating pacts with Lancashire and Japan. It should not also be forgotten that the textile industry is to-day a most highly protected industry in India and that the protection is still being increased by, "inter-alia" fixing the quota of imports from Japan. The workers have a legitimate right to claim a fair share of the benefits accrued from protection. They have so far received not only no benefits but their conditions have steadily worsened with the grant and increase of production during the last decade. I may further point out that the efficiency of the workers has greatly increased during the last ten years as is evident by increased production coupled with the reduced number of workers; and the latter are entitled to a share of the benefits that may have been accrued from increased efficiency. If there is any case for a change in wages, it is in favour of an increase.

(Continued on page 7.)

# Workers Entitled To Share Protection Given To Mill Industry

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

**RELEVANT WARNING.**

The debate in Parliament on the British Disarmament proposals followed the expected lines, Sir John Simon having the unique pleasure of receiving approval from all sides of the House. Sir Austen Chamberlain, however, did well to emphasise the necessity of a warning to Germany that she should show no aggressive intent against the independence of any other Nation by force of arms or of propaganda, that, in other words, she should leave Austria alone. The necessity of it is obvious and imperative, for a serious collision between Germany and Austria will quickly involve other countries.

**OPPORTUNITY MISSED!**

But Parliament missed a great opportunity also. The Disarmament debate should have been made an occasion to consider the grave menace in the Far East. Sir Herbert Samuel did refer to Japan, but the reference was not taken up either by Sir Austen Chamberlain or by the Government spokesman. An emphatic warning against plunging the world into war was a greater and a more urgent duty than even the formulation of Disarmament proposals to settle the Franco-German problem. It is amazing, but they do not seem to realise that the centre of gravity, as regards war and peace has shifted from Central Europe to the Far East.

**ANTI-INDIAN ANTI-STATE.**

Sir Harry Haig's assurances as regards the provisions against the Press in the Prince's Protection Bill can convince nobody. It was urged even by a supporter of Government themselves that the present law provides enough powers to "protect" the Princes from Press attacks. Then, again, who does not know the usual fate of pledges that are glibly offered when a repressive law is sought to be passed? The debate in the Assembly only reveals the certainty of dangers that will attend honest and genuine criticism of Princes by the Press. Again, it is very significant that Sir Abdur Rahim's challenge to Government to say whether Mr. F. E. James' reference, indiscreet or otherwise, to control of arms in the States did or did not complete the Government's full case was met with studied silence but a little embarrassment. The bill constitutes in reality a grave disservice to the Princes also. Security and protection of the kind that are being given to them can only embitter public opinion in and out of their States. And since no power on earth can resist the march of events and ideas, it is to the ultimate interest of their Highnesses themselves not to antagonise public opinion.

**SWADESHI SALT.**

The Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, has represented to the Government of India that they are strongly in favour of giving adequate protection to the Indian Salt Industry with the object of rendering the country self-sufficient by developing the sources of salt on the main-land, within the next few years. The Chamber naturally speaks for Bengal, as a whole and its view gives the lie direct to the canard, circulated by certain foreign salt interests, that the Bengalees dislike Indian salt and resent heavy duties on foreign salt. It is, unfortunately, true that some Bengalees persist in using foreign salt despite the strength of the Swadeshi movement in the province. But these form a small minority and even, among these refined salt from Karachi and Aden is finding more and more favour. The Calcutta Chamber rightly urges that only such salt from Aden should share the protection as is manufactured by purely Indian concerns.

**BANGALORE'S BAN.**

It is a pity that the District Magistrate of Bangalore should have banned the hoisting of the National Flag and that, too, on grounds too fantastic to be worthy of Mysore. The Magistrates wakes up after years to discover in the Flag potentialities prejudicial to peace! One is irresistibly reminded of the disingeniousness of the ban on Gandhi caps in Guntur. And then, how it will be dergatory to "Royal Flag of Mysore" we fail to understand. The National Flag is the symbol of India's aspirations which Mysore, at least, has not only not opposed but even claimed to share. It represents an India of which Mysore is proud to form part. Mysore has seldom hesitated to honour, as they ought to be honoured, the leaders of Indian Nationalism. Must it object to its Flag? For the sake of Mysore and its progressive and liberal traditions of higher patriotism we like to think that this order has not been issued with the approval of His Highness and his Government.

# Press Views

### Needless Fuss

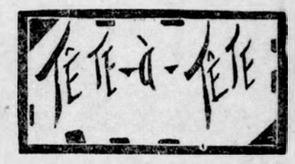
We really do not know why so much fuss is being made about the presence of His Highness the Aga Khan in Delhi, or for that matter in India. We do not know whether as a religious head he can be consider as owning allegiance of a very large section among Mussalmans. The fuss that is being made is, therefore, entirely to create the impression that His Highness is a representative political leader of the Mussalmans. We hope those zealous about creating such an impression will realize that His Highness the Aga Khan may be capable of exploiting Muslim communalism, but he lacks the wherewithal to lead any community or his country along the path of freedom. What is more on account of his prolonged absence he is palpably out of touch with the aspirations of his people, and cannot, therefore, interpret their views correctly. We hope the zeal of our Muslim friends will not out-flow their discretion.—"National Call."

### A Question

It is said that the sappers and miners, coolies, volunteers and other persons are engaged in extricating dead bodies from the debris. It is quite possible that along with the dead bodies ornaments, jewelleries, important documents, currency notes and cash and other valuable articles are being recovered. What is the fate of these valuables? Are they reaching the hands of the local authorities or making their way to some other places? If they are in the possession of the former, what do the Local Government propose to do with these mostly unclaimed articles? So far as we are aware, neither the Government nor the non-official relief organisations seem to have bestowed much thought on this question.—"A. B. Patrika."

### The Real Cause

The agitation in Kashmir has broken out again. The Kashmir authorities will be inclined to attribute it to sinister outside influences and the Government of India may agree with it and hurry with the Princes Protection Bill. But, that will only worsen the situation and shut out the truth to the world outside. Whatever the original cause of agitation, the Muslims of Kashmir have come to feel that they are the majority and so long as arrangements are not made to let their will prevail without serious injustice to the minorities, the agitation will break out again and again however much the authorities might try to suppress them. —"Indian Express."



"Karma"—Heaven help us! is on our brain. We went, we saw, we heard and we were captured. We are completely "Karma-ed." We cannot enter into its artistic qualities—transcending — imagination — glorious — magnificence — of — creative—achievement — sort of things. We know little about art and we care less with apologies to confrere K. H. Vakil.

But we caught the dominant impression and brought it back safely: The impression of a grim struggle for possession between a fascinating lady—whose beautiful acting was second only to her beautiful voice—and a cobra. The lady won. The cobra had to eat back its own poison.

* * * *

Yes, "Karma" is great and wonderful.

"Prince: To look at you is to believe in God."

"Princess: You are a poet."

"Prince: You are the most beautiful poem."

And who could possibly supply better its rhyme and reason than Mrs. Naidu? which she did and our tea got cold.

* * * *

So much for the "Karma" of Himansu Rai. Now the Aga Khan.

We did not suspect that behind the mask of Princely, Right Honourable Respectability and Aristocratic Sportsmanship known to all as the Aga Khan there was lurking Red revolution more scarlet than communism, anarchism and what not. Bolsheviks destroyed the material foundations of society and upset the socio-economic structure. The Aga Khan has gone one better. He has Bolshevised logic and reason.

* * * *

Since "communalism was nothing short of an anachronism in a democratic country, its existence being wholly outrageous to the spirit of democracy," His Highness, therefore, would not have people strive to get the Communal Award altered, so long as somebody else—not His Highness evidently,—did not first put forward "an equally good (meaning thereby a "wholly outrageous" "anachronism"?) if not better alternative" universally acceptable!

* * * *

Splendid. But since "Karma" is on our brain, we cannot help feeling that His Highness is inviting us to be bitten by one cobra because there is no other equally good cobra in the bush. His Highness does not lack in the courage of leadership, but we do in that of "followership". To us a cobra is a cobra even though it may hold the field alone.

* * * *

We, however, appreciate eloquence with which Bori Bunder minor is encouraging others to try the cobra poison. And we appreciate its reasons too.

* * * *

"M. Daladier declared that although Government were responsible for the maintenance of order, it refused to assure, it by exceptional means capable of involving bloody suppression. Government, he said, did not wish to employ soldiers against demonstrators."

If Frenchmen adopt silly and fatuous theories of governance, it is their affair; we have nothing to do with it. And since we have nothing to do with it, why on earth should we comment on it? We, therefore, don't.

* * * *

"Mr. GANDHI RETURNS HOSPITALITY.—"Times of India."

For the space of a brief second we were almost dazed, by the fear that Mahatma Gandhi had probably arrested and imprisoned the Governor of Bombay or the Superintendent of the Yeravda Jail. But we were reassured by the second headline "London Host in Coimbatore."

The gentleman referred to is, of course, Miss Muriel Lester.

* * * *

According to the Delhi correspondent of Bori Bunder, "the long and short" of the Princes Protection debate is "that there is a Hindu minority that will approve no measures for doing so."

We need hardly add that the minority was naturally led by the President of the Hindu Mahasabha, Sir Abdur Rahim.

* * * *

A Jew, whose son was very ill, on returning home one evening, inquired of his wife: "How's poor Moses, Rachel?"

"Very bad indeed, Isaac. He won't take any interest——"

"What?" broke in her husband; "won't take any interest? He must be dead!"

# A LAKH REACHED BUT IT IS NOT ENOUGH

## Readers' Views

### FOR WHOSE BENEFIT?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The "Times of India" of the 26th ultimo publishes a statement from the B.B. and C.I. Railway. It deals with the construction of a new bridge on the Nerbuda, near Broach. And in justification of the same, the "Times" advances the following specious arguments! It says, that

(1) At present "there is a congestion of traffic and the resultant delay, caused by the bottleneck on the bridge over the Nerbuda"! There is neither congestion nor delay in traffic. If so, let the authorities place all figures before the public.

(2) The delay and congestion are said to be due to the fact that there is single line service on the Nerbuda Bridge!

(3) Is the B.B. and C.I. Railway out to throw away its money on expensive and avoidable scheme, such as, the White Elephant Central Station, or the Ahmedabad Station or the new Nerbuda Bridge, and then overtax its third-class passengers? For whose benefit is the new bridge built?—Yours, etc.,

B. F. BHARUCHA.

### "A Behar Lottery"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—After I saw in your valued paper "Afflicted's" letter restarting a Behar Lottery, I was daily looking with an eager eye your paper to receive support to the contentions contained in that letter. I also regret that in your able articles as how to alleviate the sufferings of the 'quake shock, you should not have suggested some such lottery. Perhaps you are one of the believers that it is an evil, but as the evil was well exposed in your said correspondent's letter, I would not take much of your valuable column's space, and would only add that your and others' notion is particularly wrong in this specific instance. Lottery may be objectionable when it is started with lucrative motives or sport's sake, but when a baffling problem of Reconstruction, Rebuilding and Reclamation, in consequence of the earthquake disaster, is concerned, and when no amount of voluntary subscriptions or funds will suffice to overcome the stupendous solution, is it in spite of many real evils of "Sattas, gamblings, races, and such other vices existing in all parts of the world, not to be thought of immediately to relieve the unprecedented calamity? It is known universally that through the introduction of Goa and Irish lotteries, in which India plays no small part in freely subscribing, how many churches and hospitals have been erected, without any substantial loss or evil to the subscribers. As "Afflicted" says it is quite true that all the shirkers' moneys will flow in thousands by some such attractive lotteries and even many poor subscribers will be substantially benefitted in prize distribution. Moreover, they will ungrudgingly pay as they are sure to take consolation even if they lose that they have subscribed after all towards a deserving object. When lakhs and lakhs every year go to foreign countries out of this lottery business, I cannot for the life of me understand why at such a critical moment and when no funds as aforesaid would suffice our Government and other public institutions should at all hesitate to immediately start an attractive lottery which will surely help the noble cause and would be a recurring income towards not only alleviating the sufferings of the 'quake affected but, as mentioned above, will go a long way towards the reconstruction and rebuilding of the vastly devastated areas, and would thus prove a boon and a blessing to the giver and the given. In conclusion, Mr. Editor, I urge you to add your powerful voice to these urgent and conscientious pleadings of the Afflicted and,—Yours, etc.,

"AGHAST."

### League Of Nations Union

The Secretary, League of Nations Union, Bombay, writes:—

With reference to the report of the meeting of the League of Nations Union, which appeared in your esteemed paper of the 3rd instant, I am sorry to have to bring to your notice two complaints addressed to me which are pertinent.

Mr. Magherian writes: "As a pronounced individualist I attacked Communism in my speech, and said that the elimination of the individual would be fatal to human progress. To my amazement, I find myself represented as a rapturous admirer of the present Communist system in Russia! Further I referred to Lenin whom I heard speak in 1913 to point out a most singular and aggravating fact about the advocates of Communism, viz., that "when you have heard one Communist, you have heard all of them." Not only has this remark of mine about Lenin been omitted, but the report conveys the absolutely wrong impression that I am a passionate devotee of his —— What has also been omitted was the fact that I criticised the ultra-nationalism of to-day which has made its appearance even in India."

Miss Masani also does not endorse the statements reported to have been made by her in the paper and on which evidently the head-lines were formed—especially the parts under inverted commas running: "I believe permanent disarmament has been sabotaged by truculent economic-nationalism, reeking with patriotism, having the force of religion".

## We Congratulate Our Readers And Ask For More

### BEHAR NEEDS CRORES NOT LAKHS

**We congratulate our readers on having, within a fortnight, contributed one lakh of rupees to aid their afflicted brethren in Bihar. But Bihar's need is great and urgent. A lakh is not enough.**

**When we made an appeal to our readers to send Rs. 1 lakh to Babu Rajendraprasad the entire truth about the disaster in Behar was not revealed. From the latest cable of Babu Rajendraprasad to Mr. Andrews it is seen that at least 20,000 persons have lost their lives and, it is suspected thousands of corpses are still lying under the debris. The need for relief to the survivers becomes the greater and no amount subscribed can be too high. Therefore, we are justified in appealing to our readers to add one more lakh to their contribution to Bihar and its unhappy people in their hour of need.**

**Bihar needs 15 crores for the work of relief and reconstruction. For temporary relief alone a crore is required. But so far only 15 lakhs have been subscribed. This response is poor and unworthy of a great country like ours.**

**All cheques sent to the "Chronicle" should be drawn in the name of the "Chronicle" Earthquake Relief Fund.**

**In this humanitarian work all service counts. The rupee of a poor man is as welcome as a thousand rupees of a rich man. We, therefore, appeal to heads of offices and firms to collect subscriptions from their employees and send the amounts to us to be forwarded to Babu Rajendraprasad.**

**On Thursday, again, our readers gave a good response and a sum of Rs. 7,786 was collected, making the total upto-date collection Rs. 1,05,000.**

**The ninth instalment of Rs. 10,000 was sent to Babu Rajendraprasad yesterday, through the Central Bank of India, making the total amount sent so far Rs. 90,000.**

**We publish below the remainder of the list of contributions received on Tuesday and part of the list of contributions received on Wednesday.**

The following is the remainder of the list of contributions received on Tuesday:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Gowalia Tank Grain Merchants' Association and others as below :— | | 166 12 |
| The Merchants of Corn Association | 101 | 0 |
| Shah Ravaji Lakhamshi & Co. | 2 | 8 |
| Shah Chanabhai Khetsi & Co. | 15 | 0 |
| Shah Momaya Tokersy | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Hirji Manek & Co. | 5 | 4 |
| Shah Kanji Khimji | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Harshi Malshi & Co. | 2 | 4 |
| Shah Lalji Shamji | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Monashi Ravaji & Co. | 2 | 4 |
| Shah Megaji Lakhamushi | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Khimji Asaria | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Nagaji Ramji & Co. | 2 | 8 |
| Shah Nagaji Muraji & Co. | 2 | 8 |
| Shah Pramji Nathu | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Damji Dharashi | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Umarshi Pasu | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Narashi Tala | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Ladha Tala | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Ramji Ranashi | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Surji Narashi | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Korshi Ravaji & Co. | 2 | 4 |
| Shah Ravaji Harashi | 2 | 8 |
| Shah Devashi Ghalla | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Keshavji Asaga & Co. | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Govindji Lalji | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Damji Murji & Co. | 2 | 4 |
| Shah Samji Pramji | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Malashi Hirji | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Chamanaji Valaji & Co. | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Bhagavan Chandaji & Co. | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Chikaji Hakamaji & Co. | 1 | 4 |
| Rs. | 166 | 12 |
| Palanji Dadabhoy Chawan | 25 | 0 |
| Sheth Janmohmed Mobedin Lakadawala | 5 | 4 |
| Mr. F. X. Desa | 30 | 0 |
| Mother Mithabai through Dr. Jadavji Khimji | 200 | 0 |
| Pathak Jathalal Nathabhai Baroda | 40 | 0 |
| Special Anand Bhuvan Hindu Visranti Graha through Ganpat Subharao Kamat | 21 | 0 |
| U. Parameshwara G. | 1 | 0 |
| U. Chundappa B. | 1 | 0 |
| Bai Puspavati Chhotalal through Bai Dhunakor Tulsidas | 101 | 0 |
| Secretary, the Nayar Samaj Co-operative Hostel Society, Ltd. | 29 | 4 |
| In sacred memory of a Parsee Gentleman | 11 | 0 |
| Mr. Anant | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. Madhu | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. Jagannath Jaini | 25 | 0 |
| Mr. N. Govardhan Rao | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. Anandrao Ganapatrao Bhayandarkar | 5 | 0 |
| Sorabji Fardunji Kotwala | 15 | 0 |
| Surajram Dalapatram Mehta | 50 | 0 |
| The Staff of G. I. P. Rly., Dadar Station as below :— | 23 | 12 |
| J. S. Chavan | 5 | 0 |
| Stall Contractor M. Wynne | 2 | 8 |
| P. S. Abhyankar | 2 | 0 |
| B. K. Dutta | 1 | 8 |
| A. H. Karandikar | 1 | 0 |
| Kunjilal Nathuram | 1 | 0 |
| J. S. Sexana | 1 | 0 |
| M. V. Vaidya | 1 | 0 |
| R. J. Joshi | 1 | 0 |
| S. S. Batelu | 1 | 0 |
| S. V. Atkeker | 1 | 0 |
| S. N. Savant | 1 | 0 |
| T. N. V. Pillay | 1 | 0 |
| Surajbhau Narayandas | 1 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous | 2 | 12 |
| Rs. | 23 | 12 |
| Mr. A. N. Shrinivasan | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. P. M. Mehta | 2 | 0 |
| From the Tenants of Bhatia Building as below :— | 43 | 8 |
| Dulabhdas Gulabchand | 5 | 0 |
| Amratlal Hemchand | 2 | 0 |
| Valji Raichand | 1 | 0 |
| Girdharlal Virchand | 2 | 0 |
| Khushaldas Amirchand | 1 | 6 |
| Devchand Hathichand | 1 | 0 |
| Harichand Hemchand | 3 | 0 |
| Kalidas Dharamshi | 3 | 0 |
| Fulchand Narshi | 3 | 0 |
| Hirachand Chhagan | 3 | 0 |
| Hathichand Damji | 3 | 0 |
| Velji Ramji | 2 | 0 |
| Gulabchand N. | 3 | 0 |
| Pragji Tarachand | 3 | 0 |
| Lalubhai Jechand | 1 | 0 |
| Bai Motibai | 2 | 0 |
| Mahila Mandal | 3 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous | 2 | 8 |
| Rs. | 43 | 8 |
| Navayuvak Mandal Kumbar-Tukada | 7 | 0 |
| From the servants of Deshi Tobacco as below :— | 147 | 0 |
| Manilal Ranchhoddas Parikh | 31 | 0 |
| Sakalchand Manasukh bhai | 15 | 0 |
| Dosabhai Mangalji Shah | 10 | 0 |
| Nurabehram Manekchand | 11 | 0 |
| Maneklal Popatchand Shah | 7 | 0 |
| Choksy Tribhovandas Gandabhai | 5 | 0 |
| Tulasibhai Haribhai Patel | 5 | 0 |
| Vanechand Kasalchand Shah | 5 | 0 |
| Sakarabhai Gandabhai Choksey | 5 | 0 |
| Anupchand and Narabdashanker | 5 | 0 |
| Datatraya Ganesh Patakar | 5 | 0 |
| Kevalram Dalapatram | 5 | 0 |
| Ramdas Govind | 5 | 0 |
| Nanji Damodar | 3 | 0 |
| Himatlal Chhotalal | 3 | 0 |
| Natavarlal Gokaldas | 2 | 0 |
| V. G. Kulkarani | 2 | 0 |
| Shanker Kasiram | 2 | 0 |
| Dipchand Hemchand | 2 | 0 |
| Ramchandra Master | 2 | 0 |
| Datatraya Krishna Pradhan | 2 | 0 |
| Jayaram Dolataram Rane | 2 | 0 |
| Shantilal Khusalchand | 2 | 0 |
| Gopal Govind Savant | 2 | 0 |
| Shanker Shane Sheth | 2 | 0 |
| Balu Narayan | 2 | 0 |

(Continued on page 9.)

## In And Around Bombay

*(From Our Staff Correspondents).*

### *City Volunteer Corps*

There are nearly 80 volunteer corps in the city of Bombay. Most of them belong to one or the other of the communal organisations in the city. Since the Congress Volunteers Organisations were declared illegal, it is regrettable to note that there is not one single non-political, non-communal volunteers corps in the city, fully trained and organised, ready to take up any work and do it in an organised manner to the satisfaction of all. The need of such organisation was very keenly felt on the day on which the remains of Sjt. Vithalbhai Patel arrived, and the next day when the procession was taken out, and also on the "Bihar Day". With one or two disciplined volunteer corps in the city, which would be ready to take up the work like organising the "Bihar Day", Bombay would have surely acquitted herself better in the way of collections for the Bihar relief fund. There is the Swastik Volunteer Corps, which is really well trained and disciplined, but it is a communal organisation. It would be better if the heads of the different volunteers corps in the city put their heads together and evolved a certain system of training, by which all the volunteers belonging to the 80 different corps could be knit together so that they may be better fitted to undertake humanitarian work on a large scale whenever the occasion for such work arises.

### *Medicos' Travelling Allowances*

Should the lecturers in the G.S.M. College and honorary physicians and surgeons of the K.E.M. College, have carriage allowance? "No" say two well-known doctors, viz., Dr. M. V. Mehta and Dr. G. V. Deshmukh. These two medicos maintain that since the Government have discontinued the honorarium to their honorary staff of physicians and surgeons, the Bombay Municipality too should follow suit. The Municipal Commissioner, however, is opposing these two doctors, as he thinks that there is no place in the world where well-known doctors are requested to give not only their services free but also pay their own carriage expenses. Besides, he submits that the Municipality had entered into a solemn contract with the honorary staff to give them certain honorarium for carriage or incidental expenses and it was not right to go back on the contract without their consent.

### *One-Way Traffic*

While the one-way traffic has minimised the chances of accidents in the Fort area, the withdrawal of the police posts at some places, has again encouraged the careless drivers to drive in the old ways and, therefore, the lives and limbs of the pedestrians who walk on the road, thinking they are quite safe from the molestations of the vehicular traffic, are likely to be more in danger now than before. At times the pedestrians have been observed to escape injuries by "hair's breadth." A motor accident, which fortunately did not prove serious, occurred near the west end of the Elphinstone Circle a couple of days ago. Here a private-owned car came at full speed from the northern direction of the circle towards the west, which is now prohibited and dashed against a taxi car coming from the direction of the south. The compact was great and both the cars sustained damage. The withdrawal of the police post from this end is inadvisable and it requires to be kept sometime longer, till drivers get accustomed to driving only one way.

## ELDERS' CONCERN FOR 'QUAKE VICTIMS

### Sir Fazli Thanks Donors Of Viceroy's Fund

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8.

The Budget session of the Council of State commenced this morning with Sir Maneckjee Dadabhoy, President in the Chair.

About 20 questions were put. Sir N. Choksy was informed that Local Governments did not approve of the scheme to popularise the use of quinine tablets in glass tubes and so it was dropped. Arrangements were being made for experiments with totaquina as well as with other Alkaloids of quinine.

Sir Fazli Hussain informed Mr. Jagadish Prasad that there were 463 European and 214 Indians with permanent commissions in I M S In addition, there were 30 Indians with temporary commissions.

ALLEGED MOLESTATION OF WOMAN.

Mr. Banerjee in several questions referred to the alleged molestation of a certain Mahomedan woman by an Anglo-Indian guard on the E B Railway.

Sir Guthrie Russell said that Government had no information about the alleged crime. The Government expected that the Railway Administration and Bengal Government would deal with the matter suitably.

SYMPATHY FOR BIHAR SUFFERERS.

Sir Fazali Husain Leader of the House, moving a resolution expressing the deep sympathy of the House to the suffers in the earthquake briefly related the extent of damage so far ascertained. He thanked all those who had generously contributed to the Viceroy's Fund and hoped that the united efforts of all sections of people to alleviate distress would greatly reduce the extent of sufferings.

BUDGET DAYS.

The President read the Viceroy's message appointing Mr. Miller Babu Ramsaran Das, Mr. Bijay Kumar Basu and Sir Akbar Khan to the panel of chairmen. Another message fixing February 17 and February 27 respectively for presentation of the Railway and General Budget was conveyed to the House. The Secretary laid the Reserve Bank and Imperial Bank Amendment Bills as passed by the Assembly on the table. Sir Fazli read a statement of business for next week commencing with the discussion of the Reserve Bank Bill next Tuesday. The House is not sitting on Monday next.

Council adjourned till Saturday February 10.—A. P.

## AGRICULTURISTS GET REMISSIONS

### Sequel To Damage Of Crop In Delhi Province

NEW DELHI February 8.

In view of the excessive and widespread damage suffered by the agriculturists in the province on account of heavy rains and floods, the Chief Commissioner has ordered a special scale of remission in land revenue throughout the province. A similar remission in water rates will also be given in the area irrigated by the western Jumna canal.

In accordance with this order, out of the total fixed land revenue of Rs. 1,87,525 for kharif crop in 1933, Rs. 1,41,604 has been remitted, while a sum of Rs. 359 suspended. In addition to this, land revenue amounting to Rs. 37,067 under suspension from the previous harvests has also been remitted.—A.P.

### *AFTER GERMANY FRANCE?*

(Continued from page 6).

nance". There is every reason to assume that the absurd French royalists and other reactionaries are up to this game and we shall soon see whether the nation succumbs to it. As regards corruption in public life, Fascism instead of being a preventive of that more or less universal rule, consolidates it into a paramount structure. Is not the Fascist Government the very "raison d'etre" of the socio-economic system that finds itself menaced to-day?

## IN NAME OF SUFFERING HUMANITY

### Nariman's Appeal To Chemists And Druggists

The following letter has been addressed by Mr. K. F. Nariman, to the Chemists' and Druggists' Association as well as to individual dealers.

Dear Sir,—

The Joint Medical Relief Committee of the Bihar Central Relief Committee has sent us lists of requirements, with a request to have them despatched immediately to Muzaffarpur. May I request the Chemists' and Druggists' Associations as well as individual dealers in these commodities to arrange for them. Our Central Office will have them despatched by railway parcel at concession rates. A batch of lady-workers have already left, but effective medical relief is delayed for want of requisite drugs and medicinal requirements. In this particular case, even one day's delay may mean denial of medical aid for ever; hence, we will earnestly request you to t this matter as very urgent.

### Bombay Medical Women To The Rescue

The Bombay Branch of the Association of Medical Women is to be congratulated on the promptness with which, on getting an urgent message from Babu Rajendra Prasad, they managed to send immediately a contingent of six medical women headed by the well known doctor and social worker Dr. Miss Kashibai Nowrange, to do relief work among the purdah women in the affected areas of Bihar.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu helped to secure the necessary funds for their equipment from the central committee.

## DOMESTIC TROUBLE IN PATIALA STATE

### Second Son's Mission To Dehra Dun

LAHORE, Feb. 8.

The "Tribune" understands that the authorities of the Political Department, Government of India are worried about a little domestic trouble in the "Patiala" state. It is said that the second son of His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala has gone to Dehradun where he claims to be acknowledged as the first son, and therefore the Yuvraj having been born earlier than the present Yuvraj.

Question of titular rights is easily disposed of by Political authorities and by customs and usages which govern these matters but there are other serious issues raised by the second son.

It is further understood that professional opinion of Sir N. N. Sarcar, Law Member Designate to the Government of India has been taken.—United Press.

### *BILL TO ABOLISH HINDU CASTES*

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5.

A Bill which aims to abolish recognition of Hindu castes by Government and the courts and to call as Hindus as "Brahman as" has been given notice of in the Legislative Assembly by Mr. B V. Jadhav, a member from Bombay. —A.P.

### *NOT ESCAPED CONVICTS*

### *Six Arrested Bengali Fishermen Ordered To Be Released*

RANGOON, Feb. 8.

Six Bengalis who were picked up in exhausted condition from a small country boat 600 miles ort at sea in the Bay of Bengal on January 20th and subsequently remanded in custody here on suspicion of their being escaped convicts from the Andamans, have now been set liberty by the trying Magistrate.

The Magistrate ordered their release owing to want of evidence against them. In fact, it is now known that these men are really fishermen by profession as they described themselves when they were rescued from their small boat.—A. P.

### *WATERY GRAVE FOR TWO YOUTHS*

### *Gay Picnic Party And Its Sequel*

KOLHAPUR, Feb. 7.

The news of how a gay picnic party which visited Prayas a place four miles distant from Kolhapur ended in drowning tragedy, has reached here.

It is stated while a young man went down the river for a bath another busied himself with swimming. After a short while the first young man felt a sensation of being dragged down and sank struggling with the current of the river.

Seeing him fighting for life, his friend went to his rescue but were so entangled that both of them found a watery grave.—United Press.

### *TEACHER ARRESTED UNDER C. L. A. ACT*

BARISAL, Feb. 7.

Sjt. Hem Chandra Dutta, gymnastic teacher of Sreechaitanya School has been arrested under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act.

His cloth shop on Sadar Road has also been searched but nothing objectionable is reported to have been found.—United Press.

NAGPUR, Feb. 8.

Father of Nandal Potdar (Seth Krishan Gopal) died this morning he was a late Finance Minister of Kotah and Gwalior State.

### *NO CASE FOR WAGE CUT*

(Continued from page 6.)

and not for the decrease. If, however, the millowners have any case for a cut, let it be placed before an impartial tribunal for investigation. I, therefore, urge that the Government of Bombay should forwith appoint an 'ad hoc' Committee of experts to examine the present position of the textile industry with special reference to the prevailing unemployment and wage reductions. Its terms of reference should be both simple and wide and can be fixed in consultation with the workers' and employers' representatives. The Committee should be asked to report within the quickest possible time. I have no doubt that the appointment of a Committee is the only solution which may induce the workers to stay their hands. Otherwise, to oppose a strike and at the same time to do nothing to stop the onslaughts of the employers is nothing short of playing with the lives of the workers.

PROTECT THE WEAK.

The Government of Bombay owe a duty to the public as well as to the workers. Their silence has been cruel. They are the custodians of the lives of the people and it is one of their important duties to protect them from unfair attacks on their poor standard of life. The doctrine of non-intervention in industrial disputes is good enough in normal times. In abnormal times and when the social life of a large number of people has been violently disturbed and when workers have begun to starve, it is the duty of a civilised Government to protect the weak against the strong. I appeal to them with all my earnestness to appoint immediately a Committee such as I have suggested and satisfy themselves as to whether the workers are rash or the employers are selfish.

### *CHITTAGONG BOMB OUTRAGE*

### *Appeals Filed Against Death Sentence*

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8.

Appeals were filed to-day in the High Court on behalf of Krishna Choudhury and Harendra Chakraverty against death sentence passed upon them by the Special Tribunal in connection with the recent Chittagong Bomb outrage. —(United Press).

# WIG & GOWN BATTLE IN ASSEMBLY

(Continued from page 1.)

lowing the bill to be passed unanimously.

"PROTECT MINOR GIRLS."

Kunwar Raghubyr Singh moved that the Bill to protect minor girls be taken into consideration. He said that the evil of selling in marriage young girls to old men was prevalent in several Provinces and the practice was leading to many unhappy homes, weakening the race and increasing the number of widows and other evils. The Bill was backed by National Council of Women of Bombay and had the support of Hindu Shastras.

Captain Lalchand moved the circulation of the Bill for the purpose of electing opinions by 1st June.

Mr. Jadhav, Mr. Brijkishore and Mr. Amarnath Dutt supported the motion for circulation.

Dewan Bahadur Harbilas Sarda said that though in principle the Bill was quite sound, the provisions should be wholly recast by a Select Committee.

Bhai Permanand said that minor girls' marriages had been already prohibited by law and the Bill would not serve any useful purpose.

Sir Harry Haig pointed out several ambiguities in the Bill and said that Government had no wish to prevent further ventilation of views on the subject, and since it was the general desire of the House to circulate the Bill, the Government was prepared to support circulation.

The motion for circulation was passed.

Raja Bahadur Krishnamachariar did not move circulation of the Bill repealing the Child Marriage Restraint Act which was the next item on the agenda.

INDIAN BAR COUNCILS ACT.

Mr. Amarnath Dutt moved circulation of the Bill amending the Indian Bar Councils Act which, by abolishing distinctions about rights and privileges among advocatees, aims at the creation of the United Indian Bar. He wanted to show to the House by inviting opinions outside the House that even members of the English Bar did not oppose the Bill.

Mr. Navalrai supporting the motion said that different rules for the English advocates and Indian advocates were unnecessary.

Mr. Jog expressed the opinion that the time had come when there would be no distinction whatever between the two branches of the profession.

GOUR'S PRESCRIPTION.

Sir Hari Singh Gour said that members of the English Bar Council felt strongly on the retention of distinctive robes. He would prefer legislation prohibiting all except those holding diplomas of Indian institutions to practise at the Indian Bar.

That rule would save a large amount of money that was being spent to pass a comparatively easy examination in England. (Hear, hear.)

Raja Bahadur Krishnamachari thought that it would be a great calamity if the House accepted Sir Hari Singh Gour's argument.

RANGA IYER ATTACKS GOUR.

Mr. Ranga Iyer criticised Sir Hari Singh Gour for putting forth an argument which not even the reactionary of the worst type would accept.

He referred to Barristers like Gandhiji and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who directed the national movement. It was a pity that eminent educationists like Sir Hari Singh Gour thought Indian young men were spoilt by going abroad.

Sir Brajendra Mitter, Law Member said that personally he was in favour of one uniform standard of Indian Bar established on the lines of Dominions. Nevertheless they should not close their eyes to the existing conditions.

The only question was how they could have one uniform Indian Bar, while these distinctions existed. It was also a matter for consideration that a question like this did not lie with the profession itself without outside interference for example by legislature. For all these considerations, he would like the Bill to be circulated for opinion.

DISTINCTION MUST GO.

Mr. J. N. Aggarwal said that there was no meaning in perpetuating small distinctions and now that the Chief Justiceship was open not only to the 'vakils' but even to others. The last vestige of distinction should go.

Mr. Azharali criticised Sir Hari Singh Gour's speech as trying to impose a colour bar.

Mr. Yamin Khan said that the distinction between vakils and barristers should be removed, only if other distinctions such as those between the I.C.S. and P.C.S. were also removed.

Sir Lancelot Graham recalled how since 1929 the game of the mover in avoiding the Government motion for circulation had been going on. The speaker was happy that Mr. Amarnath Dutta had now moved circulation himself. The Government would support circulation though he was not deeply impressed by merits of the Bill.

Mr. Hoon said that the Bill served no useful purpose. The majority of Indian judges were recruited from the Vakil section, and they could alter the rules.

BARRISTERS' CASE

Mr. B. R. Puri said that equally eminent men belonged to two sides of Bar, but Sir Hari Singh Gour had played the role of the approver and vakils had made full use of it. (Laughter). But the fact that the "barrister members" had not uttered uncharitable words against the vakils whereas the "vakil members" had made sarcastic remarks about barristers showed clearly the distinction between the two branches of the profession. (Laughter). He added that even if vakils succeeded in depriving the barristers of their wig and gown or donning it themselves, even then a barrister would remain a barrister. Perhaps after that Mr. Dutta would come with the Bill saying that barristers should not put on smart clothes, should not shave and should not use soap. (Laughter).

BILL TO BE CIRCULATED.

Mr. Anwarul Azim defended barristers, while Sadar Sant Singh criticised barrister members for their pride and insolence. He respected those national leaders who even after qualifying for the Bar in England, yet retained their Indian outlook and sentiments. But he strongly resented those who tried to import foreign manners and methods into India.

Mr. Amarnath Dutt replying refuted Mr. Puri's allegations that vakils tried to imitate barristers to hoodwink clients by wearing the gown of barristers.

The House adopted the circulation motion.

Mr. N M. Joshi's two Bills amending Criminal Procedure Code were not moved, in view of the Government's assurance that the opinions of Local Governments in their possession on the recommendation of the Labour Commission on the subject would be circulated.

Mr. Ranga Iyer did not move his bill amending the Indian Penal Code, so that during the next Simla session, the passing of his Temple Entry Bill, now under circulation, may not be blocked

PRIVATE BILLS.

Many private Bills were introduced, including Mr. B. Das' Bill amending the Indian States Protection Against Disaffection Act, 1922.

The object of this bill is to stipulate that prosecution against an editor be instituted at the place where the offending newspaper is printed. In certain cases, prosecution is started in an out of the way place where the newspaper is sold. The bill seeks to avoid undue hardship on the editor or the author in defending his case.

Mr. Amarnath Dutt's Bill amending Criminal Procedure Code, 1898, was introduced. The statement of objects and reasons says that there is no law like the 'Habeas Corpus' Act in India and therefore the Bill provides for the suspension of the existing law to exclude arbitrary exercise of their powers of detention by Executive authorities.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai's bill to remove the disabilities of the so-called Depressed Classes with regard to Temple Entry was also introduced.

Before the President adjourned the House till Tuesday next, Sir Brojendra Mitter made a statement on the business and said that the Bill Amending the Tariff Act concerning miscellaneous goods as reported by the Select Committee would be taken into consideration on Tuesday.—A. P.


WANTED

At once some reliable men to keep a stock and to push the sale of Milton's Tea (loose or packed) on a monthly salary of Rs. 150. House rent and servants pay extra. All correspondences must be in English. For further particulars apply to the Manager, The Milton House, 43-1, Strand Road, Calcutta.



Produced by Darryl F. Zanuck the same who produced "42ND STREET" and "GOLD-DIGGERS OF 1933"

BROADWAY THRU A KEY HOLE

4 • BIG SONG HITS • 4

—LATEST DANCES—

Pretty blondes and vivacious brunnettes all here together

Commencing To-morrow, SATURDAY.

WELLINGTON

PLANS OPEN


# EXTRAVAGANT RECEPTIONS

## Criminal Misappropriation Of Purse Funds, Says Gandhiji

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Feb. 8.

Nowhere have reception committees been so extravagant as in Travancore in the matter of reception expenses, says Gandhiji writing for the latest issue of the Harijan. In some places he says it seems expenses have been almost half of the purses collected. "I had memo expenses already from two places the former included motor hire, printing and feeding charges. As usual I have asked for the detailed and audited account of the expenses. I have fear that even the cost of printing addresses has been set against the purses. If so, it amounts, in my opinion, to criminal misappropriation of purse funds.

The purses belong to Harijans. The cost of collection may be proper charges against them where committees are composed of poor people. In every case, purses may be handed intact. The expenses that may be passed may be refunded to the Committees concerned. This was the practice followed in Andhra and in C P so far as I am aware the entertainment expenses were in every case borne by private persons.

POINTS FOR HOSTS.

The following rules may be borne in mind by committees in future.

(1) fewest number of volunteers may be employed.

(2) Motor hire for local purposes should be minimised.

(3) Motor hire for the party should be separately shown so as to enable one to collect from those who are travelling at their own expense.

(4) Printing charges should be incurred only when absolutely necessary.

(5) No decoration charges can be allowed to be debited against the purse.

(6) On no account can Address expenses be paid out of the Purse fund. I have repeatedly said that addresses need not be presented at all. I know they have when they are spontaneously. If addresses continue to be presented thoughtlessly, sacrifice of propaganda value may have to be made. The Burden therefore rests upon the Reception Committee, of printing only those addresses that are spontaneous and have value in terms of the Harijan cause.

(7) Accounts for feeding party may be separately rendered when they are meant to be charged against the purse. I must say in fairness to the committees that outside Travancore I have not known committees having to defray feeding expenses."

## LUDHIANA COLLECTS Rs. 5, 000

LUDHIANA, Feb. 7.

Ludhiana is busy collecting funds for the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund. The Local Arya Samaj-Gurukal Section has already sent Rs. 1,000 to the Pratinidhi Sabha. Over Rs. 5,000 have been collected by the Relief Committee.

Besides these, collections are being made among the various bodies such as the Bar Association, the Doctors' Association, etc.

Even the villagers are contributing their quota. Rs. 300 were collected by Chaudhri Mohammad Hasa in his village Talwandi near Baikot.—United Press.

# DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED

## Pathan Found Guilty Of Murder Of Landlord

LAHORE, Feb. 8.

The Division Bench consisting of Justices Sir Abdul Qadir and Rangilal pronounced orders today confirming the death sentence of Sherdil, a Pathan of Mianwali District.

The Story for the prosecution was that Aya Ram (deceased) who was a resident of Kallur area, had large landed property in the neighbourhood. Prior to 1909, several ancestors of Aya Ram had been murdered. Then, about 16 years before he was murdered, it was alleged that he abducted a Mohammedan woman, who got herself converted to Hinduism. On this occasion trouble arose, but the Deputy Commissioner settled the matter by persuading Aya Ram to pay a sum of Rs. 1,300 to the husband of the woman as compensation.

On the 7th February, 1930, when Aya Ram accompanied by the others, was returning to his village, the accused Sher Dil accompanied by another and armed with a gun and a musket, met the party on the way. Both the culprits, it was alleged fired at Aya Ram who though injured galloped on his horse to his village where he was removed to the hospital. He succumbed to his injuries later. Sher Dil was arrested and put on trial—United Press.

# STOP PRESS

### O'DUFFY'S TIRADE.

LONDON, Feb. 8.

Fifteen thousand blue-shirted men and blue-bloused women ovated General O'Duffy when he delivered the presidential address of first convention of the United Ireland Party at the Mansion House, Dublin.

General O'Duffy attacking Mr. De Valera Government declared it had not got the courage to go out of the Commonwealth decently or stay in decently and the country suffering as a result.—Reuter.

### ALLENBY'S PLOT STORY.

LONDON, Feb. 8.

Lord Allenby on arrival in London confirmed the story of a plot against his life.

Interviewed by Reuter, Lord Allenby said that his tour to Java was cancelled following the Dutch authorities' warning that his life was in danger. He had no idea what was behind the plot. He gathered, the would-be assassins, were Eastern, and he informed they were Japanese, who wanted to injure him, but how or why he did not know.—Reuter.

### "C. R.'S" TRIBUTE TO "A. R."

MADRAS, Feb. 8.

"The late Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar would have played a great part in any possible settlement between Congress and Government and his death is a great loss to lovers of peace at this stage," declared Mr. C. Rajagopalachari interviewed by the Associated Press on his arrival at Madras to-day from Coimbatore after release from jail.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar was very much pained to learn of the earthquake. He was, however, pleased at the response of South India to the "Hindu's" appeal. He said: "We have received so much help in the past from our brothers and sisters in Northern India in our hours of distress that we should now try to share Bihar's sufferings."

"The Hindu" Earthquake Relief Fund now totals Rs. 61,048.—A. P.

### GERMAN LADY EXPELLED

VILLUPURAM, Feb. 8.

Madame Emmie Bergh described as a German woman has been expelled from the French territory under orders of the Governor of the French India on the ground that her stay in Pondicherry was found to be undesirable.—A. P.

### ANGLO-JAP DELEGATES

LONDON, February 8.

The Board of Trade announces that it has been arranged that discussions between representatives of the United Kingdom and Japanese cotton and Rayon industries begin at the Board of Trade on the 14th February.

Sir T. D. Barlow will lead the United Kingdom representatives and Mr. Okada will lead the Japanese.—Reuter.

### UNITY TALKS.

NEW DELHI, February 8.

It is understood that the informal meeting which was to have been held to-day of Muslim leaders who are here in connection with unity talks did not come off. The Raja of Salempur and Nawab Ismail Ali Khan have left for their respective places.—A. P.

# AMARNATH IN FORM

## Plays Brilliant Innings In Practice Match

MADRAS, Feb 8.

**In practice match in Madras Nayudu, Wazir Ali, Amarnath and Johnstone were in best of form. The Indian Test team were all out for 242 while Ward's XI made 140 for 9 wkts. The match ended in draw.**

About 1,000 spectators watched the one-day fixture between the All-India Team and H. P. Ward's Eleven, the proceeds of which are to be devoted to the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund.

SCORES.

INDIAN TEST TEAM.

| | |
|---|---|
| Naoomal st. Ward b Palia | 16 |
| Dilawar Hussain (retired) | 18 |
| Wazir Ali (retired) | 40 |
| C K. Naidu (retired) | 50 |
| Yuvraj of Patiala l-b-w b Palia | 22 |
| Amarnath (retired) | 37 |
| Merchant, b Human | 19 |
| Nazir Ali c Mehta, b Human. | 14 |
| C S Naidu, b Human | 3 |
| Mushtaqali (not out) | 14 |
| Amarsingh c Ramsingh b Human | 0 |
| Extras | 9 |
| Total | 242 |

WARDS ELEVEN.

| | |
|---|---|
| C P Johnstone l-b-w b Mushtaqali | 74 |
| Capt. Shaw c Yuvraj of Patiala b Amarsingh | 7 |
| White c Merchant b C S Naidu | 11 |
| Palia l-b-w b C S Naidu | 3 |
| Human c Mushtaqali b Amarsingh | 0 |
| Chamcak Mehta (not out) | 19 |
| Ranganathan (run out) | 0 |
| Ramsingh b Amarsingh | 7 |
| Ward b C K Naidu | 2 |
| Gonalon c Merchant b Amar-Singh | 3 |
| Ramachandran (did not bat | |
| Extras | 14 |
| Total for 9 (wkts) | 140 |

## CATTLES NEED URGENT RELIEF

The Bombay Humanitarian League has received the following telegram from Mr. Jayantilal Mankar, Secretary of the League, who is doing cattle relief work in the earthquake stricken area of Bihar:—

"Babu Rajendra Prasad agreed Committee entrusted with cattle relief. Central Committee giving earmark cattle donations and other grants. Chief Secretary to the Government highly appreciative of action. Cattle condition at Monghyr, Champaran and Muzzafarpur demanding urgent relief. Making arrangements. General condition anxious."

## AIRMAIL DELAYED

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Feb. 8.

The inward airmail due here to-morrow afternoon is understood to have been behind the schedule.

It is expected here late to-morrow night or Saturday.

Miss Indubala Devi who was arrested following the Burge Murder at Midnapore, was discharged by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.—A. P.

# BIHAR DAY MEETING IN LONDON

(Continued from page 1)

the tribute paid by prominent residents of Bihar to Governor Sirton and the magnificent Services assisting him. True to the traditions of the Services, they had thrown themselves heart and so the effort for relief, and from all hands he had tributes to the success and sympathy with which they are coping with a terribly difficult situation.—

NEED FOR GESTURE.

Sir S. Hoare said as the Secretary of State he was adding his appeal to that already made by the Lord Mayor.

"I want the city of London to respond in accordance with its ancient traditions, generosity and sympathy. I want to see another conspicuous example of sympathy and friendliness with which we always in the past, and I believe in the future, had done what we could to mitigate sufferings of our fellow-citizens of India. I therefore appeal with all the sincerity of which I am capable to the citizens of London to make a great response and give a further example of their feelings of friendliness, and in response, show an outward visible sign of partnership which exists between India and Britain." (Applause.)

LORD READING'S APPEAL.

Lord Reading dwelt on the sufferings of the inhabitants, despite strenuous efforts of the Viceroy, Governors of Bihar and other provinces and their assistants, also by merchants, landowners, and the general public, and last but not the least, by the poorest of the poor. He endorsed Sir S. Hoare's view of the calamity.

He proceeded to remind the city and country that not only was an opportunity presented of showing goodwill, sympathy and affection to India, but also of recalling what happened during the war and what assistance was given by India in money, men and lives in every possible way.

"Remembering all that, I trust we will give a prompt and magnificent response. We are not dealing with strangers, but appealing for those who are with us as a part of the Empire, who are fellow-citizens of the Empire and fellow-subjects of the gracious sovereign." (Applause.)

Sir Bhupen Mitra expressed gratitude on behalf of the afflicted and paid tribute to the warmth of heart of the British people beneath their apparent reserve. He said, he had been touched when he received subscriptions from humble working people unconnected with India. "We Indians are essentially a grateful people and never forget kindness. I am convinced that Lord Mayor's action in opening the fund will do much to bind even tighter bonds uniting India and Britain in the loyalty to the King Emperor."

Lord Lloyd associated himself with the Lord Mayor's work of mercy and thanked the Lord Mayor for opening the fund.

Sir Henry Wheeler seconding the vote of thanks to Lord Mayor reminded the meeting that the province itself was very poor and was compelled by disaster to start again from the bottom.—Reuter.

## MIDNAPORE METHODS

### Bengal Government Approves Action

CALCUTTA, February 8.

Replying to a question in the Bengal Council to-day, Mr R N Reid, Home Member, admitted that the Government had received a petition from Ashutosh Roy Choudhury of Balyagobindapur (Midnapore) alleging inter alia that in the early hours of 10th December last, his house was surrounded by the police and the military headed by the Special Magistrate and he was taken to the Soldiers Camp where he was detained without food till the end of the day and subsequently assaulted by the Magistrate for refusing to salute the Union Jack.

The Home Member added that Government had made enquiries and were satisfied that no oppression was committed on the petitioner.

Replying to another question, the Home Member said that in accordance with the practice and precedent when troops were on the march, the Sub-Divisional Officer, Tamluk (Midnapore) issued notices of a ceremonial parade to be held at Tamluk on 29th November last requesting the attendance of leading citizens and others including Title-holders. This was an invitation to attend a public ceremony and accord welcome to troops visiting the town.

As some of the invitees neither attended nor replied to the invitation, the Sub-Divisional Officer gave the gentlemen concerned an opportunity to explain their absence.

The Home Member added that the notices were not issued to humiliate responsible persons. Government approved of this action of the Local Officer in asking for an explanation.—A.P.

## EX-CIVILIAN'S VIEW

### Reply To Subhas Bose

LONDON, Feb. 8.

Mr. J. C. French (retired District Magistrate, Bengal) who gave evidence before the Select Committee, on November 14 in a letter to the "Manchester Guardian" replies to Mr. Subhas Bose's letter in the "Guardian" on February 5 regarding terrorists.

Mr. French declines to accept Mr. Bose's assumption that political crime never involves moral turpitude and says that murder and theft do involve it.

As regards the number of terrorists employed at the Calcutta Corporation, Mr. French says it is not merely the question of ex-convicts, but also those who had been in preventive detention and known to have sympathised with terrorism.

Mr. French in the course of his evidence to the Select Committee expressed the opinion that terrorists wished to establish the ancient Hindu rule and asserted that if the police was transferred to popular control, it would be unable to discharge its duty.

Mr. Subhas Bose in his letter to the "Guardian" said that the number of terrorists employed at the Calcutta Corporation was microscopic, and added since the Congress Party adhered to the view that political offence did not involve any moral turpitude, ex-political prisoners could not be debarred from municipal or State service.—Reuter.


THIS IS THE WAY TO prevent colds

● Many people seem to think that colds are unavoidable. Every year they expect to catch cold several times. If you are one of these chronic cold sufferers be sure to follow this simple treatment.

Gargle with Listerine, full strength, for 30 seconds twice a day, every day. This pleasant-tasting antiseptic kills 98% of the germs in the mouth and throat—the place where most colds get their start. Careful tests show that this simple health habit greatly reduces the chances of catching cold.

Gargling with Listerine Antiseptic also guards against sore throat and other more serious diseases that sometimes follow. Be safe, keep healthy, make gargling with Listerine a daily habit.

Have you tried Listerine Tooth Paste? It does all any tooth paste can do yet it sells for less than other quality dentifrices.

LISTERINE ANTISEPTIC

KILLS 200,000,000 GERMS IN 15 SECONDS

# OUR READERS' RESPONSE TO BIHAR'S CALL

(Continued from page 7)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Shanker Shivaram | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Manilal Dipachand | 1 | 0 |
| Pathan Valimohamadkhan | 1 | 0 |
| Shanker Balaji | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 147 | 0 |
| Anandrao G. Talapade | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. J. B. Girker | 2 | 0 |
| Purshotamdas Morarji Mistry | 25 | 4 |
| Miss Nilima Sinha Roy | 15 | 0 |
| From the Staff of Iron Bazaar through Kalidas Shamji Mehta as below :— | 108 | 8 |
| From the Staff of Shantilal Paramanand & Co. | 11 | 4 |
| From the Staff of Messrs. Chhotalal Keshavji & Co. | 11 | 0 |
| From the Staff of Premji Umarshi | 3 | 0 |
| From the Staff of Farjulabhai Rajaji | 3 | 0 |
| Jayantilal Laxamidas | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. Babreker | 3 | 0 |
| Nagindas Dwarakadas | 1 | 0 |
| Jagajivandas Manordas | 1 | 0 |
| Nanalal Dhanji | 1 | 0 |
| From the Staff of Pestanji Chhotubhai | 2 | 8 |
| Harishanker Keshavlal | 2 | 0 |
| Vadilal Maganlal | 2 | 0 |
| Shamji Fulchand | 1 | 0 |
| Gopalji Kalyanji | 1 | 0 |
| Mohanlal Amthalal | 1 | 0 |
| Vasuram Amarashi | 2 | 0 |
| Hirachand Vrajalal | 1 | 0 |
| Khimchand Abhechand | 1 | 0 |
| Parabhudas Balabhai | 1 | 0 |
| Raval Manishanker Nathubhai | 1 | 0 |
| Ratilal Pragji | 1 | 0 |
| Habib Mohmad (Dangar) | 2 | 0 |
| Chinubhai C. Shah | 2 | 0 |
| Amarchand Laxmichand | 1 | 0 |
| Tribhovandas Damji | 1 | 0 |
| Adamji Ebrahim | 1 | 0 |
| Ramjibhai Chhibabhai | 1 | 0 |
| Keshavlal Ramjibhai | 1 | 0 |
| Jivaraj Shivajibhai | 1 | 0 |
| Parsotamdas Ravidutta Joshi | 1 | 0 |
| Thakor Narayan Ramchandra | 1 | 0 |
| From the Staff of Tulsidas Veshanji | 2 | 0 |
| From the Staff of Chhaganlal | 1 | 10 |
| Sukhlal Mohanlal | 1 | 0 |
| Khetsybhai Jugalram | 1 | 0 |
| Prabhudas Tribhovandas | 1 | 0 |
| Parashotam Dhanajibhai | 1 | 0 |
| Chunilal Amthalal | 1 | 0 |
| Amratlal Bhanji | 1 | 0 |
| Pandharinath Balaji | 1 | 0 |
| Shantilal Mohanlal | 1 | 0 |
| Jagjivandas Damodar | 1 | 0 |
| Fulchand Girdhardas | 1 | 0 |
| Varjivandas | 1 | 0 |
| Vrajalal Hargovind Mehta | 1 | 0 |
| Mohanlal Nathuram | 1 | 0 |
| Hargovind Damodar | 1 | 0 |
| Chunilal Gulabdas | 1 | 0 |
| Durlabhaji Meghji | 1 | 0 |
| Kantilal Jathalal | 1 | 0 |
| Ishwarlal Amadhalal | 1 | 0 |
| Jagajivan Dharamashi | 1 | 0 |
| Nanchand Jathabhai | 1 | 0 |
| Ratilal Jadavji | 1 | 0 |
| Gangadas Jathalal | 1 | 0 |
| Khimchand Raichand | 1 | 0 |
| Shamji Kuverji | 1 | 0 |
| Nanalal Venilal | 1 | 0 |
| Bapulal Hararam Joshi | 1 | 0 |
| Trikamdas and Narabdashanker | 1 | 0 |
| Ambalal Aratji Barot | 1 | 0 |
| Bhagavanji Hargovind | 1 | 0 |
| Akabarali Gulamali | 1 | 0 |
| Pitambardas Narotamdas | 1 | 0 |
| Chhaganlal Bhavanishanker | 2 | 2 |
| Ratilal Jatashanker | 1 | 0 |
| Jathalal Narotam | 1 | 0 |
| Bansilal Ragunadhji and Vrijlal Tribhovan | 1 | 0 |
| Kanji Tribhovan | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 108 | 8 |
| Shanker and Balsakar | 5 | 0 |
| Himatcumar Chatrabhuja Keshani | 3 | 0 |
| Vithaldas Valji | 1 | 0 |
| Mahidar Himatlal as below :— | 5 | 0 |
| Mahidharlal Himatlal | 2 | 0 |
| Dhirajlal Mahidhar | 1 | 0 |
| Miss Kantilaxmi Vidyashanker | 2 | 0 |
| Rs. | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Chandulal Keshavlal | 11 | 0 |
| Ranchhodaji Bhulabhai as below :— | 15 | 8 |
| Ranchhodji Bhulabhai | 5 | 0 |
| Jinabhai Bhimbhai | 1 | 4 |
| Natavarlal Maganlal | 1 | 4 |
| Nichhabhai Kasanji | 0 | 8 |
| Govindji Bhulabhai | 0 | 8 |
| Bhikhabhai Jagabhai | 0 | 8 |
| Nichhabhai Jagabhai | 0 | 8 |
| Rambhai Ranchhodji | 0 | 4 |
| Haribhai Kasanji | 0 | 8 |
| Cooly Rama Bhana | 0 | 8 |
| Cooly Gopal Bhana | 0 | 8 |
| Cooly Bhagvan Mahar | 0 | 8 |
| Cooly Vasan Kanka | 0 | 8 |
| Kuverji Gopalji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Bhikhaji Gulabchand | 0 | 8 |
| Zinabhai Lalubhai | 1 | 0 |
| Bai Manchha | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 15 | 8 |
| Gandhi Chunilal Bhagavan Akhadiwala | 5 | 0 |
| Narotamdas Kuberdas | 3 | 0 |
| From the Staff of Shree Yshovijya Jivan Gurukul through Narotam B. Shah | 28 | 11 |
| Pestanji P. Talati | 10 | 0 |
| Shah Keshavlal Himatlal | 20 | 0 |
| Bhai Rustam Nasarvanji Driver | 20 | 0 |
| Jayantilal V. & Co. as below :— | 4 | 8 |
| Bhaichand Nanchand | 1 | 0 |
| Chhotalal Pragji | 1 | 0 |
| Bhavenishanker J. | 1 | 0 |
| Manilal C. and Jayantilal | 1 | 8 |
| Rs. | 4 | 8 |
| Aminabai A. Pajawani | 5 | 0 |
| Maganlal Jibhai | 5 | 0 |
| Hussain Mavaji | 5 | 0 |
| Bapurao Balabhai | 5 | 0 |
| M. R. K. Murti | 10 | 0 |
| Mr. V. G. Mohan | 10 | 0 |
| Mr. K. B. Daruvalla | 10 | 0 |
| Mr. F. Aguyar | 8 | 0 |
| Dayaram Faverchand | 9 | 8 |
| Dr. Miss K. S. Khopker | 10 | 0 |
| From Lohana Balashram Students Mandal | 17 | 1 |
| Ahmed W. Ismail | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. M. V. Oza | 4 | 0 |
| Kantilal V. Bhatt | 5 | 0 |
| Headmaster Kothari High School Kadi Post | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. B. Nilkandh | 51 | 0 |
| V. M. Padamarao | 10 | 0 |
| Second memory of Noshirvan Pirozshah Dobashi | 100 | 0 |
| Seth Hirachand Vasanji Porebanderwala | 501 | 0 |
| Mohanlal Vithaldas | 1 | 0 |
| Indian Staff of Messrs. Forbes Forbes Campbell & Co. as below :— | 145 | 0 |
| Mr. M. N. Hate | 20 | 0 |
| Mr. V. Y. Smith | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. S. M. Shroff | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. V. W. Waigankar | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. M. S. Parulkar | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. S. V. Rajadhyaksha | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. L. N. Dadkar | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. Kharshedji R. Mistry | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. G. B. Telang | 3 | 0 |
| Mr. N. D. Mistry | 3 | 0 |
| Mr. Manoo D. Cassoobhoy | 3 | 0 |
| Mr. M. K. Shah | 3 | 0 |
| Mr. R. B. Sirvala | 3 | 0 |
| Mr. S. D. Nadkarni | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. S. N. Gadikar | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. Shamrao G. Rane | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. J. P. Velingker | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. B. A. Fernandes | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. S. V. Pai | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. V. D. Nadkarni | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. D. A. Kulkarni | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. B. N. Kharas | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. G. D. Nadkarni | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. R. E. Khambate | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. N. R. Mistry | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. C. H. Balsara | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. Kashinath N. Raut | 2 | 0 |
| Mrs. D. Jukes | 2 | 0 |
| Mr. Anant Ganesh | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. R. A. Samant | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. G. S. Pinge | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. S. A. Mhatre | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. K. S. Parulkar | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. M. J. Pereira | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. Simon Pereira | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. V. Fernandes | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. J. F. Rebello | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. F. X. Gonsalves | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. L. John | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. Conrad D'Souza | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. J. I. Fernandes | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. A. E. Fernandes | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. M. F. D'Souza | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. J. M. Fonseca | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. J. Dias | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. Frank L. D'Souza | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. A. D'Souza | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. M. Alleluia | 1 | 0 |
| Miss Z. Little | 1 | 0 |
| Miss G. Dukes | 1 | 0 |
| Miss L. Boyd | 1 | 0 |
| Miss A. Friend | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. G. B. Rangnekar | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. R. C. Kulkarni | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. D. M. Keny | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. D. V. Muigaonker | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. W. N. Gorakshaker | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. P. M. Mistry | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. M. R. Mhatre | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. D. N. Dastur | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. V. Rahmath | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. D. V. Barot | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. D. N. Rege | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. J. N. Satha | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. H. S. Desai | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. V. K. Fadnis | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. K. S. Laud | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. J. K. Bhacka | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. W. H. Mahaddalkar | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. B. T. Kulkarni | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. E. K. Khasymay | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. S. Vithoba | 1 | 0 |
| Mr. K. G. Bawker | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 145 | 0 |

The following donations were received on Wednesday the 7th February:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| K K and Natvarlal Gulabdas Bhagat | 101 | 0 0 |
| Behn Padmagauri Harkisandas Manchharam Parekh | 25 | 0 0 |
| B G Bhanji | 1 | 0 0 |
| Late Ghampaban Vallabhdas | 1 | 8 0 |
| 3rd instalment from a Sympathiser Dharampur (Surat) | 100 | 0 0 |
| From the Servants of Bhendi Bazar Cloth Merchants | 80 | 0 0 |
| Mrs. Kanchanagauri Devi Chinai through N. F. Chinai, Bombay | 51 | 0 0 |
| The staff of Messrs. Nagindas Pooichand Chinai of Bombay | 41 | 0 0 |
| Students of G. T. High School | 370 | 0 0 |
| From the staff of Mulla Mohamed Ali Mulafabhai & Co. as below:— | 60 | 0 0 |
| Mr. Mohasinbhai A. Master | 15 | 0 |
| Shah Vanamalidas Lavaji | 15 | 0 |
| Ibrahim Mahmodali | 10 | 0 |
| Shah Babaladas Ghalabhai | 10 | 0 |
| Jyavant K. Vyas | 4 | 0 |
| Shah Vrajlal Nanchand | 2 | 0 |
| Akbarali Tayabali Khokhar | 2 | 0 |
| Sadikali Tayabali | 1 | 0 |
| Kyumbhai Abdul Kadar | 1 | 0 |
| | 60 | 0 |
| Balavantrai Bhaskarji Raut | 13 | 0 0 |
| The Cambay Match Works Cambay Proprietor Muslim & Co. | 101 | 0 0 |
| From the staff of Vallabhdas Dayar & Sons Shiveri | 10 | 0 0 |
| Kalidas Vallabhdas Mehta | 5 | 0 0 |
| Bhai Shivraj Bhurmulaji Balivala & Bhai Banji Punshi Mazagaon as below:— | 82 | 12 0 |
| Shah Bhurmulji Nathaji Baliwala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Ramchand Punamchand Vadalkiwala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Kanji Punashi Gundalawala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Banaji Motaji Shankerawala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Chalaji Kesaji Khimebvala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Gangaram Jivaji Balivala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Anandrajaji Wajirayaji Majagoanwala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Saradarmul Gulabchandji Majagoanwala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Punanchandji Olaji Majagoanvala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Hazarimulji Amarchandji Baliwala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Tarachand Sesamulaji Junakhajar | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Paramchand Dalchandji Majagoanwala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Sagarmul Harimulji Byculla | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Agarchand Hajarimulji Byculla | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Ramchand Hemaji Bhashlawala | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Bhikachand Valachand Baliwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Sultanmul Natmulaji Mazagoanwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Chamanaji Puramalaji Pamovavala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Jarremulaji Pukarajaji Mazagoanwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Himaimul Dhanaji Mazagoanwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Nihalchandji Varavaji Mazagoanwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Bhikamchand Dhulaji Mazagoanwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Nihalchand Kupachandji Mazagoanwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Sarichand Lakhamaji Khimawala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Samanaji Shavaji Junakhar | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Sesmule Pukhraja Mazagoanwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Chunilal Nandramji Mazagoanwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Fozamulaji Devichand Balivala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Ratanchand Dhulaji Junabazar | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Dipachand Khemchand Junabazar | 1 | 0 |
| Nanji Hirji Junabazar | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Khimaraj Bheraji Junabazar | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Pardeshi Shakkar Maraja | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Pardeshi Ramsumuti Biari | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Virchand Sagarmul | 1 | 0 |
| T K Shah | 2 | 4 |
| Shah Gopalji Trikamji | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Gumanji Khusalaji | 7 | 0 |
| Shah Kishanaji Seshmulaji | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Kishanaji Jusharmalaji | 1 | 0 |
| Two Bros | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Sagarmul Hazamimulaji | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Juharmul Hirachandji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Narashingji Pukharaji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Chalaji Keshaji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Punamchand Occaji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Fulchandji Kanaji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Kupachandji Gumanji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Paratapmull Jasaji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Rajamal Chalaichedaji (now Bhika Hyderabadwala | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Punamchand Gomaji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Sakalchand Pukaraji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Devichand Palanji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Motilal Manekchand | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Indaji Shavaji | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 82 | 12 |
| Tribhovandas Laladhar Thanawala as below:— | 9 | 0 0 |
| Tribhuvandas Liladhar Thanawalla | 2 | 0 |
| Kaji Miya Baba Miya Thanawalla | 1 | 0 |
| Shankar Raghunath Thanawalla | 1 | 0 |
| Tukaram Laxman Thanawalla | 2 | 0 |
| Laljee Keshavjii Thanawalla | 1 | 0 |
| N. B. Kode Thanawalla | 1 | 0 |
| S V Haldankar Thanawalla | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 9 | 0 |
| Staff of Jassawalla Batliboi & Co. as below:— | 6 | 0 0 |
| Nanji Shanji Patel | 2 | 0 |
| Herbert Clancy | 1 | 0 |
| Jitbahadur Gaganbahadur | 1 | 0 |
| Kersasp K. Dubash | 1 | 0 |
| Indrabahadur Sherbahdur | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 6 | 0 |
| One Zoroastrian | 3 | 0 0 |
| Mrs. Kantabai Desai Ghatkoper | 11 | 0 0 |
| In sacred mmory of late Mr. J. B. Irani | 5 | 0 0 |
| Kalyandas Parekh from the Cloth's Association and Social Club | 52 | 0 0 |
| M. B. H. M. | 2 | 0 0 |
| From the Khetwada Kumbharwada etc., karakhanawala & Staff as below:— | 2,701 | 1 0 |
| Messrs. Vithal Purshottam & Sons | 300 | 0 |
| Messrs. M. G. Shah & Co. | 125 | 0 |
| Messrs. D. Bhagavandas & Co. | 125 | 0 |
| Messrs. D. Vithaldas & Co. | 125 | 0 |
| Messrs. S. P. Mehta & Co. | 125 | 0 |
| Messrs. City Engineering Works | 101 | 0 |
| Messrs. The Star Mechanical Works | 75 | 0 |
| Messrs. Navagire & Co. | 75 | 0 |
| Messrs. Maherali Hirji & Co. | 75 | 0 |
| Sheth Manchershah P. Shethna | 75 | 0 |
| Sheth Kalidas Mulaji | 75 | 0 |
| Sheth Pitambardas Ramchandra | 51 | 0 |
| Sheth Lakhmidas Premchand | 51 | 0 |
| Messrs. R. Keshavlal & Co. | 51 | 0 |
| Messrs. L. Keshavlal & Co. | 51 | 0 |
| Messrs. Chimanlal Devachand & Co. | 51 | 0 |
| Messrs. Ratilal & Co. | 51 | 0 |
| Messrs. Devaji & Sons | 51 | 0 |
| The New Ripon Foundery | 51 | 0 |
| One sympathiser thro' Star Mechanical Works | 51 | 0 |
| Zorthosti Karakhanawala M. B. | 51 | 0 |
| Sheth Rajabali Allibhai | 35 | 0 |
| Messrs. P. & Heart Bros. | 25 | 0 |
| Messrs. Saraswati Engineering Works | 25 | 0 |
| Messrs. Standard Trading Agency | 25 | 0 |
| Messrs. H. Vadilal & Co. | 25 | 0 |
| Messrs. Kothari Bros. | 25 | 0 |
| Sheth Ratnoba Vithal More | 25 | 0 |
| Sheth Jayantilal Bakordas | 25 | 0 |
| Messrs. Industrial Engineering & Co. | 25 | 0 |
| Sheth Rustomji Kavasji Bharucha | 25 | 0 |
| Luhar Dalachharam Vish | 21 | 0 |
| From the staff of D. Vithaldas & Co. | 54 | 4 |
| From the Staff of Chimanlal Devachand & Co. | 37 | 0 |
| From the Staff of M. G. Shah & Co. | 19 | 4 |
| From the Staff of the Star Mechanical Works | 15 | 0 |
| From the Staff of S. P. Mehta & Co. | 10 | 4 |
| From Rayashi Naran & Sons | 15 | 0 |
| Nadirshah & Bros. | 15 | 0 |
| Engineer & Bros. | 15 | 0 |
| Seth Ghalabhai Nagardas | 15 | 0 |
| Seth Ramchandra Khanduba Khandagale | 15 | 0 |
| Seth Abdulnabi Nizamudin | 11 | 0 |
| Keshav Vithal Kotawal | 11 | 0 |
| Messrs. V. P. Trivedi & Co. | 11 | 0 |
| Messrs. Damania Bros. | 11 | 0 |
| Messrs. Ranchhoddas & Bros. | 11 | 0 |
| Messrs. S. K. Trivedi & Co. | 11 | 0 |
| Shyam Sunder Foundery | 11 | 0 |
| Luhar Lalaji Virji | 10 | 0 |
| Luhar Gangaram Jivraj | 7 | 0 |
| Luhar Jadavji Pitamber | 7 | 0 |
| Dalal Hiralal | 7 | 0 |
| Parajapat Nadhu Narayan | 5 | 4 |
| Luhar Narashi Meghaji | 11 | 0 |
| V. K. Dhangle | 5 | 0 |
| Bhathiwala Kanu Dollata | 5 | 0 |
| Bhathiwala Laxaman Pandu | 5 | 0 |
| Kansara Bhukhanadas Damodardas | 5 | 0 |
| Lotavala Shantaram | 5 | 0 |
| Habibbhai Attawala | 5 | 0 |
| Vallabhaji Vasanji | 5 | 0 |
| Arajan Narashi | 2 | 4 |
| Jayantilal Chunilal | 2 | 0 |
| Dalal Chhotalal Amratlal | 2 | 0 |
| Luhar Thakarshi Dharashi | 2 | 0 |
| Bhathiwala Sajana Krishana | 2 | 0 |
| Bhathiwala Laxman Govind | 2 | 0 |
| Bhathiwala Gopal Dhaku | 2 | 0 |
| Luhar Tribhovan Shanker | 2 | 0 |
| Chimanlal Vallabhram | 2 | 0 |
| Hussainali Hassambhai | 2 | 0 |
| Gajanand Vishavanadh | 2 | 0 |
| Sheth Ghalabhai Nagardas | 2 | 0 |
| One Mahomedan | 1 | 4 |
| Sutar Sakharam | 1 | 4 |
| Shridhar | 1 | 4 |
| Monghe Master | 1 | 0 |
| Pranjivandas Hargovindas | 12 | 0 |
| From the Staff of Vithal Purushotam & Co. | 223 | 1 |
| Rs. | 2,701 | 1 |

## A. I. S. A Remits Over Rs. 5000

The All-India Spinners' Association Bombay Branch have further remitted to Sjt. Bajendraprasad, Patna, the sum of Rs. 558|10|3, making the total of Rs. 5,230|14|3 up to 6th February, 1934.

## Shia Conference For Bihar's Rescue

The General Secretary of the All-India Shia Conference, Lucknow, writes:

The Shia Conference Lucknow has opened a Relief Fund for earthquake sufferers. Contributions, however, small will be gratefully accepted by the Secretary and remitted to the proper quarters.

## Agripada Merchants Contribution

Mr R K Achrekar, the Officer-in-charge of "E" Ward has received contributions amounting to Rs. 123-4-0 to the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund by the Cloth and Grain Merchants' Association, Haines Road, Agripada, Bombay.

### GHATKOPAR'S CONTRIBUTION EXCEEDS RS. 5,000.

The Ghatkopar-Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund started by the Ghatkopar Hindu Sabha has exceeded the total of Rs. 5,000.

A second instalment of Rs. 2,000 has been remitted to Sjt. Rajendra Baboo by the Hon. Treasurer Ghatkopar Hindu Sabha.

## EARTHQUAKE HAVOC AT MUZAFFARPUR

The terrible character of the devastation wrought by the earthquake in Muzaffarpur may be seen from these two views.

## VICEROY'S FUND TOPS TEN LACS

### Rs. 10,000 Sent From Gwalior Durbar

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6.

The following further donations besides others have been made in response to His Excellency's appeal for funds to relieve the distress caused by recent earthquake.

Amount already announced: £1,804 Dollars 100, Rs. 9,37,636-14-7; The Mayor of Bombay's Fund (further contribution) Rs. 18,000; The Principal Insurance Companies operating in India, per Calcutta Fire Insurance Association Rs 15,000; The Gwalior Darbar Rs. 10,000; The Directors, Bank of India Ltd., Bombay Rs. 10,000; Earthquake Relief Fund, Karachi Rs. 10,000; Messrs. Turner Morrison and Co. Ltd., Calcutta, and Bombay Rs. 10,000; P and O Banking Corporation Ltd (Head Office and Branches) Rs. 5,000; Grand total:—£1,804, Dollars 100, and Rs. 10,73,988.

## 'QUAKE RELIEF FUND COMMITTEE

### Over Rs. 900 Received At Central Office

Further contributions received at the Central Office, Earthquake Relief Fund Committee, Joshi Building, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, on Thursday.

Seth Chatrabhuj Gordhandas Morarji earmarked for Medical Relief Rs. 501.

Book collection by Miss Bachuben Lotwalla Rs. 100 as below:—Haridas P. Parekh Rs. 15; Bhagwandas Mehta Rs. 11; Sundries Rs. 74. Total Rs. 100.

Bachuben Lotwalla (in memory of mother) Rs. 51; Mohandas Kamalsey Rs. 51; Mrs. Mohandas Kamalsey Rs. 51; Hiralal Surchand Shah and Shantilal Mohanlal Shah of Sadar Bazar, Poona, thro' Chandulal Chhotalal Rs. 51; Mutual Co-operative Society, B.B. and C.I. Rly. Carriage Dept. thro' Jinabhai Fakirchand Rs. 30; Dayalji Bapuji Rs. 25; S. K. Malik & Co., thro' Jinabhai P. Joshi Rs. 25; Residents of Bhuleshwar Fulgali and Bhagatwadi (3rd instalment) Rs. 26-3; Babu Indu Bhusan Dass Rs. 5; Vishnu Pant Rs. 2; Mr. T. Gavan Rs. 1; Box Collection by Hiralaxmi Rs. 2-12-9; Book collection sundry Rs. 7-8. Total Rs. 929-7-9.

### Received At Central Office

The following are details of collection received by the Central Relief Committee, Joshi Building, Kalkadevi already acknowledged.

Particulars of Rs. 805|- received from Mangaldas Market Saree Merchants' Association, as under:

Govindji Bhanji 101, Mulchand Jevatraj 101, Mathuradas Vallabdas 51, Vallabhdas Dayal 51, Jashraj Hamirlal 51, Ratanchand Shantidas 51, Punamchand Velraj 41, Dwarkadas Parshottam 31, Narayandas Parmanand 31, Dharamsey Jivandas 25, Nathmal Sheshmal 25, Lakhichand Ravjibhai 25, Vallabdas Parshottam 21, Pitaamber Tulsidas 21, Dhanji Lalji 21, Jamnadas Popatlal 21, Mataprasad Mahadevprasad 21, Pratapsing and Co., 21, Swadeshi Cloth Trading Association 21, Jumai Bulakhi 11, Pundlik Yeshvant 11, Saree Association Fund 51, Sundries.1, Total 805.

Rs. 701|- from Uran Merchants as follows:—

Uran Bazar Fund Rs. 209, Ratanji Narotam 101, Parmanand Jinabhai Sarvisa 101, Nursi Bawabhai 101, Lakhmichand Chatrabhuj 51, Chhotlal Ranchhoddas 25, Ratanji Virji 25, Harilal Karsan 15, Girdhar Ranchhod 11, Chhaganlal Jadavji 11, Dhanji Jina 11, Meghabai 11, Natwarlal Chandulal 11, Babubhai Vanmali 5, Lakhmichand Hargovind 5, Girdhar Keshavji 5, Sundries 3, Total 701|-.

Rs. 21-12-0 through Mr. I. S. Patel "G" Ward as follows:—

Swami Bros. 5|- Sundries 16-12. Total Rs. 21-12.

Rs. 55 through Mr. I. S. Patel "G" Ward as follows:—

Barbhaya Kapole and Co. 21, Sundries. 34, Total 55.

Rs. 358-2-0 through Mr. Jinabhai P. Joshi, "F" Ward, as follows:—

By Abdul Satar 35, Abdul Satar (Box collection) 42-4 Sundry box collection 46-12, Dr. B. M. Vaidya 20, Jamshedji C. Pesikaka 10, Dr. S. Sanjiv Rao 10, Ambalal P. Joshi 10, Harilal Haribhai 6, Dr. Rahalkar 5, Tendulkar' Dalichand Panaji 5, M. Z. Patel 5, Mrs. Dubash 5, A Zarthoste 5, Nowroji Hormasji 5, Mrs. Kohiar 5, Byramji Kohiar 5, Manekji Daruwalla 5, Krishnappa 5, Chintamani Lalla 5, Kundanmal Jasraj 5, Sardarmal Vanaji 5, Baldev Prasad 5, A Sympathiser 5, Udmallu 5, Lalji Kanji 5, Satisprasad Hotelwalla 5, Sundries. 82-10, Total 358-2-0.

Rs. 75 through Mr. Achrekar and Friends as follows:—

Dharma Shikshane Nirashrit Sahayak Mandal Byculla, 25, Sundries, 50, Total 75.

Rs. 105 from the Swastik Oil Mills Ltd., staff as follows:—

Dr. F. Wittaka 27, Parshoo Maccadam and his staff 11, S. S. Dastoor 7, B. R. G. Pendharkar Rs. 5, N. M. Shah 5, Sundries 60. Total 105.

Rs. 289 from the staff of the Uganda Cotton Trading Co. Ltd., Bakubhai Ambalal and Co., and Swastik Oil Mills Ltd., jointly as follows:—

C. S. Patel 70, C. M. Patel 51, S. V. Patel 51, (Directors) M. G. Mehta (Secretary) 15,, B. T. Patel 11, H. G. Javeri 11, M. N. Shah 9 M. G. Diwan 7, P. Mahogoanker 7, R. V. Kapadia 7, G. M. Le Fleurier 5, S. Mani 5, M. R. Merchant 5, Mahashankar P. Upadyaya 5, J. S. Shah 5, U. J Pandya 5, S. A. V. Raman 5, Shivaji Kanji and Co. 5, Sundries 10, Total 289-0-0

## PRINCES HAVE NOT DONE THEIR DUTY

### Total Collections Are Inadequate, Says Dr.. Mahmud

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 7.

The total collections for the relief of Bihar are very small judged by the needs of the situation, according to Dr. Syed Mahmud, who has returned from a study of the earthquake area.

Both the Viceroy's Fund and Rajendra Prasad Fund together amount to sixteen lakhs, says Dr. Mahmud, while fifteen crores would be insufficient.

Dr. Mahmud thinks that the Princes of India have not done their duty in the matter of subscription.

He praises the work of local officials, Messrs. Pillai and Hamid.—A. P.

## RAMBHAROSE HOTEL'S OFFER TO BIHAR

The manager of the Rambharose Hotel invited Mr K F Nariman and other leaders to his hotel at Grant Road Corner, on Tuesday night to announce that all the income of the day upto 3 o'clock in the morning of the 7th inst. of all three Hotels belonging to Seth Bhagwandas Majithia will be handed over to the Bihar Relief Committee.

Mr. Nanalal Bhagwan, the manager of the Hotel had obtained permission by wire from the Proprietor, who is not in Bombay.

Some members of the public readily subscribed on the spot and it was declared that these donations should also be counted in the day's earnigs.

## Shorthand Writers For Bihar Relief

The Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Shodthand writers association writes:—

Our Association has paid to the Bihar Central Relief Committee Earthquake Fund through the Central Bank of India. Ltd., Rs. 46/12/0 as a first instalment

*Latest Commercial News*

# FURTHER SHARP RISE IN NEW YORK COTTON

## New York Cotton Prices 22 Points Up

## SMALL RISE IN LONDON GOLD AND SILVER

## Commodities Dull And Featureless

BOMBAY, Feb. 8.

On Thursday, the sterling dollar and the sterling franc cross-rates witnessed only minor fluctuations.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET FIRM.

The New York cotton market was easy after the opening time on account of an inclination on the part of traders to secure profits but subsequently a steady tone prevailed. The closing tone was very firm in response to better stock exchange markets as a result of hopeful French political situation.

STEADY TONE IN LONDON BULLION.

London gold and silver prices marked a small rise with a steady undertone but the local bullion market ruled slightly easy on account of profit-taking by bulls.

FOREIGN WHEAT DULL.

Liverpool and Chicago wheat markets ruled dull and easy to-day with little doing. Argentine linseed witnessed a slight advance.

FRENCH BANK RATE RAISED.

The French Bank Rate has been raised to 3 per cent from 2-1/2 with a view to discourage withdrawals of gold from French to America.

## COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(May 1934.)

New York, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing rate | 12.03 |
| To-day's opening rate | 12.04 |
| Difference | +.01 |
| To-day's closing rate | 12.25 |
| Difference | +.22 |
| Broach Expectation | 216 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

(May 1934.)

Liverpool, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing rate | 6.30 |
| To-day's opening rate | 6.29 |
| Difference | —.01 |
| To-day's closing rate | 6.23 |
| Difference | —.02 |

### NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Feb. 8.

With an inclination to take profits by traders the New York cotton market showed no tendency to rise throughout the session.

Trading in May option commenced with one point higher at 12.04 and immediately sagged to 11.97 on profit-taking and realising. Later however the market steadied and fluctuations were extremely narrow.

Later on the New York cotton prices steadily improved and closed firm at 12.25 with a rise of 22 points.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Feb. 8.

The following were the opening quotations:—

March (11.99|11.95) 11.90|11.90.
May (12.17|12.16) 12.05|12.03.
July 12.34|12.32) 12.22|12.21.

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Feb. 8.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American March (6.35) 6.30.
American May (6.33) 6.27.
Egyptian March (9.04) 8.92.
Egyptian May (9.00) 8.88.

### BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 8.
11-0 p.m.

Broach A.M. was quoted at Rs. 212 at 11-0 p.m. when New York cotton were 4 to 5 points down. The tendency in the local cotton market was slightly reactionary to-day after yesterday's sharp rise.

### BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Feb. 8.

The silver market ruled steady to-day. The opening rates were Rs. 56|2, 56|2 and 58|7 for ready, Mah and Fagun delivery very little business passed through throughout the session and the market finally closed easy at Rs. 55|3, 55|13, and Rs. 58|5.

Gold opened steady on option settlement touching Rs. 34|2 but dealers buying first and second later on London advices and weak dollar closed quiet at 11 p.m. at Rs. 33|14|6, 33|14|6 and 33|14|3 for ready, Fagun and Chaitra delivery.

## EXCHANGES

### LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.98 3|4 |
| To-day's closing | 5.01 1|2 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 5.00 3|4 |
| To-day's opening | 5.01 1|4 |
| To-day's closing | 5.01 3|8 |
| Difference | +.00 5|8 |

FRANC RATE.

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 78.75 |
| To-day's opening | 78.06 |
| To-day's closing | 77.93 |
| Difference | —.82 |

### LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Feb. 8.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.01-1|4 and remained steady finally closing at 5.01-3|8.

Franc opened at 78.06 and receded slightly closing rate being 77.93.

LONDON SILVER.

London, Feb. 8.

The market was quietly steady.

| | Last price. | To-day's price. |
|---|---|---|
| Spot | 19 11|16d. | 19 3|4d. |
| Forward | 19 3|4d. | 19 13|16d. |

LONDON GOLD.

| | Last Price. | To-day's Price. |
|---|---|---|
| | London, Feb. 8. | |
| Gold per oz. | £6|16|6 | £6|16|9 |

BULLION.

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Influx (Nil) | Nil. |
| Withdrawal (Nil) | Nil. |
| Gold (£6|16|6) | 6|16|9. |
| Silver (19 11|16d.) | 19 3|4. |

DISCOUNTS.

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| 3 months (1-1|32 p.c.) | 1-1|32 p.c. |
| 4 months (1-1|16 p.c.) | 1-1|16 p.c. |
| 6 months (1-1|8 p.c.) | 1 1|3 p.c. |

CROSS-RATES.

London, Feb. 8.
3-30 P.M.

| | |
|---|---|
| London on Bombay | (1.6-3|32) 1.6-3|32. |
| Paris on Bombay | (5.96 1|2) 5.87. |
| New York on Bombay | (37.50) 37.75 |
| Berlin on Bombay | (0.97 1|2) 0.98. |
| London on Milan | (59.18) 58.37. |
| London on Shanghai | (1-4 3|8) 1-4 5|16. |
| London on Kobe | (1-2 9|32) 1-2 9|32. |

## COMMODITIES

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Feb. 8.

Liverpool wheat opened quiet at 50-3|4, for March, 52-1|4 for May and 53-5|8 for July i.e., about 1|4 penny lower than yesterday's closing. There was very little doing and closed still lower..

CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET.

Chicago, Feb. 8.

Chicago wheat opened quiet with May at 90 July at 88-3|4 and September at 89-3|4. Trading was quiet and the market lacked support.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE.

Chicago, Feb. 8.

Chicago oats opened slightly lower than the previous closing with May at 37-1|2 and July 35-1|2. In the absence of demand the market ruled quiet. Rye opened at 52.

ARGENTINE LINSEED.

Buenos Aires, Feb. 8.

Argentine linseed showed a slight improvement and at noon May was quoted at 12.16.

## LONDON MARKETS

London, Feb. 8.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. in the London markets:—

METALS.

Tin (£226 7|8) £226 quiet.
Lead (£11 11|16) £11 3|4 steady.
Iron (£65) £65.
Electrolytic Copper (£36 1|2 to £37) £36 3|4 to £37 1|4.

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (1-1) 1-1 1|4.
Indian Pekoe higher (1-7) 1-6 1|2.
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 1|4) 1-1 1|4.
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9 3|4) 1-9 3|4.

JUTE.

First Market c.i.f. Continent New Crop Feb.|Mar. (£15 7|8) £16 paid and sellers.
Dundee Feb. (unquoted) £18 1|2.
Lightning Feb. (unquoted) £17 1|4

RUBBER

Spot (5 1|16) 4 7|8 paid and buyers.
Jan.|Mar. (5 1|8) 4 31|32 paid and value.

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay Feb.|Mar. (£11-9|16) £11 1|2 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta Feb.|Mar. (£11 3|8) £11 3|8 sellers.
Linseed La Plata Feb.|Mar. (£9-7|16) £9 7|16 sellers.
Rapeseed Toria Feb.|Mar. (£ 3|8) £9 1|4 sellers.

## JUTE SHARES UNCHANGED

Calcutta, Feb. 8.

Jute Shares ruled practically unchanged at about yesterdays rates. In Coals moderate business resulted. Teas were firm. In Miscellaneous rubbers were in fair request at steady rates. Sugars were easier while engineering issues were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3 per cent paper 74;3 1/2 per cent paper 85/7; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 95/11; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 114/11 small lot 5 per cent loan 1939/44 Rs. 103/12; 5 per cent loan 1949/43 107/5.

Banks:—Imperial Bank conty 304 small lots.

Railways:—Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar (Guaranteed) 79.

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpore 17/12 odd lot; Dunbar ordy 110; Kesoram pref 105/8; New Victoria pref 3/14.

Coals: Bengal 229/8 small lot; Bengal Nagpore 39/8 odd lot; Burrakur 13/4; Equitable 19/8 Raneegunge 41/8.

Jutes:—Alliance 326; Anglo India 356; Belvedere 362; Clive 23/12 small lot; Dalhousie ordy 355 small lot; Delta 354 small lots; Howrah "A" pref 119 small lot. Howrah 53/10; Hukumchand 10/10; Kamarhatty 562; Lawrence 462; National 22/12 small lot; New Central pref 123/4; Presidency 5/12; Standard 320. Union 434 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 9/5; Smith Stani Street pref 10; Bengal Telephone ordy new issue 14/6; Burn & Co. 6 per cent pref 98/8; Indian Standard Wagon ordy 48/8; Concord of India Insurance 8/8; premium. Indian Wood Products 30 cum div; Calcutta Landing and Shipping 9/2; India General Navigation ordy 77; Sugar 9/4; Cawnpore 29/12; Murree Brewery 184; Carow & Co. 16/8 odd lot; Champaran 19; New Savan 13; Samastipore 7/12.

Tea Shares:—Bormahjan 2/6; Central Cachar 89; Hattikhira 21/12; Gungaram 283; Ledo 223; Tumsong 26/8.

# BRIGHTER CONDITIONS ON THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

## Effect Of Hopeful French Political Outlook

### GOOD BUSINESS IN SUGAR AND RUBBER

### Reinsurance Premium For Gold Shipments Raised To 30 Shillings Per Cent

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Feb. 8.

**On the stock exchange, settlement of the past account, which was heavy, occupied the most attention. Nevertheless with French political outlook regarded as more hopeful somewhat brighter conditions prevailed. French loans improved. Gold Minings also especially attracted fresh attention.**

**Feature in commodities were strength in maize, good general demand revealing shortage of old crop offerings. Good business was done in sugar and rubber but it was chiefly of speculative covering nature.**

**On Wall Street following early heavy selling partly owing to the Federal plan for regulation of speculation the market quietly rallied.**

**Fremium for reinsurances in gold shipments to America now 30 shillings per cent (therefore likely to restrict future shipments.)**

## INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Feb. 8.

**The 3½ p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £87-7|8.**

## LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Feb. 8.
3-30 p.m.

The Stock Exchange markets generally ruled qciet. Gilt-edgeds were inactive. Industrials were generally steady but business was restricted. Internationals after being firm reacted.

BRITISH FUNDS.

3-1|2 per cent Consols (£75 7|8) £75 7|8.
3 1|2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 3|8) £102 3|8.
4 1|2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 7|8) £109 7|8.
4 per cent Funding Loan (£112 1|8) £112 1|8.
3 1|2 per cent War Loan (£101-7|8) £101 7|8.
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£111) £111.

INDUSTRIALS.

Brazilian Traction (dol. 14) dol. 13 3|4.
International Holding (dol. 2 5|8) dol. 2 1|4.
Hydro-Electric (dol. 8 3|8) dol. 7 3|4.
Electric Music Insurance (23-7 1|2) 22-0.
Princhin John (32-9) 33-0.
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (31-7 1|2) 31-7 1|2.
Woolsworth New Ordinary (93-3) 93-1 1|2.
Swadeshi Match (10-0) 3-9.
Dunlop Rubber (42-3) 41-9.
Unilver Ordinary (24-6) 24-6.
Ford Motor (25-0) 25-3.
Cables and Wireless (10-3|4) 10-3|4.
British-American Tobacco (116-10 1|2) 116-10 1|2.
Cameras "A" (£7 7|8) £8.
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (117-7 1|2) 117-9.
P and O. S. N. Co. Def. (17-10 1|2) 17-10 1|2.
Distillers (84-9) 84-5.
Bradsford Dyers (15-0) 15-0.
British Celanese (14-6) 14-4 1|2.
J. and P. Coats Ordinary (60-9) 60-9.
Courtaulds Ordinary (43-3) 43-10 1|2.
Fine Cotton Spinners (14-3) 14-3.
Wickers Ltd. Ordinary (8-3) 8-1 1|2.
Inter. Nickel (dol. 23 3|8) dol. 22 3|4.
Bengal Iron and Steel ((7-0) 6-10 1|2.
Tata Iron and Steel (£109) £109.

THE SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Feb. 8.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 26/13 Highest Rs. 26/14 Lowest Rs. 26/11/3 Closing Rs. 26/13/6

Groundnut Seeds Delivery Feb. Opening Rs. 23/8 Highest Rs. 23/8/6 Lowest Rs. 23/6 Closing Rs. 23/8

Groundnut Seeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 25/1 Lowest Rs. 24/15 Closing Rs. 25/1

## INDIAN LOANS

London, Feb. 8.
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£75 1|2) £75 3|4.
3 1|2 per cent Indian Stock (£87 3|4) £88.
4 1|2 per cent Indian Stock 1950|55 (£108 1|4) £108 1|4.
4 1|2 per cent Indian Stock 1958|68 (£110) £110.
4 1|2 per cent New Indian 1948|53 (£103 3|4) £104.
3 1|2 per cent New Indian 1954|59 (7|8 p.c. dis.) 3|4 p.c. dis.
5 per cent Indian 1942|47 (£109-3|4) £110.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945|65 (£109 1|4) £109 1|4.

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (31-10 1|2) 21-10 1|2.
Doran Tea (58-0) 58-0.
Empire of India and Ceylon (41-3) 40-7 1|2.

JUTE SHARES.

Barnagore (£11) £11.

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo|Dutch Rubber (22-6) 21-6
Gula Kelampong (20-7 1|2) 20-7 1|2.
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (29-6) 23-7 1|2.

MINING SHARES.

Nundydroog (60-0) 61-3.
Burma Corporation (13-9) 13-9.
Rio Tintos (£21 3|8) £21 3|8.
East Rand Proprietary (46-7 1|2) 46-7 1|2.
Rand Mines (128-9) 128-9.

OIL SHARES.

Venezeula (38-1 1|2) 38-1 1|2.
Anglo-Persian (50-0) 50-0.
Burma Oil (90-0) 90-0.
Mexican Eagle (11-10 1|2) 11-10 1|2.
Shell Transport (55-7 1|2) 55-7 1|2.
Royal Dutch (£23 1|2) £23 1|2.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Feb. 8.

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange:—

General Motor (dol. 40) dol. 39 3|8.
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol. 17 3|8) dol. 16.
U S Steel (Common) (dol. 59) dol. 56 7|8.
U S Steel (Preference) (unquoted)

## RUBBER OUTPUT AND EXPORT

### Move For Regulation And Reduction Of World Stock

RANGOON, Feb. 8.

With a view to adjusting in an orderly manner the supply of rubber to demand and maintaining a fair and equitable price level that would be reasonably remunerative to efficient producers, the Burma planters at a meeting resolved to request the Government of Burma to urge the Government of India to co-operate with other Governments concerned to bring about regulation of production and export of rubber with the object of reducing the existing world stocks to the normal figure.—A. P.

# FRENCH BANK RATE RAISED TO 3 PER CENT

## DISCOURAGING WITHDRAWALS OF GOLD FROM FRANCE

PARIS, February 8.

The Bank rate is increased from 2½ to 3 per cent. The object presumably is to discourage withdrawal of gold from France notably to the United States. Another important effect of this move is its deflationary significance which should tend to bring internal price levels of France and United States more into line. —Reuter.

## HOLLAND WILL STICK TO GOLD

HAGUE, February 8.

A definite assurance that Holland will neither abandon gold standard nor reduce the gold content of the ten guilder coin was given by M. Colijn, in the Upper Chamber.

M Colijn says that Government continues to reject all monetary experiments, because the consequences are incalculable.—Reuter.

Benares, Feb. 7.—Acharya Kripalanji has come to Benares and is staying at the Hindu University.—United Press.

## DUTY ON GOLD EXPORTS

### M. L. As Give Notice Of Resolution In Assembly

NEW DELHI, February 8.

Notice has been given of a resolution signed by Mr. Bhupat Singh and many other members of the Assembly belonging to different parties recommending that immediate steps be taken for the levy of reasonable revenue duty on the export of gold from India with a request that the resolution may be ballotted for discussion during the current session of the Assembly.—(United Press.)

## INDIAN STATES & IRWIN CIRCULAR

NEW DELHI, February 8.

Mr S. G. Jog has tabled questions asking the Government to make a comprehensive statement on Indian States in which some form or other of representative institutions has been established, following the advice of Lord Irwin and what steps were proposed to be taken to induce other states to fall into line.—A.P.

## ALLEGATIONS OF ILLTREATMENT DENIED

(Continued from Page 12.)

mined the witness. He stated that he was in the Bombay Police Force for the last 18 years. He was a sub-inspector all along.

**No Promotion.**

Counsel asked why he had not received a promotion all those years?

Witness retorted: "Promotions do not go so easy." (Laughter).

Proceeding witness said that he arrived at the residence of Tarapore ten minutes after he had received information of the murder. Later he left the place to fetch Dr. Bedekar to examine the body.

Judge: Did you leave anybody in charge of the body, when you left to fetch the doctor?—Inspector Stokes and other C.I.D. officers were in the room.

To further questions witness said that the panchanama about the dead body was made at about 4 p.m. on September 19.

**Omission in Panchanama.**

Counsel: You have made no mention about the find of the key of the cupboard in the 'panchanama?

Witness: No.

Counsel: You have not mentioned it because the keys were not there?

Witness: I did see the keys lying near the body.

Judge: Why did you not then mention it in the panchanama?

Witness: I have mentioned the keys in the articles that I took charge of.

KEYS NOT MENTIONED

Judge: At the time you made the panchanama did you make the discovery whether any jewellery was stolen.

Witness: I made the discovery from the jewellery box kept in the cupboard.

Judge: There were no marks of violence on the cupboard?

Witness: No.

Judge: You must have concluded from that that the cupboard was opened with a key.

Witness: Yes.

Judge: Did it not occur to you in these circumstances that it was necessary to take charge of the keys.

Witness: It did occur to me but I did not take charge of them then.

Judge: Nor mention it in the Panchanama?—No.

Judge: These keys were one of the most important evidence in this case. Did you not think so.

Witness: I should think so now.

Judge: Did it not occur to you as very desirable to draw the attention of the panchas to the fact that the keys of the cupboard were lying near the body.

Witness: It occurred to me. But I have not drawn the attention of the panchas to them.

Judge: Why not?

Witness: I was very busy at the time.

To the defence counsel witness said he had made no mention of the keys before the committing Magistrate.

PLAIN QUESTIONS WANTED

The Judge at this stage remarked: "If there is any suggestion of conspiracy between the police and the witnesses questions in plain language ought to be put to witnesses in order that the jury may be able to follow them."

MOTIVE FOR MURDER.

In further cross-examination witness admitted that till a list of the ornaments recovered was made, Eruchsha, the complainant did not know whether any jewellery was missing. Witness however denied the suggestion that as a matter of fact the ornaments were never missing and the loss of the ornaments had been introduced simply t soupply a motive for the murder.

The defence counsel then put questions to the witness as regards the arrest of the first accused. He admitted that accused came of his own accord to the police station on September 20 at 10 a.m. Witness ordered his arrest and as he received a telephone call he went out to attend to some other work. He returned to the police station at 11-30 a.m. and conducted a search of the person of the accused in presesce of a panch.

The defence Counsel read the panchnama in regard to the search of the accused which showed that the search was carried out only in the evening at 7-30 p.m.

CORRECTED HIMSELF.

Witness then corrected himself by saying "On refreshing my memory I say that the search was taken only at 7-30 p.m.

Judge: Before you refreshed your memory you thought that you searched the accused at 11-30 a.m.?

Witness: Yes.

Judge: Would it be rather extraordinary and unusual to search a man arrested at 10 a.m. in the evening at 7-30?

Witness: It was the second day of the murder and I was constantly moving.

Judge: I am asking you whether such a thing would not be unusual?

Witness: It would be an unusual thing.

Judge: Possibly that was why you thought you searched him at 11.30 a.m.?

Witness: Yes.

Counsel: Directly you arrest a person you have to search his person and make a panchnama?—That formality has got to be performed.

Judge: Is it your duty that as soon as a man is arrested to call a panch and search his person.

Witness replied in the affirmative and said the search was carried out specially to see if the arrested person carried any dangerous weapon.

Counsel: You did not search the accused till evening?—No.

The case stands adjourned to Friday.

## TIME TO BUY RUBBER

### Higher Prices For Cotton

Bombay, Feb. 8.

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 7th inst. (6-51 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson.:—

"Owing to greater success of American inflationary measures and likelihood of definite crop control future of prices certainly bullish; would buy an any fair setback. Rubber—Dutch Colonial Minister will be here an the 9th, th's angurs advance in restriction negotiations; we would buy naw

October/Decembtr 5 7/32 5 9/32.
Janhary/March 5 5/16 5 3/8.
Copper £33 17s 6d."

# Heavy Selling Well Absorbed In Cotton

## TRADE PERSISTENT BUYER ON ALL DECLINES

## Market Shows Good Rallying Power

## EXTENSIVE LONG INTEREST

Bombay, Feb. 8.

On Wednesday the New York cotton fLutures market opened at about the highest level of the day at a rise of 20 points with May Delivery quoted 12.17. There was a large foreign buying and the demand was supplied by long liquidation. As soon as the demand was satisfied the market developed weak tone on increased profit taking and prices collapsed 30 points from the opening level. Later on prices again improved on trade buying and short covering and the market closed at a net rise of 5 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices were raised by 10 points to 12.25c.

The market is under the influence of the Bankhead Bill and it is generally believed that prices will be pushed hp. However there exists considerable long interest in the market which may result in erratic violent fluctuations. Thus it will be safe to buy only on good declines, as to some extant. the market has discounted the prospective situaation. The rise must be followed only with caution.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market also ruled steady and closed at a rise of 3 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices clased at a rise of 7 points at 12 Cents.

ACREAGE RESTRICTION.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co. State:—

The approval of the Bankhead Ginning Control Bill by the Senate Agricultural Committee and the probability of a tax of 12 cents per lb. on cotton ginned over the quotas caused heavy foreign buying which was, however. ocset by realising due to uncertain French political affairs.

The spot cotton situation continues very tight and it is reported merchants are finding it difficult to fulfill their earlier commitments.

For the moment the general sentiment continues bullish and prices may still be carried somewhat higher but in view of the unsettled situation in France and absence of any indication of the French gold policy it is doubtful whether any strong upward movement can be sustained.

Although we look for higher prices later in the season, pending the actual passing of the Bankhead Bill and definite news regarding acreage restriction, we prefer to confine ourselves to taking profit in all strong markets with a view to replacing on good setbacks especially in view of the fact that according to reports from Washington a Bill is being formulated for the regulation of speculation and its reception by Wall Street circles and the public will likely be a very uncertain and possibly unsettling factor.

The Liverpool cotton futures market was due to open at a rise of 4 points on Wednesday but the market opened strong at a rise of 14 to 16 points on general buying which met with profit-taking and local selling on higher Exchange. Later on the market was rather indifferent. Operators were short towards the close due to local covering. The market closed at a net rise of 10 to 8 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed at a rise of 14 points to 6.65d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian Cotton futures market was steady with a good enquiry and closed at a rise 8 to 3 points. March 5.07, May 5.07 and July 5.11.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market ruled firm with a large enquiry for Sakels on higher Alexandria advices. Sakels futures closed at a rise of 15 to 13 points with spot cotton prices 25 points up at 9.29. Uppers futures closed 5 to 8 points and spot cotton prices advanced 14 points to 7.26d. per lb.

A Liverpool firm writes:—

SOUTH FIRM.

"What is, however, of more particular interest to the cotton trade is the report of Washington that cash payments to all classes of farmers so far amount to dol. 250,000,000 and that the A.A.A. is committed to pay them more than dol. 1,250,000,000 by February 1935 in consideration for acreage reduction. This, of course, applies to farmers of all crops and not only cotton, but it explains the strength of the basis in the South which is continually advancing. The farmer is, in fact, in a stronger financial position than he has ever been in before, instead of being hopelessly in debt as he was a year ago."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest 12.17 plus 20 (10 a.m.)

Lowest 11.87 —10 (1-50 p.m)

Liverpool May highest 6.39 (19-45 a.m.)

Lowest 6.25 (3-45 p.m.)

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

Recommend buying near months. Bullish advices from New York regarding prospects of Bankhead Bill.

Another of their Liverpool friends cabled:—

Favourable developments crop restriction causing heavy buying, looks higher. Alexandria cables twenty tallaris Sakel expected soon.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market firm with an active demand. "Bulls" are operating for an advance. There is no disposition to sell short. Prevailing opinion is that the market will not give way much at present.

Liverpool: New York cables, cotton heavy Continental and speculative buying. Cloths active with upward tendency. Senate reported favourable on Bankhead Bill. Thought likely to pass.

Liverpool: Favourable developments crop restriction causing heavy buying. Looks higher. Alexandria cables, twenty tallaries Sakel expected soon.

Liverpool: Market declined in the late trading owing to straddlers are reversing straddles by selling here and buying in New York.

Liverpool: Broader speculative buying on Bankhead Bill possibilities.

New York: Market reacted under profit taking and stop loss selling. Trade bought on decline.

New York:: French political situation only temporary. Prospects more favourable control production. With continued strength of spots think higher prices likely. Spinners well said ahead, and may buy freely at any time.

New York: Steady buying by trade on any reaction. Contracts held in strong hands. Radical reduction in new crop is almost certain. Looks as if the market would do better.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cable:—

New York:—Realising well absorbed. indications seem to favour a continuation of advance.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool:—

All commodities, think present prices high enough.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Feb. 7.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mareh 1934 .. .. .. | 11.90+07 |
| May 1934 .. .. .. | 12.03+06 |
| July 1934 .. .. .. | 12.20+05 |
| October 1934 .. .. | 12.41+06 |
| December 1934 .. .. | 12.56+10 |
| January .. .. .. | 12.61+12 |
| Spot .. .. .. .. | 12.25+10 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Feb. 7.

| | |
|---|---|
| March 1934 .. .. .. | 11.85+07 |
| May 1934 .. .. .. | 11.99+03 |
| Spot .. .. .. .. | 12.00+07 |

NEW YORK.

New York Feb. 7

| | |
|---|---|
| New York 10 55 a.m.— | |
| March .. .. .. | 11.90 |
| May .. .. .. | 12.05 |
| July .. .. .. | 12.21 |
| New York Noon Call— | |
| March .. .. .. | 11.90 |
| May .. .. .. | 12.06 |
| July .. .. .. | 12.22 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Feb. 7.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports .. .. .. | 6,000 |
| Day's exports to Great Britain .. .. .. | 1,000 |
| Day's exports to the Continent .. .. .. | 10,000 |

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 7.

| | |
|---|---|
| SAKELLARIDIS :— | |
| March 1934 .. .. .. | 8.99 |
| May 1934 .. .. .. | 8.96 |
| July 1934 .. .. .. | 8.94 |
| October 1934 .. .. | 8.74 |
| November 1934 .. .. | 8.75 |
| December .. .. | 8.79 |
| F. G. F. Spot .. .. | 9.23 |

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Feb. 7

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 10,

## ALEXANDRIA COTTON

**Alexandria Feb. 8.**

**The Alexandria cotton futures market opened to-day at a decline of 23 points.**

## HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Feb. 7.

Broach A-May Op. 212 1/4; Highest 216 1/4; Lowest 212; Closing 215.

Broach J-Aug. Op. 219; Highest 222 3/4; Lowest 218 3/4; Closing 221 3/4.

Oomra March Op. 188 1/4; Highest 189 1/2; Lowest 188 1/4; Closing 189 1/2

Oomra May Op. 189 1/2; Highest 191; Lowest 189 1/2; Closing 191.

Bengal March Op. 147; Highest 147 1/2; Lowest 147; Closing 147 1/2.

Bengal May Op. 150 3/4; Highest 150 3/4; Lowest 150 3/4; Closing 150 3/4.

## INDIAN COTTON PARITY

**Straddle Differences**

New York—Liverpool:—March 74 May 57 July 38.

Bombay—Liverpool:—Broach A-May 214— Liverpool May 6.30 Rs. 60 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—Broach A-May 214— New York May 12.03 Rs. 54 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.98 3/4.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Feb. 7.

| | 10-10 a.m quotations. | To-day's Price. |
|---|---|---|
| February 1934 .. | | 6.32+10 |
| March 1934 .. .. | 6.39 | 6.32+10 |
| April 1934 .. .. | | 6.31+10 |
| May 1934 .. .. | 6.36 | 6.30+10 |
| June 1934 .. .. | | 6.29+10 |
| July 1934 .. .. | | 6.29+10 |
| August 1934 .. | | 6.28+09 |
| September 1934 .. | | 6.27+09 |
| October 1934 .. | | 6.27+09 |
| November 1934 .. | | 6.28+09 |
| December 1934 .. | | 6.29+09 |
| January 1935 .. | | 6.28+08 |
| March 1935 .. | | 6.30+08 |
| May 1935 .. | | 6.32+08 |
| Middling Spot .. | | 6.65+14 |

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 7.

| | |
|---|---|
| BROACH :— | |
| Fully Good (Good Staple) .. | 4.88 |
| Fine (Good Staple) .. | 5.93 |
| Superfine (Good Staple) .. | 5.18 |
| OOMRA :— | |
| Good (No. 1 Staple) .. | 5.06 |
| Fine (No. 1 Staple).. .. | 5.21 |
| Choice (No. 1 Staple) .. | 5.36 |
| BENGAL :— | |
| Good .. .. .. | 4.17 |
| Fine .. .. .. .. | 4.27 |
| Superfine .. .. .. | 4.37 |
| SCINDE :— | |
| Good .. .. .. | 4.27 |
| Fine .. .. .. .. | 4.37 |
| Superfine .. .. .. | 4.47 |

SEEDS.

London, Feb. 7.

Cottonseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, no offers.

Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, Feb./Mar. sellers £10-0-0.

Rapeseed Toria, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, Feb./Mar. sellers £9-7-6.

LINSEED

London Feb. 7.

Linseed Calcutta, (London) per ton, Feb./Mar. sellers £11-7-6.

Linseed La Plata, c.i.f. Hull per ton, Feb./Mar. sellers £9-8-9.

Linseed Bombay, (London) per ton, Feb./Mar. sellers £11-11-3.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Feb. 7

Smoked sheet standard ribbed lb., sellers 4-31/32

LINSEED OILS.

London, Feb. 7

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt., Feb. sellers 18/0.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt., May/Aug. sellers 18/9

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Feb 7.

| | |
|---|---|
| T. T. London on — | |
| Berlin .. .. .. | 13.11-1/2 |
| Amsterdam .. .. | 7.70 |
| Brussels .. .. .. | 22.26 |
| Madrid .. .. .. | 38.43 |
| Milan .. .. .. | 59.00 |
| Berne .. .. .. | 16.00 |
| Paris .. .. .. | 78.75 |
| Prague .. .. .. | 104.75 |
| London on New York .. | 5.06-3/4 |

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Feb. 7.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe, Parcels, Feb./Mar. buyers 18/9

Wheat, Barietta Russo, Parcels, Feb./Mar. sellers 19

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels, Feb sellers 21/9.

LONDON SILVER.

London, Feb. 7.

Silver.—Market is Steady.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot .. .. .. | 19-11/16 |
| Forward .. .. .. | 19-8/4 |

## NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Feb. 7.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot Silver | 44 1/2+.3/8c. |
| March | 44.75+.25 |
| May | 45.25+.25 |

Tone:—Steady.

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 8.

In sympathy with a rise of 6 points in New York futures, the local market opened at Rs. 213/8 for Broach A-M. delivery and declined to Rs. 213. At this level there was short covering and some buying which pushed up prices to Rs. 215. There was renewed liquidation and with offices selling Broach J-A. delivery prices ruled easy.

Liverpool market was due to open at unchanged prices but it opened quiet at a loss of one point and later on was reported 3 points lower. The local market ruled quiet with scattered selling and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A-M. 213
Broach J-A. 219/8
Oomra March 188
Oomra May 189/4
Bengal March 145/4
Bengal May 148/8

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, Feb. 8.

| | Extra Spr-fine | Sup Fi | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MG Bengal UP | 158 | 155 | 152 | 148 |
| MG Punjab | 158 | 155 | 152 | 148 |
| MG Rajputana | 158 | 155 | 152 | 148 |
| MG Oomra No 3 | 194 | 191 | 189 | 186 |
| MG CP No 1 | 206 | 204 | 202 | 109 |
| MGCP No 2 | 200 | 197 | 195 | 19 |

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Feb. 8

300 Breul & Co Broach Ord 200
100 Herji Bharmal Barwaha 189 3/4
200 Nanalal Manilal Bantva 23 off
300 Do. Partur 4 off
105 Bombay Co. Amraoti 191
33 Shapurji Bharooch Jaipur Kacho 140
99 Bombay & Co. Ranala 189 1/2
100 Kotak & Co. Khandwa 191
200 Breul & Co. Jalgaon 183 1/2
300 Kotak & Co. Akot 191
69 Do. Jalna 183

READY COTTON QUATATIONS.

Bombay, Feb. 8.

| | Old | New |
|---|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | | 161 |
| Bengal Fine | | 158 |
| Bengal FG | | 154 |
| Sindh-Punjab Fine | | 158 |
| Sindh-Punjab FG | | 154 |
| Wardha-Hingt Fine | 189 | 207 |

HOLIDAYS IN SHARE BAZAR.

Bombay, Feb. 8.

The Share Bazar will remain closed on Saturday the 10th inst. for Settlement and on Monday the 12th inst. being a Bank Holiday.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Nagpur Savner Fine | 189 | 207 |
| Yeotmal Fine | 186 | 198 |
| Arvi Fine | 186 | 198 |
| Ellichpur Fine | 186 | 198 |
| Amraoti-Berar Fine | 186 | 192 |
| Khamgaon Fine | 186 | 192 |
| Mulkapur Fine | 182 | 187 |
| Khandesh Fine | 179 | 185 |
| Jalna, Sallu Fine | 182 | 185 |
| Burwah Sanavad Fine | 186 | 192 |
| Broach Fine | 201 | 222/26 |
| Punjab/American | | 229 |
| Punjab-American mix | | 220 |
| Cambodia | 269 | |
| Miraj/Sangli | 184 | |
| Compta Good | | 194 |
| Kampala | 334/44 | |
| Manza | | 324 |

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Feb. 8.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September

In full pressed Bales.

| | Yesterday | This year |
|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | 3,469 | 158,838 |
| Central India | 2,161 | 106.256 |
| Barsi & Nagar | 1,592 | 97.681 |
| Hyderabad-Gaorano | 342 | 28,643 |
| Berar | 4,901 | 201,371 |
| Central Provinces | 1,776 | 48,434 |
| Total Comras | 14.241 | 641,223 |
| Dhollera | 968 | 10,764 |
| N.-W. Provinces | | 5,896 |
| Rajputana | 70 | 17,742 |
| Sind-Punjab | 1,821 | 86,752 |
| Broach | 4,767 | 51,244 |
| Coompta & Dharwar | 7 | 9,214 |
| Westerns-Northerns | 83 | 3.790 |
| Cocoanada | | |
| Tinnevelly & Cambodia | | 5,979 |
| Persian | | 645 |
| American | | 18,847 |
| Egyptian & African | 1,198 | 52,375 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | | 24 |
| Total | 23,160 | 904,495 |

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Feb. 8.

1st Sept to 1st February

In full pressed Bales.

| | Yesterday | This year |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 1.628 | 177,669 |
| Japan & China | 3,450 | 145,238 |
| Coast Ports | | 8,291 |
| Up-country by Rail | | 51,785 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan | | 23,825 |
| Total | 5,078 | 406,808 |

BOMBAY SUGAR.

Bombay, Feb. 8

Ready Java Rs. 14/1, S. S. Himalaya Rs. 4/3 January Rs. 4/4/3, F/March Rs. 4/4/3. A/May Rs. 4/3/6.

LIVERPOOL & CHICAGO WHEAT.

Liverpool, Feb. 7.

Liverpool March 51 1/8d., May 52 3/8d. and July 54d.

Chicago May dol. 0.90 5/8, July dol. 0.89 1/2 and September dol. 0.90 1/2.

NEW YORK SUGAR.

New York, Feb. 7.

May 1.65+01, July 1.69+02, September 1.73+03, D cember 1.77+03.

## MONEY MARKET

**Exchange Quotations**

Bombay, Feb. 8.

B. C. Rate T T & D D 1/6 March.

LONDON.—
Banks selling T T & D D 1/6 1/16 Feb.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 to April-May.
Banks selling T T 1/6 June.
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8
Banks buying D D 1/6 1/8.
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/16 Feb. Mar.
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 5/32 April-May.

NEW YORK.—
B. C. Rate T T 269
Banks selling T T 267
Banks buying T T 264 1/2

PARIS.—
Banks selling D D 590
Banks buying D D 600

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 57

JAPAN.—
Banks selling T T 79 1/2
Banks buying 60 Days 78 1/4

HONGKONG.—
Banks selling D D 101 1/2

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 91 3/4

SINGAPORE.—
Banks selling D D 157

JAVA.—
Banks sleling D D 56 3/4

BERLIN.—
Banks selling D D 97 3/4

CROSS RATE.—
New York/London 4.99 7th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/4 5/16 8th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 5/16 8th inst.
London/Paris 79.00 7th inst.
London/Belgium 22.30 7th inst.
London/Switzerland 16.03 7th inst.
London/Italy 59.25 7th inst.
London/Berlin 13.13 7th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 7th inst.
London/New York 5.01 7th inst.
Amsterdam/London 7.70 7th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Very Steady.
Gold £6-19-3 6th inst. £6-16-6 7th inst.
Silver London Ready 19 9/16 6th inst. 19 11/16 7th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 5/8 6th inst 19 3/4 7th inst.
Silver New York Ready 44 3/8 6th inst. 44 5/8 7th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 1 1/16 p.c. 6th inst. 1 1/16 p.c. 7th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos 1 1/8 p.c. 6th inst 1 1/8 p.c. 7th inst.
B. C. Rate T T & D D 1/6 15th March.
Banks selling D D 56 3/4

Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 p.c.
Banks of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 1 1/2 p.c.
3 Mos 1 3/4 p.c.
6 Mos 2 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.

GOLD.

London, Feb. 7.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £6-16-6.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 1 per cent. to 1-1/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 1-1/8 per cent. to 1-1/8 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 0-3/4 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' market Loan 0-3/4 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Feb. 7.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Chartered Bank of I. A. and China .. .. .. | 15-7/8 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) .. .. | 137 |
| P. & O. Banking Corporation. | 10-5/8 |
| National Bank of India .. | 47-1/2 |
| Funding Loan 4 per cent. .. | 112-1/8 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961 .. .. .. | 102-3/8 |
| Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent. .. | 63 |
| Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later .. .. .. | 75-3/4 |
| Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later .. .. | 88 |
| Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55 .. .. .. | 108-1/4 |
| Consols 2-1/2 per cent. .. | 75-7/8 |
| War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952 .. .. .. .. | 101-7/8 |
| Victory Bonds 4 per cent. .. | 111 |

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

London, Feb. 7

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta:—

C & F Calcutta, Feb./Apl. per cwt., nominal 6/9.

C & F Bombay, Feb./Apl. per cwt. sellers 6/6.

C & F Karachi, Feb./Apl. per cwt., sellers 6/6.

## BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

## Scattered General Liquidation

## LESS DISPOSITION TO OPERATE

Bombay, Feb. 8.

The local share Bazar ruled easy on scattered long liquidation. There was a marked absence of any important buying and prices closed at a small decline. In view of disturbing political advices from France there was less disposition to buy and the market displayed quiet undertone. The general opinion is divided and until the European political situation takes a definite turn, the market is expected to fluctuate irregularly without any definite price tendency.

Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 755/. Nagpores eased to 232/8 and Swadeshis to 152/8. Fazuls came to business at Rs. 12/. Andhras opened at Rs. 1347/8 and closed at 1340/. Powers finished at Rs. 928/12, Cements ruled slightly easy. Bundis closed at Rs. 26/8. Punjabs closed at Rs. 16/9. Katnis were done at Rs. 276/14 at the close. Alcocks declined to Rs. 183/12. Bombay Burmas were steady at Rs. 403/12. New Indias came to business at Rs. 26/. Tata Steel ordys declined to Rs. 52/2 and deferreds to Hs. 199/6 at the close. C. P. Railways improved to Rs. 80/ and Paroda Banks were in demand at Rs. 90/8.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Feb. 8.

Bombay Dyeing 753; 755
Century 195; 196. 192; 194
Central India 236; 232
Colaba 71
Crescent 7 a
Fazal 10
Kohinoor 128/2
New Great 118. 116/14
Pearl 3
Simplex 73; 75
Swadeshi 253; 52
Bundi 26/8; 26/4; 26/8
Indian Cement 293; 292
Tata Steel Dfd. 201; 199
Tata Steel Ord. 52/6; 51/14; 52/2
Bombay Steamer 267
B. Burma 404; 401; 403
Tata Hydro 144/1; 143
Andhra 1346; 1338; 1340
Tram Ord. 139/6

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, Feb. 8.

| | Rs. as. |
|---|---|
| 100 Ahm. Advance .. | 273 12 |
| 500 Bom. Cotton .. | 20 0 |
| 250 Bombay Dyeing .. | 755 0 |
| 250 Bradbury .. .. | 90 0 |
| 100 Century .. .. | 194 0 |
| 100 Central India .. | 232 0 |
| 100 Colaba .. .. | 71 0 |
| 100 Coorla .. .. | 62 8 |
| 100 Crescent .. .. | 7 4 |
| 250 Currim .. .. | 6 4 |
| 250 David .. .. | 60 0 |
| 250 Dawn .. .. | N 395 0 |
| 1 E. D. Sassoon .. | 0-2-3 |
| 100 Elphinstone .. .. | 2 0 |
| 250 Fazal .. .. .. | 12 0 |
| 100 Finlay.. .. .. | 68 8 |
| 1000 Framji Petit .. | 95 0 |
| 100 Gokak.. .. .. | 105 10 |
| 1000 Hindustan .. .. | 1,640 0 |
| 100 Indore .. .. | 106 0 |
| 50 Kastoorchand .. | 0 12 |
| 100 Khatau .. .. | 55 8 |
| 100 Kohinoor .. .. | 128 2 |
| 250 Laxmi .. .. .. | 750 0 |
| 100 Madhowji .. .. | 4 0 |
| 250 Madras United .. | 65 0 |
| 1000 Morarji .. .. | 397 8 |
| 250 Model .. .. | 50 0 |
| 50 Mysore .. .. | 90 0 |
| 200 New Great .. .. | 116 14 |
| 100 Oosmanshani .. | N 58 0 |
| 250 Pabani .. .. | 3 8 |
| 250 Pearl .. .. .. | 3 0 |
| 100 Phoenix .. .. | 248 12 |
| 25 Sassoon Silk .. .. | 30 0 |
| 1000 Sholapur .. .. | 2.977 8 |
| 50 Simplex .. .. | 75 10 |
| 100 Swadeshi .. .. | 152 8 |
| 100 Swan .. .. .. | N 35 0 |
| 25 Tata .. .. .. | N 20 0 |
| 500 Vishnu .. .. | 1,430 0 |
| 1000 Western .. .. | 731 4 |

BANKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 50-100 Baroda .. .. | 90 8 |
| 25-50 Central .. .. | 24 0 |
| 500 Imperial .. .. | 1,240 8 |
| 125-500 Imp. Contry. N. .. | 307 0 |
| 50-100 India .. .. | 103 4 |
| 5 Union .. .. | 4.8-6 |

CEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 Bundi .. .. .. | 26 8 |
| 70 Gwalior .. .. | 77 2 |
| 250 Indian .. .. | 293, 92 0 |
| 40 Katni Def. .. .. | 1095 0 |
| 100 Katni Ord. .. .. | 276 14 |
| 75 Okha .. .. .. | 153 12 |
| 100 Punjab .. .. | 16 0 |
| 100 Shahabad .. .. | 285 2 |
| 70 United .. .. .. | 62 4 |

INSURANCE.

| | |
|---|---|
| 15-100 Jujiter .. .. | 12 0 |
| 15-75 New India .. | 25 14 |
| 200 Oriental .. .. | 3530 0 |
| 10-100 Vulcan .. .. | 6 14 |

ELECTRIC.

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Ahmedabad Old .. | 141 4 |
| 1000 Andhra Valley .. | 1340 0 |
| 10 Ajmer .. .. | 7 14 |
| 50 Bombay Tram. .. | 139 6 |
| 100 Bom. Suburban .. | 130 0 |
| 10 Broach .. .. | 10 2 |
| 100 Karachi .. .. | 191 4 |
| 100 Poona .. .. | 187 8 |
| 100 Surat .. .. .. | 167 8 |
| 100 Tata Hydro .. .. | 143 14 |
| 1000 Tata Power .. | 928 12 |

RAILWAYS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 500 Ahm. Prantij.. .. | 783 12 |
| 100 Amr. Patty .. .. | 113 12 |
| 100 C. Province .. .. | 78 4 |
| 100 Dhon. Baramati .. | 83 |
| 100 Gujarat .. .. | 62 |
| 100 Mandra Bhon .. | 78 8 |
| 100 Pachora-Jamner .. | 77 8 |
| 100 Sara Sirajgung .. | xd 79 8 |
| 500 Tapty Valley.. .. | 728 12 |

MININGS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 Shivrajpur .. .. | 14 12 |
| 30 Tata Steel Def. .. | 199 0 |
| 75 Tata Steel Ordy. .. | 52 2 |

MISCELLANEOUS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Alcock .. .. | 183 0 |
| 10 Belapur Sugar .. | 167 0 |
| 100 Bombay Steam .. | 267 0 |
| 100 Bom. Burma .. | 403 0 |
| 50 Bom. Burma Contry .. | 140 0 |
| 34 Br. Petrol .. .. | 2-9-6 |
| 50 Bombay Telephone .. | 86 0 |
| 100 Ind. Bleaching .. | 133 12 |
| 100 Ind. Radio def. .. | 492 8 |
| 100 Ind. Radio Ord. .. | N 455 0 |
| 1000 Port Canning.. .. | 551 4 |
| 15 Scindia .. .. | 10 0 |
| 30 Tata Construction .. | 56 8 |
| 25 Tata Oil .. .. | 16 8 |

PREF. SHARES.

| | |
|---|---|
| 7 p.c. Andhra Vly. .. | 1,220 0 |
| 6 p.c. Bom. Steam .. | 270 10 |
| 7 p.c. Bom. Trams. (T-F) .. | 79 4 |
| 5 p.c. Cen. India (TF) .. | 460 0 |
| 7 p.c. Katni 1st .. .. | 123 12 |
| 7 p.c. Katni 2nd [T. F.] .. | xd 131 8 |
| 7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement | 13 12 |
| 7 p.c. Tata Hydro .. | 126 4 |
| 7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power .. | 1,240 0 |
| 6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st N | 160 0 |
| 7-1/2 p.c, Tata Steel 2nd [b] | 115 4 |
| 5-1/2 p.c. Tata Mill [c] .. | 17 4 |
| 7 p.c. Vishnu .. .. | 635 0 |

## GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Feb. 8.

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS

| | |
|---|---|
| 3½ p.c. G P N Sett. | 85/5/0 |
| 3½ p.c. G P N Cash | 85/5/6 |
| 4 p.c. 1960/70 Sett. | 100/0 |
| 4 p.c. 1960-70 Cash | 100/1 |
| 5 p.c. 1945/55 Sett. | 114/7 |
| 5 p.c. 1945/55 Sett. | 114/7 |

TAXFREES

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 p.c. 1953/63 Mysore | 100/5 |
| 5 p.c. 1955 Mysore | 113/8 |
| 5½ p.c. 1933 Mysore | 109/4 |
| 6½ p.c. 1935 B D L | 106/1/0 |

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

| | |
|---|---|
| 3½ p.c. 1947/50 Cash | 95/11 |
| 4 p.c. 1934/37 Cash | 100/12 |
| 4 p.c. 1943 Cash | 102/3 |
| 4½ p c 1934 Cash | 101-2-0 |
| 4½ pc 1955/60 d | 106-8 |
| 5 p.c. 1939/44 Cash | 106/14 |
| 5 p.c. 1940/43 Cash | 107/2 |
| 5 p c 1935 Cash | 103-10 |
| 5½ p.c. 1938/40 Cash | 107/14 |
| 6½ p.c. 1934 T B | 105/11 |

CORPORATION LOAN (TAXABLES.)

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 pc. B P T 1974 | 95//4 |
| 4 p.c. M Deb 1974 | 95 |
| 5 p.c. M. Deb. 1959 | 106 |
| 6p.c. M Deb. 1954 | 118/8 |
| 6 p.c. K P T 1956 | 118/8 |
| 6½ p.c. B I T 1937 | 108/0 |

Note:—3½ per cent. Paper opened at Rs. 85/8 improved to Rs. 85/6/9 but later ruled quiet.

## NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE

**Southern Delivery To Remain**

Bombay, Feb. 8.

It is reliably understood that Southern delivery against New York Cotton Contract will remain in force till the end of the present year.

## SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, Feb. 8.

T. T. on London.—

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing | 1/4 5/16 |
| To-day's Opening | 1.4 5/16 |
| To-day's Closing | 1.4 5/16 |

## GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Feb. 8.

The local Silver market ruled quiet with a limited business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Shanghai closing advices were unchanged. The Gold market ruled quite but steady. Prices opened at Rs. 34/2 and declined to Rs. 34 but later under scattered covering improved to Rs. 34/2. The undertone of the market was quiet.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready Silver ..... | 56 2 0 |
| March Settlement ..... | 58 6 0 |
| Ready Gold ..... | 34 1 0 |
| March Settlement ..... | 34 1 0 |

LONDON METALS.

London, Feb. 7.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Copper Braziers .. .. | 45-1/4 |
| Yellow Metal .. .. .. | 37-1/2 |
| Spelter Hard Indian Brands .. | 14-7/8 |
| Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge .. | 16 |
| Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F. O. B. .. .. .. | 227-1/8 |

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BOMBAY FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1934

## Orgy Of Rioting In Paris Streets

### Mob Attacks Senator Rolland

Govt. Decrees All Theatres Should Be Closed As Sign Of National Mourning

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, February 7.

**The ex-president M. Doumergue's decision was followed by strong representations by M. Lebrun whose request was backed up by the senators and deputies of the municipal councillors.**

**Mounted guards cleared the Place de la Concorde and troops have taken up position outside the Ministry of Marine. Ex-servicemen and Jeunesse Patriotes have been advised by leaders not to demonstrate to-night.**

**The demonstrators attacked Senator Rolland in the Rue Royale and partly tore off his clothes, because he defended Government's action ordering the guards and mobiles to shoot last night. The Senator boarded a bus but had to be escorted to safety in a restaurant.**

**THEATRES CLOSED.**

**Government decided to close all all State theatres to-night as a sign of national mourning. After arresting M. Maurras the police visited the house of M. Leon Daudet, his co-director with the object of arresting him. M. Daudet opened the door on the chain and discovered he had no warrant, upon which he suggested the police had better go away and slammed the door in their faces.**

**Three municipal guards who were reported missing and it was feared thrown in the Seine have been found in the hospital among the injured.**

A fashionable restaurant presented a curious spectacle, one part reeking of disinfectants was improvised as a dressing station, while the rest was filled with well-dressed diners, leisurely finishing their meals. It is learned the editor, M. Maurras has not been arrested, though the police visited his house and that of his co-Director, M. Leon Daudet.

**Violence Of Rioting.**

The condition of some main streets reflects the violence of the rioting. Nineteen kiosks were wrecked and are burning, every gas-lamp at Rue Tronchet smashed, and countless main pipes and street-refuge lamps are broken with the gas burning like London fog-flares. Walking in boulevard des Capucines a Reuter's correspondent saw a communist shot in the stomach and crumple up on the pavement, while two others fired at the police.

The city suffered from the evening's alarms excursions but the situation was never uncontrollable and there were no fatalities, though considerable number of injuries were caused when the massed bodies of steel-helmeted police with baton charged the immense throngs of demonstrators on the Place de la Concorde, the Madeleine Square and elsewhere.

The hooting and jeering crowds hurled missiles at the police, wrecked the street lamps, smashed the shop-windows, and lit bon-fires at different points of the boulevards. At 10-30 p.m. the Champs Elysees was quiet and the Place de la Concorde, where a thousand police were stationed, comparatively so.

**At Nightfall**

At nightfall the crowds on the Place de la Concorde became more dangerous, vowing vengeance for last night. They were frequently charged by the Republican Guard, two of whom were already seriously wounded. Many more rioters were injured.

The Municipal Senators, Deputies and Councillors of the Seine have issued a declaration which is being posted on the walls of Paris. It reads: "On the morrow of the terrible day of 6th February we informed the President that the resignation of M. Daladier Ministry was necessary and that the National Government of Public Safety should be formed immediately, whose first duty should be to punish the guilty and repair the injustice."

The Government has decreed national mourning and all state theatres are closed.

The processions are moving up and down the grand boulevards singing the la Marcillaise, but until 7 p.m. no serious incident occurred. The prefect of Police has decided to equip the police with steel helmets instead of the customary peaked caps.

**General Strike**

The General Confederation of Labour has declared a 24-hour general strike on February 12 "against the menace of Fascism and to defend public liberty."

**More Rioting**

The Superintendent of the Municipal police was badly wounded in the Madelione Square at midnight and rushed to the hospital. Besides many civilians and ten policemen were reported to have been wounded in the latest disturbances, while hundreds were arrested. There was some firing in the big boulevards towards midnight, but all was quiet by 1 a.m.

**Communists Arrested**

Ten Communists attempting to dig a trench at Jardins des Tuileries used revolvers against police who arrested them. Meanwhile numerous private cars containing women in evening dress were driving slowly round, watching.

Further trouble is likely on account of an anti-Fascist meeting called at Bastille at 7 p.m. today which will be attended by the joint Socialists Confederation of Labour and the Communists.

The Socialists appealed to the Federation of Labour to advance the general strike from February 12 to to-day, but the consent is doubtful, if only because there is no time to organise.

## MAHARAJA OF DHARBHANGA "HOMELESS"

### Resignation From Council Of State

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8.

"I have received a patheteic letter from the Maharaja of Darbhanga who says that he has himself been rendered homeless," said Sir Manekji Dadabhoy, President of the Council of State, in associating the chair with the expression of sympathy with the people of Bihar.

"Further, in order to devote himself to the task of restoration of the economic life of the people, the Maharaja has resigned his seat in the Council of State," concluded the President.—A.P.

## A STREET SCENE IN PATNA

Patna, too, suffered very considerably as a result of the earthquake. Photo shows a street closed to traffic owing to the debris of fallen buildings still lying uncleared.

## Allegations Of Illtreatment Denied

### Judge Asks Counsel To Put Questions In Plain Language

Sub-Inspector Sorabji Explains Omission Of Keys' Discovery In Panchnama

***A denial of the allegations of ill-treatment levelled against the police by a prosecution witness in the Dadar Parsi Colony murder case was made by Sub-Inspector Sorabjee, the investigating officer, when his examination was resumed before Mr. Justice Blackwell and a special jury at the Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court on Thursday.***

***Sub-Inspector Sorabjee stated that the allegation made by witness Isaac Patole that he was assaulted by the police outside the lock-up was entirely false.***

***He admitted that Patole was sent to the K. E. M. Hospital thrice but this was because he had complained that "the food was not agreeable."***

In this case Henri Zaoba Salve and Shevantibai are charged with the murder of Freni Eruchsha Tarapore and robbery on September 19 last.

**Allegations Denied.**

Advocate-General: Is it true that you ill-treated witness Isaac Patole?

Witness: No.

Q: Is it true that you beat him with sticks, 'chapals,' canes and sticks?

Witness: Nothing of the kind was done.

Q: Patole said in this Court that on one occasion you kicked him, and injured his shin, and for that reason he was taken to the K.E.M. Hospital.

Witness: That is false.

Q: Was he ever sent to the K. E.M. Hospital?

Witness: Yes.

Q: Why?

Witness: Oft and on he was complaining of pain in the stomach.

**Complaint About Food.**

To further questions witness said that Patole was sent to the K.E.M. Hospital on three occasions on September 27, 29 and 30 with a police escort.

Witness explained that Patole was sent to the Hospital because "he complained that the food was not agreeable."

Advocate-General: The same witness says that you gave him the gold chain and a bundle wrapped in a paper containing the jewellery and clothes belonging to Freni.

**Nothing of the Kind.**

Witness: That is a lie. I did nothing of the kind.

Judge: The allegation is that you gave the bundle to Patole in order to make a case against the accused.

Witness: The allegation is untrue.

The Advocate-General then questioned witness in regard to the allegations of ill-treatment, made by Samuel John Paul, another prosecution witness who had turned hostile. The witness emphatically denied the allegations.

**Threats Not Made.**

Q: Did you give him threats or did you ill-treat him in any way?

Witness: No.

Q: Did you threaten his wife?

Witness: No.

Q: Have you any other interest in this case except that you were the Investigating Officer?

Witness: None whatever.

Q: You were merely performing your duty?—Yes.

Q: Did you know any of the witnesses in the case before?—No.

Mr. Chakranarayen, counsel for the first accused then cross-exa-

(Continued on page 10.)

## DACOITS KILLED

### In 3 Hours Pitched Battle With Police

LAHORE, Feb. 8.

A fierce encounter between the police and a gang of dacoits as a result of which three dacoits were shot dead while a fourth was injured, in addition to police casualties is reported from Ferozepur.

It is stated the police were giving a chase to the gang, which was "wanted" in connection with several cases, when the latter took shelter in a village house. The police surrounded the house and both sides opened fire which continued for three hours, as the result of which three dacoits were killed, while the fourth was wounded and captured.—A. P.

## APPEALS DISMISSED

### Death Sentences To Stand

JUBBULPUR, Feb. 8.

The appeals which were filed by Sipiya, Nahadi, Ratnoo and Rajna, 4 Gonds of the Mandla district, who were sentenced to death by Mr. H. G. Gruer, District and Sessions Judge, Jubbulpur, for committing the brutal and cold-blooded murder of Elva, a Forest Guard, who in the execution of his duty was hacked to death by them, have been rejected by a Judicial Bench of the Nagpur High Court, consisting of Justices F. L. Grille and R. E. Pollock.—United Press.

## Arrested On Cheating And Embezzlement Charges

BETUL, (C.P.) Feb. 8.

In connection with certain affairs of the Central Bank, the police of Betul, with the assistance of Mr. Arjun Singh, a C.I.D. Inspector, have after a year's investigation, arrested 6 persons of Betul, namely Messrs. Dinanath Mishra, Seth Bhairon Lal, Bhusan Shukla, Har Shai, Ganga Prasad and Durga Prasad Shukla, under sections 408 I.P.C. (Embezzlement) 420 I.P.C. (Cheating) and 468 and 477 I.P.C.—United Press.

On receiving the news of the death of the Maharaja of Dewas (junior) Srimant Khase Saheb Pawar, Home Member of Gwalior Government and younger brother of the late Maharaja of Dewas (Junior) has left for Dewas to participate in the last rites.—United Press.

## Hold Mass Prayers On Mahashivratri Day

### APPEAL TO "VOUCHSAFE PEACE TO THOUSANDS OF SOULS" OF 'QUAKE VICTIMS, ON MONDAY NEXT

Signatories Include Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya And Jagadguru Sankaracharya Of Puri

GORAKHPUR, Feb. 6.

**"We, the undersigned most fervently appeal to the public at large throughout the world to hold mass or individual prayers, according to their different faiths and creeds, on Monday (12th February) which is Mahashivratri Day, for vouchsafing peace to thousands of souls, who have departed under horrible circumstances in the recent terrible earthquake, without proper obsequies being performed, and averting such further catastrophes, and for the speedy relief and restoration to prosperity of survivors.**

PRAYERS ONLY MEANS OF AVERTING DISASTER.

"Prayers emanating from the heart is the only means, within easy reach of humanity, of averting such unforseen tragedies, and securing all sorts of blessings; and we confidently hope our appeal will elicit hearty response from the public.

"We further appeal that all possible relief may be provided to those who have been rendered homeless and penniless, irrespective of caste, creed, and community, as we think this is the best way of serving God."

SIGNATORIES.

The appeal is signed by (1) Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, (2) Jagadguru Sankaracharya of Puri, (3) Jagadguru Swami Anathacharya, (4) Swami Gyananand Bharatdharma Muhmandal, (5) Anandswaroop Sahebji Maharaj Dayalbagh, (6) T. L. Vaswani, (7) Narayanswami of Arya Sarvadeshik Subha, (8) Dr. Bhagwandas of Benares, (9) Raja Hon. R. B. Ramsharandas, C.I.E., (10) H.H. Aga Khan, (11) Sir Manmohandas Ramji, (12) Mahatma Hansraj, (13) I. J. Taraporewala, (14) N. C. Kelkar, (15) Goswami Ganesh Dutt, (16) Devanayakacharya of Varnashram Swarajya Sangha, (17) L. N. Pangarkar, (18) Jayendroy Durkal, (19) Pramathnath Tarakbushan, (20) Sreeniwasdas Poddar, (21) Rajendra Prasad, (22) Sir Sunder Singh Majithia, (23 Rai Bahadur Ramdeva Chokhani.

## JOINT V SEPARATE ELECTORATE

### Keen Contest At Karachi For Bombay Council Seat

KARACHI, Feb. 8.

Joint versus Separate Electorate is the issue of the bye-election to-day, for a Moslem seat in the Bombay Legislative Council, rendered vacant by the death of Mr. Mir Mahomed Baloch.

Though there are four candidates in the field, the real contest is between Mr. Hatim Alavi, a protagonist of the Joint Electorate and Mr. Hashim Gazdar, a Separate Electorate advocates' candidate.

The election has aroused the keenest liveliness and brisk polling is recorded, more than fifty per cent. of the voters having hitherto exercised their votes.

The chances of success are believed to be equal with a slight margin in favour of Mr. Gazdar.

The counting of votes will take place to-morrow.—A.P.

## CHEAP POWER SPIRIT

### Calcutta Scientist Discovers Unique Process Of Manufacture

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8.

The scientific investigation carried on by Dr. H. K. Sen of the University College of Science, Calcutta, suggests the possibility of the production of cheap power spirit at the cost of four annas per gallon as a result of chemical process wherein the principal ingredient utilised will be water hyacinth plant.

A gas of high colorific value will be released during the process which can be used for lighting purposes while the residuals will provide chemical manures valuable to agriculturists.

Dr. Sen claims that what for many years has been the bane Bengal's artificial and natural waterways will prove a blessing in disguise as a new profitable industry will thus be established in Bengal with the concomitant amelioration of the unemployment problem.—(United Press).

## ENSURING PEACE IN EUROPE

### Baldwin Says Govt. Is Alert In Safeguarding Britain's Interests

LONDON, Feb. 7.

An important statement on disarmament was made by Mr. Baldwin in the House of Commons, winding up the debate on the Conservative private member's motion which was finally talked out, declaring defences of the Empire as inadequate.

Mr. Churchill supporting the motion urged the scrapping of the Treaty of London and strengthening of the Air Force.

Mr. Baldwn said that Government was making the last attempt to deal with tht problem of security in Europe. They would know very shortly whether or not to anticipate success. If they fai'ed it will be their duty to look after the interests of their country first and quickly. "If an armaments agreement was reached it will be the duty of this country to make ourselves as competent as we could up to the limits of arms, because that was what every nation must do in order to make itself a fit partner with other nations, if the sanctions had to be enforced." Mr. Baldwin declared.—Reuter.

## DR. GIDWANI NOT KEEPING WELL

HYDERABAD, (Sind), Feb. 8.

It is learnt that Dr. Choithram P. Gidwani is keeping indifferent health and has been pulled down in the Hyderabad Central Prison since he has placed in class "B". His chronic trouble of Asthama and that of bleeding piles has considerably told upon his health.

It is further understood Mr. C. F. Andrews has cabled from London to the Home Secretary, Bombay Government to reconsider the question of Dr. Choithram's classification. Mr. Andrews, it is learnt, has also taken up Dr. Choithram's case with the authorities in London.—(United Press).

Karachi Feb. 8.—Singapore Air Mail arrived at 7/55 a.m. on Thursday. The outward air mail left at 9-33 a.m. with 8 passengers on Thursday.—A.P.

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